ASK FOR INDO-BALM CURES ALL ACHES & PAINS KARNIK BROS, BOMBAY 4

Regd. No. B 1065 Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXIX NO. 259 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1941 PRICE: ONE ANNA

ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH

"KAMESHWARI"
Restores
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WANTED AGENTS

BERLIN PLAN TO ISOLATE CAUCASUS?

Sweeping Claims In Crimea And Donetz Basin

SOVIET COUNTER-ATTACK ON FINNISH POSITIONS

Nazis Blame "Bad Weather" For Delay In Capture Of Moscow

STOCKHOLM, Oct. 31.

The German armies do not intend to halt at the Donetz but will continue towards the river Don as rapidly as possible with the object of isolating the Caucasus from the rest of Russia, according to the Berlin correspondent of the "Svenska", Berlin.

The Germans seeing precious Caucasus oil within their reach are preparing to throw every ounce of their strength into the battle.

A NEW DUNKIRK?

The occupation of Crimea is proceeding, the correspondent adds.

Kerch is perpetually bombarded. This is for the Russians only port of evacuation and is already being described as a new Dunkirk. The immediate German objective is Astrakhan.

Meanwhile the German mopping up of the Donetz Basin continues. But the Germans do not boast about it, because it will take nearly a year before the Donetz industries can be used.

That is why German command emphasises Russia's losses and not German gains.

Counter-Attacks By Russians

According to the Helsingfors correspondent of the Stockholm's "Tidningen", the Germans were counter-attacked after Russian sallies from Leningrad and are now stated to be only thirty miles from the Finnish front but the Finns, according to this correspondent, are holding a stationary front and not coming to the assistance of the Germans.

Further north, the Russians are heavily counter-attacking Finnish positions.

Two Nazi Regiments Smashed

LONDON, Oct. 31

The Soviet Midday Communique states: "During the night of October 30 our troops fought the enemy in the Volokolamsk, Majaisk, Maloyaroslavetz and Tula directions.

A Soviet cavalry regiment smashed two German regiments, destroying guns and trench mortars on the southern front, according to a supplement to the Midday 'communique.'

A Soviet tank unit wiped out an enemy regiment on the Central front, destroying 16 tanks.

Fourteen German planes on an aerodrome were destroyed by Soviet long-range artillery on the Kalinin front.

A whole garison of 75 men were killed in a successful guerilla raid on a German-occupied town.

Berlin Claim

ENEMY IN FULL FLIGHT IN CRIMEA

BERLIN, Oct. 31.

A German 'communique' claims that the enemy is "in full flight" in the Crimea, pursued by German and Rumanian troops.

In the Donetz Basin, German and Allied troops continued pursuit of the enemy, the 'communique' adds.

BERLIN BLAMES BAD WEATHER!

Why Capture Of Moscow Is Delayed

LONDON:—Berlin is trying to explain the delay in the capture of Moscow as due to bad weather.

A Berlin spokesman said: "The weather god now seems to be either a Russian or a Jew. He has given us plenty of trouble."

Thurst Towards Tula

LONDON, Oct. 31.

The German attack against Moscow is obviously being heavily pressed but no fresh details have reached London from Russian sources it is stated authoritatively to-day. Probably, the most dangerous thrust is that in the direction of Tula, but although the Russians say that the situation is serious, they claim to be holding it.

If the Tula drive continued, it might represent an attempt to get behind Moscow but if this is the intention the German drive would have to change direction.

Rail Traffic In Germany Curtailed

STOCKHOLM:—All rail traffic in Germany, which has already been cut down by 25 per cent is to be reduced by a further 30 per cent from to-morrow according to Berlin despatches reaching Stockholm.

The remaining train services will be used only for official business.

SOVIET ARMY KEPT INTACT

Strategical Withdrawal From Kharkov

KKUJBYSHEV, Oct. 31.

Very little has been gained by the Germans through the capture of Kharkov from the industrial point of view it is learned, writes Reuter's special correspondent.

Its chief importance lies in the fact that it is a centre of communications especially for the products of the Don Basin and its loss complicates the problem of supplies in the south for the Soviets.

The Soviet authorities have already learned by experience during the past months the necessity of removing factory plant from the threatened towns in good time without waiting till the last moment. This was the case with Kharkov.

The battle for Kharkov was desperate during the last few days as the casualty totals show and it was only the throwing in of new divisions during the week-end that enabled the Germans to fight their way into the suburbs through "Dacha" (or summer house resorts), where hundreds of whitewashed cottages stand among copses of poplars and cherry orchards.

TO KEEP ARMY IN TACT

The Soviet Command's final decision to withdraw from the city for strategic reasons means that Marshal Timoshenko, the Soviet Commander in the South, preferred to retain the whole army in good order rather than hold on for reasons of prestige to a city with a population of half a million and many beautiful buildings, which was the Ukraine's capital until 1933, when Kiev resumed the title. The decision not to fight out the battle from street to street with the risk of the city becoming a second Warsaw means that the immense "gosprom", the palace of industry in glass and ferro-con

(Continued on page 7)

Sweeping Nazi Claims

Hitler Going Napoleon's Way In 1812

LONDON, Oct. 31.

Hitler's "last vast offensive before the winter" has now lasted exactly one month writes "Annalist" and although fighting is as bitter as ever in the belt ranging from fifty to hundred miles west, north-west and south-west of Moscow for the last four days, the Germans have not even referred to it in "communiques".

On the other hand they claim further successes in the Crimea and the Donetz Basin. These claims are, however, of a general and sweeping character and it is difficult to assess their value as no places or figures are mentioned.

On the other hand, the Russians again emphasise heavy fighting at Volokolamsk, Majaisk, Maloyaroslavets and in the direction of Tula. The Germans, having destroyed on paper, the Russians armies holding Moscow, cannot now admit the resistance which they are meeting, more vigorous than ever, and, therefore, are waiting either to achieve a breakthrough or announce that, owing to the advent of winter, operations in the neighbourhood will be resumed when more suitable conditions prevail.

WHY NAPOLEON FAILED

A broadcast from the High Command headquarters dealing with the 1812 campaign of Napoleon—hitherto a taboo subject in all German newspapers suggests the possibility that German public opinion is being prepared for this later course. The broadcaster gave a number of reasons which accounted for Napoleon's defeat and sought to prove that it was not the weather which defeated Napoleon but his impetuosity, his lack of organisation, and his declining powers. There were other causes such as hostile populations along the immense lines of communication, British landing at Walcheren, revolt in Tyrol, unending civil war in Spain.

Napoleon, it is argued, found his strength overtaxed from the outset and alienated his people from whom he demanded sacrifices that were too great. If he had relied on genius, he would have postponed the struggle till the spring with some chance of success. But better judgment was overcome by political considerations.

PROBLEMS FOR NAZI

A brief inspection of the various contributing causes, however, suggests that many of the same factors apply to the positions of the German armies to-day although the spokesman insists that they have overcome the problem of transport and have already defeated the Russians decisively. But are German communications less exposed to hostile populations; are subject populations not stirring with a spirit of revolt; are the people of Germany facing the sacrifices that they had been called upon to bear with fortitude and understanding; is Germany's transport impervious to the rigours of a Russian winter; is Hitler quite free from misgivings with regard to a Western Front; and, finally, can he count upon the complete unity of his vassal cohorts?

The broadcast betrays that all these issues are very much in the mind of the German General Staff.—Reuter.

ANOTHER U.S. DESTROYER TORPEDOED

Fate Of 120 Normal Crew, 114 Enlisted Men And Six Officers

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.

The following statement was issued by the Navy:—The Navy Department announces that the United States destroyer Reuben James was sunk by a torpedo during the night of October 30 while convoying in the Atlantic west of Iceland.

The Commanding Officer is Lieutenant Commander H. L. Edwaards of the United States Navy. No further details are available at this time but will be released when received."

The Navy described the vessel as 314 feet long with a beam of 30 feet, displacement 1,190 tons and a normal crew of 120—six officers 114 enlisted men.

There is no immediate word whether there are any survivors. The "Reuben James" is described by the Navy Department as an O-type flushdeck destroyer said to be similar to those traded to Britain.—Reuter.

"REIGN OF LAW ON HIGH SEAS MUST BE ESTABLISHED."

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.

The United States must shoot if necessary to establish "the reign of law on the high seas", said Senator Bailey, Democrat, from North Carolina. He contended that he carrying out of that mission was what was involved in the pending amendments to the Neutrality Act—not a question of whether Britain and her Allies needed additional shipping.—Reuter.

"NO CHANGE IN AMERICAN POLICY."

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.

President Roosevelt said that he saw no possibility of severing diplomatic relations with Germany and thought that there has been no change in American policy as a result of the loss of the "Reuben James" and other recent attacks on American vessels.—Reuter.

THIS CLINCHES ARGUMENT

LONDON, Oct. 31.

Commenting on the sinking of the "Reuben James" Senator White said: "It is simply another demonstration that Hitler is out to attack and sink".

Senator Adams said" once we gave the orders to shoot, it is inevitable that we are going to be shot at: "We ought to be minding our own business and not participating in the war".

Senator Gillette, one of the heading opponents of Government's Foreign Policy said: "America will protest her seamen no matter what mission they are on". Senator Capper said: "This apparently brings us closer to a shooting war".

Senator Gurney said this clinches the argument for wiping out the Neutrality Act".—Reuter.

Br. PROTEST TO TOKIO

Sequel To Hongkong Shooting Incident

HONGKONG, Oct. 31.

The Government of Hongkong and the Canton authorities are protesting to the Japanese authorities against violation of British Sovereignty in an incident which occurred on Wednesday when a Japanese patrol fired from Chinese territory hitting a Chinese farmer in British territory.

The injured farmer was taken to hospital in a critical condition. Government had no official information about the incident on Wednesday but fuller facts are now being ascertained. The Hongkong Government has decided to lodge a formal protest to seek compensation for the victim, who has lost his sight and may possibly die.—Reuter.

Free Fr. Homage To Executed Martyrs

SHANGHAI, Oct. 31.

A Steady stream of people of all walks of life including many poorly clad Russians filed past the war memorial here throughout Friday morning placing wreaths and bouquets at the foot of the memorial as a demonstration of sympathy for the executed French hostages.—Reuter.

Several Killed In Big Blaze

HUDDERSFIELD, Oct. 31.

A number of persons are known to have been killed as the result of a big fire at a wholesale clothing factory in Huddersfield. Three girls are among the victims. It is believed that eight other bodies have been removed from the ruins. Nine injured were taken to hospital.—Reuter.

COMPLETE FORTIFICATION OF FORMOSA

Integral Part Of Japan's Southward Policy, Says Admiral Hasegawa

TOKYO, October 31.

Complete fortification of the Island of Formosa as an integral part of Japan's southwrad policy was advocated by Admiral Kiyoshi Hasegawa addressing the closing session of the Emergency Economic Inquiry Council, states a despatch from Taihoku to the Domei Agency.

"The entire territory of Formosa should be fortified and the Island made self-sufficient and transformed into an immovable aircraft carrier" said the Admiral who urging completion of the Empires' National Defence said that this could be carried out by rushing preparations at militarily strategic points.

Declaring that this was Formosa's mission, he added "Whether Formosa adequately carries out its mission as a base will be told in the history of the coming days."—Reuter.

Hunger-Strike In Ahmedabad

Four Labourers Gassed To Death

AHMEDABAD, October 31.

Two leaders of workers in a local textile mill have commenced a fast at the doors of the mill from today, as a protest against the reported refusal of the Mill authorities to grant dearness allowance to the workers.

Four labourers working in certain mills were gassed to death from poisonous gas in a man-hole which they entered to clean.

It is stated that soon after the men entered the man-hole they became unconscious owing to the presence of poisonous gas. They were immediately brought out by Fire Brigade men, but expired soon.—United Press.

STOP PRESS

Luftwaffe's New Tactics

LONDON, Oct. 31.

Reuter's Air Correspondent writes: Germany has sent into action against Russia the new longrange bomber Dornier 217. Two of her latest fighters—the Fockewulf 187 and 198—are also being introduced. This was disclosed by Moscow Radio to-day, quoting in Russian, from a review of changing Luftwaffe types and tactics in the Red Army newspaper "Red Star".—Reuter.

CEYLON DELEGATES REPORT

Demand For Adoption Of Agreed Conclusions

"Govt. Of India Cannot Object To Provisions Of Amended Inmigration Bill"

DOMICILE OF CHOICE TO SATISFY ENGLISH LAW: FRANCHISE AND OTHER MATTERS, NO LIVE ISSUES!

COLOMBO, October 31.

The report of the Ceylon Delegation to the Board of Ministers on the recent Indo-Ceylon Exploratory Conference is published.

Strongly recommending the adoption of the agreed conclusions reached in the Conference, the Ceylon Delegation says that the immediate consequences of the acceptance of the agreed conclusion by the two Governments would be:

(1) Past controversies regarding franchise and other matters will have been resolved;

(2) Future relations with India will be governed by the agreement;

(3) Existing law relating to franchise can be amended;

(4) Assent to the Immigration Bill amended in accordance with the Joint Report cannot be withheld on the ground that the Government of India objects to its provisions

(5) Assent to internal quota legislation cannot be withheld for the same reason and,

(6) The way is opened for trade negotiations.

Franchise Qualifications

Dealing with the different heads of agreement, the Report points out that the four existing qualifications for franchise are retained namely, domicile of origin, domicile of choice, literacy and property and certificates of permanent settlement.

QUESTION OF DOMICILE

No change is recommended in regard to literacy and property qualifications but with regard to domicile of origin category, provision has been made to allow for registration of persons born in Ceylon of parents, either or both of whom were born in Ceylon. It is to be noted, adds the report, that except for this purpose, a person claiming domicile of origin must discharge to full, proof required by English Law. Domicile of choice can only be established after five years residence to the satisfaction of a Court according to the rules of English Law.

REGISTRATION

As regards registration under permanent settlement qualification, the report draws attention to the substantial changes in the existing law, the main features of which include the following:

The requisite period of residence is increased from five to seven years in the case of married persons and to ten in the case of others; if the requisite period of residence is not completed, prior to the date of the agreement, it must be completed by the expiration of four years thereafter.—A. P.

Ceylon Indian Congress Delegates See Mahatma

WARDHA, Oct. 31.

Messrs. G. R. Motha and H. M. Desai members of the Ceylon Indian Congress presented this afternoon, it is learnt a long memorandum, covering 34 pages, explaining the Ceylon Indian Congress view on the joint report of the Exploratory Conference and discussed with Mahatma Gandhi and Dr. Rajendra Prasad their case.

Mahatma Gandhi, who is studying their view, it is understood, is likely to issue a statement before the Assembly debate.

The Ceylon Deputation in an interview said "we consider it very disappointing that Congress and Muslim League M.L.A's. are not attending the session when their presence in the Assembly would have been immensely helpful to the 25 lakhs of Indians in Burma and Ceylon. They regretted that pressure from the people's representatives will not be available at a critical moment for Indians in Burma and Ceylon although we appreciate, there may be very valid reasons both for the Congress and the Muslim League for not participating in the Central Assembly when these questions come up.

In any case, we are confident that the Hon. Mr. Aney will uphold India's honour by safeguarding the interests of Indian Nationals abroad.

Messrs Motha and Desai are leaving to-morrow morning for Delhi when they will meet Mr. Aney and other M.L.A's.—A. P.

NAZIS HANG 13 GREEKS

STOCKHOLM, Oct. 31.

Thirteen Green hostages have been hanged, following the murder of two German soldiers in Salonika according to Berlin reports.—Reuter.

FR. HOSTAGES AND REPRISALS

VICHY, Oct. 31.

At a meeting this morning the Cabinet heard a report by M. Benoist-Mechin, Admiral Darlan's Secretary of State, on conversations with the occupation authorities regarding hostages and threats of reprisals.—Reuter.

INDO-BURMA AGREEMENT

(From Our Correspondent).

NEW DELHI, Oct. 31.

I understand that the Congress party in the Central Assembly will consider the Indo-Burma agreement in the meeting to be held to-morrow. According to Lobby talks there are two proposals under consideration. One is that the Party should pass a strong resolution so that though the Party may not be in position to take part in the debate its views may be made clearly known. Another is that Mr. Bhulabhai Desai as Leader of the Party should make a short statement on the floor of the House itself explaining the Party's attitude though they may not speak or vote on the motion. It is not known yet whether Mr. Aney will be able to reveal his own final policy in this matter in Tuesday's debate. He is reported to be still examining the question in close consultation with the Viceroy but whether on Tuesday he will be able to say anything more than that agreeing to consider the points raised in the Debate and take up the, matter with the Secretary of State remains to be seen. Some non-official members have been pressing that Mr. Aney should take up a strong attitude and if he cannot persuade the Secretary of State to make substantial modifications in proposed order in Council or defer the whole question of agreement to be discussed after war he should resign in vindication of Indian opinion. According to the present party position in the House the Motion has little chance of success if officially nominated members combine to vote against it.

Sir Firoze Khan Noon Sees Mr. Jinnah

I understand that Sir Firoze Khan Noon, new Labour Member called on Mr. Jinnah and had a long talk with him.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word

Minimum Re. 1.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p.c. on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers. Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (———), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPE WRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responbility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

SOCIAL

Ladies, Gentlemen, Introductions for Friendship, Companionship, Matrimony, Social, Occupational advancement. Write Madame Sorel, Post Box 87, Bombay, enclosing stamped (2-1/4 annas) self-addressed envelope. (15238)

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted a Reader living near Worli to read English from 1—3 p.m. Rs. 10. Apply Box No. 15236, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted immediately a steno typist Male or Female only experienced hand need apply stating qualifications and lowest salary acceptable to Box No. 15232, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted in Chowpatty locality, a Gujerati experienced Tutor (strong in Mathematics) to teach daily in the morning, two children in High School Third Standard. Apply stating minimum salary, experience and age. Apply Box No. 15231, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted for an upcountry Woollen Mill a competent Spinning Master, knowing to spin on mules blanket counts from Indian wools. Apply with testimonials. Only experienced and practical hands should apply. Box No. 6401, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Competent, Experienced Carding/Spinning Master, Carding Head Jobber and Weaving Master, having worked in Bombay Mills. Apply Box No. 15287, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—Candidates for Station Master course. Free training, lodging. Scholarship Rs. 30/- and Rail fare terms. Apply with stamp to:—The Superintendent, Railway Training School (Oldest and Best) Ambala City. (15280)

Wanted Immediately L.T.M. Assistant Weaving Master, Calcutta Mills. Salary 150/- quarters. Apply Box 15275, "Bombay Chronicle".

M.T.B. College, Surat—Applications stating age, qualifications, experience and minimum salary for the posts of (1) Lecturer in French and English, who must be at least M.A., and (2) Demonstrator in Physics who must be B.Sc. with Principal Physics should reach the Principal before 10th November. (6302)

Wanted really first-class Cooks and especially Mugs and also Goanese. Ordinary Cooks need not apply. Apply stating particulars and terms to The Comptroller of the Household, Palace, Bikaner. (6386)

Wanted 8 Lawyers, 9 Graduates, 4 Engineers, 5 Doctors and 5 Clerks. Apply Kapoor & Co., Cloth Market, Delhi. (15196)

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted an Experienced Salesman for a Spinning and Weaving Mill in Rajputana. Apply sharp stating previous experience and minimum salary acceptable (no counter offer) to Box No. 6410 "Bombay Chronicle.'

Wanted a good clever Shorthand Typist must have good knowledge of English. Please reply:—Private Secretary to His Highness, Palanpur. (6418)

Wanted one Saw Doctor for a Saw Mill in Malabar thoroughly conversant with the sawing of softwood in Band Mills. He must also be expert in the maintenance of band saws, circular saws, planing knives, etc. Apply with copies of certificates stating age and full particulars of experience and lowest salary expected to Box No. 6403, "Bombay Chronicle."

62. TO BE LET.

To Let—Near Opera House, Dhan Mansion, Bhatwadi 3rd floor, beautifully situated and open. Rent Rs. 50/-. (15277)

117. MOTOR CAR FOR SALE

For Sale: Chevrolet 1 1/2-ton Lorry (1935 Model) with covered body. Apply Box No. 6384 "Bombay Chronicle."

118. MOTOR CARS WANTED

Wanted Four Seater Cars in perfect running order Austin preferred. Apply Box No. 6382 "Bombay Chronicle."

141 EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Test Your English. Improve it. Oral/postal training. Free test. Bombay Tutorial College, Kavarana Building, Dhobi Talao. (15276)

191. MEDICAL ADLETS

Kaya Kalpa Treatment undergone by Pandit Malviyaji, may now be practised by any one. Those desirous should see Vaidyaraj Prabhashanker Ratanji, Ghatkopar (15272)

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Influential Agents to purchase Tower Brand Washing Soaps, Cash. Apply the Baku Soap Works, Matunga, Bombay 19. (15285)

Wanted:—An English knowing, influential, Selling Agent, with market experience for our products in Bombay on Rs. 60-5-2-100. Cash security Rs. 1,000/- essential. Apply to:- The Rambansi Silk Mills, Bhagalpur. (15252)

336. BUSINESS FOR SALE.

To Be Sold. A Homoeopathic and Allopathic medical store. Profitable and situated in a good locality. Apply Box No. 15289, "Bombay Chronicle."

341. PARTNERSHIPS WANTED.

With Rs. 15,000/- wanted to join in partnership with existing film-producing concern of Bombay or Poona. Principals may write Box No. 15254 "Bombay Chronicle."

347. LOANS & MORTGAGES

Apply to-day for immediate loan on your Personal Bond, Mortgages and Ornaments at six annas interest! Bombay Loans Finance Corporation, 203, Hornby Road; 57 Abdul Rehman Street, and Charni Road Tram Junction. (15284)

419 PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS

Hallo Amateurs and Professionals! Cinefoto, Kodak Dealers, Matunga, offer services unheard before. Why not take advantage? (15270)

651 MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Wanted on hire or purchase 300 tip wagons, 2 miles line and 10 crossings with accessories complete. Apply Box No. 15251, "Bombay Chronicle."

Sohoni's Confidential Race Tips. Write for particulars promising absolute Secrecy, Sohoni Post Box 12, Poona 2. (15260)

SPORTS GOODS

Brand New Cricket bats and balls, hockey-sticks (well-balanced and ring passed), badminton and tennis rackets foot-balls and volley ball and games. Very cheap. New stock. Good commission for brokers. Box No. 15273, "Bombay Chronicle."

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	per column inch per insertion
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTICE.

Messrs. A. F. FERGUSON & CO., Chartered Accountants, announce that Messrs. R. G. Chapman, B.A., A.C.A., R.A. and N.R. Mody, B.Com. A.C.A., R.A, who have been members of their staff for a number of years, have been admitted to partnership as from the 1st. November, 1941.

6414.

THE UDWADA VAPI ELECTRIC SUPPLY COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRD ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of THE UDWADA VAPI ELECTRIC SUPPLY COMPANY, LIMITED, will be held on THURSDAY, the 20th day of November, 1941 at 5-30 P.M. (S.T.) at the Registered Office of the Company, Room No. 21, Central Bank Building, Fort, Bombay, to transact the following business:—

1. To receive the Report of the Directors and the audited accounts for the year ending 31st March, 1941.
2. To elect Directors in place of Mr. Hargovandas Jivandas and Mr. Cooverji Hormusji Bhabha, who retire by rotation, but are eligible for re-election.
3. To appoint Auditors and to fix their remuneration.
4. To transact any other business that may be brought before the Meeting by the Chairman.

By Order of the Board,
For RAIYOMAND ENGINEERING CO.,
D. S. DAMANIA.
Partner.
Managing Agents.

Bombay, 22nd October, 1941

N.B.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 10th day of November, 1941, to the 24th day of November, 1941, both days inclusive.

(6403)

BOMBAY BANKERS' CLEARING HOUSE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN:—

(a) that the undermentioned banks have agreed to close their Offices in Bombay (Fort Office(s) and "Town" branches) at 12-30 p.m. on Saturdays, with effect from the 8th November, 1941, and

(b) that the clearing of cheques and other documents on Saturdays will, with effect from the 8th November, 1941, take place at the Reserve Bank of India, at 11-45 a.m. instead of 12 noon.

Allahabad Bank Ltd.
American Express Co. Inc.
Banco Nacional Ultramarino
Bank of Baroda, Ltd.
Bank of India Ltd.
Bank of Maharashtra Ltd.
Bank of Taiwan, Ltd.
Bombay Provincial Co-operative Bank Ltd.
Canara Bank Ltd.
Canara Industrial and Banking Syndicate Ltd.
Central Bank of India Ltd.
Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China.
Comilla Banking Corporation Ltd.
Comptoir National D'Escompte de Paris.
Devkaran Nanjee Banking Co. Ltd.
Eastern Bank Ltd.
Grindlay and Co. Ltd.
Habib Bank Ltd.
Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation.
Imperial Bank of India.
Indian Bank Ltd.
Indian Overseas Bank Ltd.
International Bank of India Ltd.
Laxmi Bank Ltd.
Lloyds Bank Ltd.
Mercantile Bank of India Ltd.
Mitsui Bank Ltd.
National Bank of India Ltd.
National City Bank of New York.
National Savings Bank Ltd.
Netherlands India Commercial Bank.
Netherlands Trading Society.
New Citizen Bank of India Ltd.
Punjab National Bank Ltd.
Thos. Cook & Son (Bankers) Ltd.
Union Bank of India Ltd.
United Western Bank Ltd.
Yokohama Specie Bank Ltd.

W. T. MCCALLUM,
President.

C/o. Reserve Bank of India,
Bombay, 30th October, 1941.

(6400)

Public Notices

WANTED NOW!

FOR MILITARY RAILWAY SERVICE OVERSEAS

Fully trained men urgently required for direct recruitment in the following categories:—
Signallers (Railway)
Drivers (Railway) Engine
Firemen (Railway) "
Clerks (Railway) and others.

Also men who are willing to undergo training for enrolment as trainees in the abovenamed categories. No previous experience necessary except that Driver trainees must have had at least 2 years' experience as Firemen (Locomotive). Educational qualifications: IXth Standard (lower standard may be accepted provided candidates are able to speak and write English fluently). Age between 18 and 41 years. Indians will first be enrolled as sappers and Europeans and Anglo-Indians as B.O. Ranks.

Applicants should apply in person bringing with them their original certificates. Attractive pay offered for experienced men. Pay of trainees during training will be not less than Rs. 30/- per month. Good prospects after training.

Apply at once to—Divisional Transportation Superintendents, Bombay, Sholapur, Bhusaval, Jubbulpore, Jhansi; the Principal, Military Training School, Bina; or the Officer Commanding Technical Group, General Manager's Office, G.I.P. Railway, Bombay.

(6422)

ROYAL INDIAN NAVY.

SEALED TENDERS for washing by contract miscellaneous garments, etc., for the Royal Indian Navy Service at Bombay during the period from 15th November, 1941 to 31-3-42, will be received up to 3 p.m. (Standard Time) on the 10th November, 1941, by the Commodore, Royal Indian Navy, in the Royal Indian Navy Office, Vithal House, 3rd Floor, Mint Road, Bombay.

Instructions to tenderers, and list of garments to be washed can be obtained from the Royal Indian Navy Office, Vithal House, (3rd Floor).

6415

ANDHRA UNIVERSITY.

NOTIFICATION.

SEALED TENDERS for construction of 'Administration Building will be received by the Registrar Andhra University, Waltair, till 12 noon on Monday the 1st December 1941. Plans and Specification can be had from the Registrar on payment of a sum of Rs 100/-.

(6409)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of a WEAVING MASTER at the Mahomed Haji Saboo Siddik Institution, Byculla, Bombay. The candidate should possess a degree or diploma in Textile manufacture from a recognised institution and should have also practical experience of having worked in a Mill in the Weaving Department. Salary upto Rs. 200/- P.M. with benefit of Provident Fund. Age limit 45 years. Muslims will be given preference. Applications, together with copies of testimonials, should reach the Chairman, Mahomed Haji Saboo Siddik Institution, Shepherd Road, Byculla, Bombay, not later than 20th November, 1941.

6407.

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of SUPERINTENDENT of the Mahomed Haji Saboo Siddik Institution, Byculla, Bombay. The candidate should possess a degree in a technical subject of a British or Indian University or a diploma of a recognised technical institution. He should further have previous experience of supervising the work of a technical institution. Age limit 45 years. Starting salary Rs. 250/- to Rs 400/- according to qualifications with benefit of Provident Fund. Should be free to join immediately. Information regarding the courses of instructions, etc., will be sent on request. Muslims will be given preference. Applications, with copies of testimonials, should reach the Chairman, Mahomed Haji Saboo Siddik Institution, Shepherd Road, Byculla, Bombay, not later than 20th November, 1941.

6408.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST RAILWAY

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from Indians only for a post of Assistant Traffic Superintendent. Pay Rs. 400-20-500 per mensem. Must be under 35 years of age and have had previous Railway experience. Application forms should be obtained from this office on payment of Re. 1/- per form and must be submitted not later than 17th November, 1941. Covers should be marked "ATS". Any attempt to bring personal influence to bear upon the members of the Board of Trustees will disqualify the candidate concerned.

THE MANAGER.
B. P. T. Railway,
Nicol Road, Ballard Estate,
Bombay.

29th October, 1941. (6397)

Public Notices

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF MUNITIONS PRODUCTION.

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF CONTROLLER OF PURCHASE (MUNITIONS).

INDIAN STORES DEPARTMENT, CALCUTTA

WANTED for Marine Boiler corrugated furnance withdrawable type with neck of Stephen Gourlay form suitable for 180 pounds per square inch working pressure, length overall seven feet one and fifteen sixteenths inches, outside diameter four feet and three quarter inches, inside diameter three feet eight and a half inches, thickness five eighths of an inch. Furnaces approximating to above dimensions will be considered. Replies should state type, whether new or second hand, condition, dimensions if not as above, full particulars if available regarding maker, year of manufacture, and if second hand number of years used and reason for disposal, and should be sent to—Chief Controller of Purchase (M), I.S.D., 8, Esplanade East, Calcutta, quoting reference to No. MP-192/P2/Enq.

(Sd.) Illegible
For Chief Controller of Purchase (M).

6416

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that PIROZSHAW COWASJI LENTIN and BANOOBAI PIROZSHAW LENTIN, both of Bombay Parsi Inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

ALL persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 24-26, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL THAT piece or parcel of land or ground together with the messuage tenement or bungalow and outhouses standing thereon situate, lying and being on Bombay-Poona Road, at Khandalla in the Registration Sub-District of Mawal in the Poona District, containing by admeasurement 2935 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Entry No. 261, Survey No. 196, Poona Land No. 97 and City Survey No. 25 and registered in the Books of the Lonavala Municipality under Old No. 248 but now under No. 31 and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the North by the ground belonging to St. Mary's Villa on or towards the South by Bombay-Poona Road, on or towards the East by the Valley of Kachodra and on or towards the West by the Bungalow No. 2 belonging to the late Dr. Lewis Paul Gomes.

Dated this 30th day of October 1941.

DIVECHA & THAKORE.
Purchaser's Attorneys.

6405

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that SHA CHUNILAL RATANJI DAMANI, VASANTRAI CHUNILAL and CHIMANLAL CHUNILAL the last two being minors under the age of 18 years by their father and natural guardian the said Shah Chunilal Ratanji Damani, all of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Hamam House, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY ABOVE REFERRED TO

ALL that piece or parcel of quit and ground rent land or ground together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at the Eastern side of Kika Street, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward No. 5883 and Street Nos. 73-75 and containing by admeasurement one hundred and ten square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 1130, formerly New No. 8296 and now New No 3245, Old Survey No. 2021, New Survey No. 692 and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 3214 of Bhuleshwar Division and bounded as follows:—that is to say, on the East by the property of Premji Raghowji, on the West by the said Kika Street, on the North by the property of Chunilal Ratanji and on the South by the property formerly belonging to Jamnadas Maneckchand and now belonging to Vallabhdas Jivandas Goragandhi.

Dated this 30th day of October, 1941.

AMIN DESAI & NANAVATI,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

Public Notices

NOTICE TO BUILDING CONTRACTORS

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the construction of a School Building at Kandivli for THE TRUSTEES: THE MALAD KANDIVLI EDUCATION SOCIETY.

Copies of specifications and tender forms can be had from the Office of the undersigned during office hours on payment of Rs 5/- per copy.

SEALED TENDERS will be accepted upto 4 P.M. (S.T.) on 12th November, 1941.

The Owners do not bind themselves to accept the lowest of any tender.

MESSRS. MASTER, SATHE & BHUTA,
F. & A. R. I. B. A.,
Chartered Architects,
34/38, Hamam Street, Fort,
BOMBAY

(6399)

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

Suit No. 420 of 1940

MEHERJIBHAI EDULJI UMRIGAR and another. Plaintiffs.
vs
RATANSHA FRAMJI UMRIGAR and others. ... Defendants.

PURSUANT TO DECREE Absolute for Sale, dated 21st November, 1940, the following immovable properties will be sold subject to the 1st Mortgage in favour of 6th, 7th, 8th and 9th Defendants by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on Friday 14th November 1941, at 3 p.m. (S.T.).

PARTICULARS

FIRSTLY—ALL that piece of quit and Ground rent land with dwelling house thereon situate on the East side of Duncan Road, Bombay, admeasuring two hundred and eight square yards or thereabouts and bearing Collector's Old Nos. 1745, 1746 and 1747 New Nos. 8877 and 8878, Old Survey No. 1305 and New Survey No. 1/4765 and Cadastral Survey No. 3545 of Bhuleshwar Division and Municipal Ward C No. 7320 and Street Nos. 23-29.

SECONDLY—All that piece of Pension and Tax land (Redeemed) at the Junction of Abdul Rehman Street and Tawa Lane, Bombay admeasuring 104 square yards or thereabouts bearing Collector's New Nos. 2706 and 2714, New Survey No. 1346, Cadastral Survey No. 1229, (Mandvi Division) with the dwelling house thereon and Municipal D Ward No 90, Street Nos. 49-30.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the office of Messrs. MOHILE, PAREKH AND MANECKLAL, Attorneys for the Plaintiffs abovenamed at No. 65, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 20th day of September, 1941.

ARMAND F. SEQUEIRA,
Commissioner.
MOHILE PAREKH & MANECKLAL,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys

(6395)

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

Suit No. 1266 of 1938

Bai NARBADABAI, wife of Ratilal Mohandas Parekh. ..... Plaintiff.
vs.
Bai RAKHIABAI, mother of Abdul Kadar Bavia...Defendant.

PURSUANT to Decree Absolute for Sale, dated 20th March, 1940, Judge's Order, dated 6th December, 1940 and Judge's Order, dated 23rd June, 1941, the following immovable property will be sold by Public Auction subject to a first Mortgage by the Commissioner of this Hon'ble Court at the premises, on WEDNESDAY, 19th November, 1941 at 4 P.M. (S.T.).

PARTICULARS

ALL THAT piece of land of the quit and ground rent tenure with buildings thereon at Parel Road, Bhendy Bazar, Bombay, admeasuring 412-13rd square yards or thereabouts and bearing Collector's New Nos. 8676 and 8677, New Survey No. 4524, Cadastral Survey No. 4343 of Bhuleshwar Division Municipal "C" Ward No. 81 of Street Nos. 596, 598, 600 and 2 and 18

For further Particulars and Conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the office of Messrs. BHAISHANKER, KANGA AND GIRDHARLAL, Attorneys for the plaintiff abovenamed at Albert Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 23rd day of September, 1941.

(Sd.) ARMAND F. SEQUEIRA,
Commissioner.

(6394)

Legal Notices

NOTICE OF SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that LUXMIBAI alias LALBAI, daughter and the administratrix of the estate and effects of Narsey Poonja of Chalisgaon, District Khandesh, Hindu Inhabitant, has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim interest or demand whatsoever against in or upon the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, exchange, gift, inheritance, mortgage, lease, charge lien, trust, easement, maintenance, share, possession, co-parcenary rights or otherwise howsoever in the said property or any part thereof are hereby required to give notice thereof in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 65, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof failing which the said sale will be completed without reference to any such claim, interest or demand howsoever and the same (if any) shall be treated and considered as having been waived and abandoned.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of the Pension and Tax land or ground with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at Cow Lane or Borbhat Cross Lane, Kandewady, Girgaum, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 136 sq. yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 689, New No. 3073, Old Survey No. 516, New Survey No. 7728, Cadastral Survey No. 176, (Girgaum Division) and in the books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward No. 838 and Street No 16H and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by property of Miru Matharin, on or towards the West by the property of Krishna Bhikoo Shirodkar, on or towards the North by the property of Dharamdas Dullabhdas and on or towards the South by a Public passage called Cow Lane, Borbhat Cross Lane.

Dated this 30th day of October, 1941.

MOHILE, PAREKH & MANECKLAL,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

(6398)

NOTICE OF SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that SHAH CHANABHAI HADOO, of Bombay Hindu inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

THAT any person or persons having any claim, right, title and interest in or to the said property by way of sale exchange, mortgage, charge, trust, lien, possession, maintenance, gift, inheritance, lease, easement or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 36, Tamarind Lane, Tamarind House, Fort, Bombay, within FOURTEEN days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at Sopari Baug Road being plot No. 31 of the Sopari Baug Estate of the Improvement Trust in the City and Island and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 599 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 3/2589 Cadastral Survey No. 164A/74, Parel Sewri Division and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under F Ward No. 587(3), Old Street No. 6, New Street No. 61-71A and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the North-East by Plot No. 30 of the Sopari Baug Estate of the Improvement Trust, on or towards the South-East by the land of the said Improvement Trust laid out as a service passage, on the South West by Plot No. 32 of the Sopari Baug Estate of the Improvement Trust and on the North-West by the Sopari Baug Road.

Dated this 31st day of October 1941.

GHULAMALI NOORANI & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys

(6419)

AFRICAN SHIPPING

OFFER THEIR SERVICES TO EXPORTERS TO

Transhipment Consignments

For EAST AFRICA, WEST AFRICA and elsewhere in Bond to Port of Destination.

Addresses:—African Shipping, P. O. Box 19, Durban. Box 711, Lourenco Marques. Box 232, Port Elizabeth. Box 3046, Cape Town. Box 3634, Johannesburg.

Cable Address "AFRICSHIP" Everywhere.

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Legal Notices

NOTICE OF SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that HASSANALI ABDUL KARIM CASSUM KHATAW and RAMJANALI ABDUL KARIM CASSUM KHATAW, both of Bombay Mahomedan Inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client Shreekrishna Ramchandra Pradhan.

ALL persons having any claim, interest or demand whatsoever against in or upon the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, exchange, gift, inheritance, mortgage, lease, charge, lien, trust, easement, maintenance, share, possession, co-parcenary rights or otherwise howsoever in the said property or any part thereof are hereby required to give notice thereof in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 65, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof failing which the said sale will be completed without reference to any such claim, interest or demand howsover and the same (If any) shall be treated and considered as having been waived and abandoned.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of leasehold land or ground together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon and known as "Khatav Park" situate on Plot No. 161 at the Junction of Cadell Road and 50 feet Road in the Shivaji Park Scheme of the Bombay Municipality and admeasuring 631 sq. yds. or thereabouts and registered in the records of the Collector of Land Revenue under Cadastral Survey No. 1870 of Mahim Division and Registered in the Records of the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under G Ward No. 4697(3), Street Nos. 27B and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the East by the Cadell Road, on or towards the West by Plot No. 163 agreed to be leased to H. A. Karim and R. A. Karim, on or towards the North by 60' Road and on or towards the South by Plot No. 160 agreed to be leased to S. M. Basrur.

Dated this 31st day of October, 1941.

MOHILE, PAREKH & MANECKLAL,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

(6421)

Auction Sales

SALE WILL BE HELD AT 4 P.M. SALE OF IMMOVABLE PROPERTY, consisting of two chewls at DeLisle Road in a lane called Currey Road Low Level Road North, near Currey Road Bridge (opp. Railway Quarters) comprising leasehold land admeasuring about 1069 Sq. Yds. with the dwelling house standing thereon situate at DeLisle Road, Bombay, bearing Collector's New No. 12629, New Survey No. 1/2675 Cadastral Survey No. 194 of Lower Parel Division and Municipal G South Ward No. 2416(3) and 2416(4) and Street No. 6(B) and 6(C).

By order of Messrs. Taher & Co., Attorneys for the Transferee and on account and at the risk of the estate of the deceased Mortgagor Bai Manekbai daughter of Samsudin Tajbhai and wife of Akberally Tajbhai and pursuant to the power of sale reserved under the Indenture of Mortgage dated 20th December 1930 and the Transfer of Mortgage and Further Charge dated 11th November 1936 and 11th November, 1936.

Sale on WEDNESDAY the 12th November, 1941, at 4 p.m. at the premises of the property.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the abovementioned attorneys for the Transferee, Examiner Press Building, 35 Dalal Street, or to the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.
123, Medows Street, Bombay.

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF NEW CHINESE ALL WOOL CARPETS

Under instructions from the party concerned Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by public auction on TUESDAY, the 4th Nov 1941, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) at their Rooms about 28 new Chinese all wool carpets in different colours and sizes from 2'x2' to 8'x10'

BENNETT & CO.

EASTERN AUCTION CO.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW (SUNDAY) at 10-30 a.m. (S.T.), at 15A, Sans-Sauci Bungalow, Hill Road, near Bandra Police Court, Bandra, of complete Bungalow furniture, H. M. V. Gramophone, Remington Typewriter, Robert and Anderson make safes, Drawing Room Cabinets, Singer Machine, Chesterfield Sets, Underwood Portable Typewriter, English Ice Box, American table, Harmoniums, A. C. Fans, (1) Grunow all wave A. C. Radio, Wardrobes, dining table and chairs, etc. Property of an European Gentleman J. Brentford Esquire and others on view.

WALL STREET BUYING ON N. Y. COTTON EXCHANGE

Higher Mid-October Parity Price

UNUSUALLY WARM WEEK OVER U. S. COTTON BELT

BOMBAY, October 31.

On Thursday there was increased trade and Wall Street buying on the N.Y. Cotton Exchange based on higher October 15 parity price.

The Secretary of Agriculture opposes hundred per cent parity loans for basic crops fearing they would interfere with the Agriculture Department's whole food for defence programme which is based on 85 per cent loans and the change wou'd upset the programme through its effect on maize prices.

The New York cotton market advanced on trade, New Orleans and Wall-Street buying on higher October 15 parity price and rains, West of the Mississippi river accompanied by flood damage further lowering grades with sentiment aided by the improvement in securities and predictions of freezing in Oklahoma, but the resumption of scale-up selling by a leading spot house attracted profit taking.

WEEKLY WEATHER REPORT

Official weekly summary: An unusually warm week in the cotton belt with moderate to fairly heavy rainfall general in area where the harvest is not completed. In the eastern half very little remains unpicked. Continued wetness has further delayed maturity in Northwest Texas with a reduction of quality general in Oklahoma Picking in good progress in the East but slow elsewhere.

It appears that after unusual heat during the week, there was rain in Mississippi, while Oklahoma is feared to have killing frost. Any way, the rains have lowered the quality and the market was steady pending Washington developments.

While it is difficult to form any reliable opinion about Washington developments as the administration and the farm Bloc cannot see eye-to-eye. The representatives of agriculturists are doing their utmost to raise prices but the Government with a view to check inflation is planning control of prices. Farm Bloc leaders oppose the Government and are not prepared to support price ceilings unless the Government agree to give 90 or 100 per cent parity price loan for the coming two years. At the moment there seems no chance for any compromise and the outlook is uncertain. In the meantime the crop is being marketed and with general feeling is that eventually higher prices will be seen.

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York cotton futures market opened at a rise of 7 pts with March 16.48 and declined to 16.42, which was the lowest level for the day. Thereafter there was increased buying and March advanced to 16.57, which was the highest level. The market finally closed at a net rise of 8 to 11 pts. Spot cotton prices advanced 9 pts at 17.14c per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was fairly steady and closed at a rise of 5 to 11 pts. Spot cotton prices improved 11 pts at 16.12c per lb.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York March highest 16.57+18 (11-15 a.m.); lowest 16.42+08 (10 a.m.)

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

New York: Trade and speculative buying on higher parity price. Market closed steady.

NEW YORK COTTON
New York: October 30.

December	16.26+09
January	16.31+09
March	16.52+11
May	16.66+10
July	16.71+08
October	16.86+08
Middling Spot	17.14+09

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
New Orleans: October 30.

December	16.32+11
January	16.37+11
March	16.57+10
May	16.70+08
July	16.76+06
October	17.02+05
Middling Spot	16.12+11

NEW YORK COTTON
New York: October 30.
Noon call

December	16.29
March	16.55
May	16.68

N. YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS
Day's receipts at all U.S. Ports 13,000 bales

Yarn And Silk Merchants Quotations

Bombay: October 31.

	Rs. a.p.
64/2 Koru Nissim—	
Spot	35 4 0
October	36 4 0
November	36 11 6
84/2 Koru Nissim—	
Spot	39 0 0
October	39 0 0
November	39 6 0
62/2 Any—	
Spot	3 8 0
October	3 8 0
November	3 8 9
80/2 Any—	
Spot	3 11 6
October	3 11 6
November	3 12 0
150 Any—	
Spot	2 15 3
October	2 15 3
November	2 15 9

PEPPER AND GINGER.

Bombay: October 31.

Pepper ready per candy	85 0 0
Pepper Maha Sud 15	85 4 0
Ginger ready	32 0 0
Ginger Maha Sud 15	23 8 0

LINSEED AND WHEAT

Bombay: October 31.

Linseed May	8 10 0
Wheat January	5 9 3
Wheat May	6 10 0

Bombay Metals

Bombay: October 31.

Yellow metal sheet	Rs. 99
Copper sheets	Rs. 88

Tone:—Steady.

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS

HEDGE CONTRACT RATES
Bombay: October 31.

Yarn No.	October	December	February
6 1/2s	213	214	215
10 1/2s	237	238	239
20 1/2s	380	374	365
40s	550	555	550

Quotations for 6 1/2s, 10 1/2s and 40s are nominal.

GROUNDNUTS AND SEEDS.

Bombay: October 31.

	Rs. a.p.
Groundnuts February—	
Opening	41 10 0
Highest	41 14 0
Lowest	41 7 6
Closing	41 10 6
Cottonseeds January—	
Opening	24 14 0
Highest	25 2 0
Lowest	24 12 6
Closing	25 0 0
Cottonseed May—	
Opening	39 12 0
Highest	40 10 0
Lowest	39 12 0
Closing	40 10 0

SUGAR MARKET

Bombay: October 31.

Fine White Java Sugar per cwt—
Ready Bond Rs. 15/12
African f.o.m Bond Rs. 13/4
Shipment June Rs. 10/4 F.B.H.
Shipment September Rs. 10/4 F.B.H.
Indian Sugars Ready—
Ordinary Rs. 14/12 to 15/4
Large grain Rs. 15/5 to 16.
Tone:—Steady.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay: October 31.

Following a further rise of 9 pts in New York cotton futures, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 230/8 for Broach A/M delivery and after declining to Rs. 229/12 advanced to Rs. 232/8 on general buying. At the rise there was some realising and prices reacted to Rs. 231/4, but steadied at Rs. 232 with moderate support. The market feeling is still bullish and there is more disposition to replace at lower prices.

There was increased buying and prices advanced to Rs. 234/4 but with professional selling prices reacted to Rs. 232/4. Prices improved to Rs. 233/4, but again eased off to Rs. 231/8. There was scattered buying and prices improved to Rs. 232/8. The market closed at 4 p.m. as under:—

BROACH April/May	Rs. 233/0
OOMRA Dec/Janry	Rs. 197/12
OOMRA March	Rs. 199/0
BENGAL Dec/Janry	Rs. 148/0
BENGAL March	Rs. 150/0

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

Bombay: October 31.

Bengal Fine	140/43
Berar	169/74
C. P. 1	214/17
C. P. 2	179/82
Khandesh	139/44
Mugtai	147/52
Broach	195/200
Broach Low	100/70

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

	1941/42	1940/41
F. P. Bales.		
Receipts to date 30-10-41	1348000	1485000
Receipts yesterday 30-10-41	13000	11000
Export to date 24-10-41	263000	284000
Stock at Ports 24-10-41	3308000	2975000
Stock at interior towns do.	2983000	2771000
Quantity in sight 24-10-41	3666000	3558000

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay: October 31.

RECEIPTS INTO	Yesterday	This year	Since 1st Septr. Last year
In full-pressed bales.			
Khandesh		154	954
Central India	318	1,906	.....
Barsi and Nagar	112	4,906	549
Berar	38	2,894	23
Central Provinces		3,813	.....
Total Oomras	468	13,5683	1,526
Dholeras		9,881	961
N.-W. Provinces		949	.....
Rajputana		18	.....
Sind-Punjab	1,957	41,466	39,847
Broach	265	5,092	587
Coompta & Dharwar		4,349	9,065
Westerns-Northerns		3,744	10,195
Cocanada			170
Tinnevelly & Cambodia	88	3,171	58
Total	2,778	82,353	62,402
Arrived by road to 23rd October 1941		7,000	7,000

COTTON PARITY

Broach A/M below New York May 774 cent pts at Ex. 331.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay: October 30.

	Highest	Lowest	Closing at 4 p.m.
Broach A/M	235	229 1/2	229 1/2
Oomra D/J	196 1/2	192	192 3/4
Oomra Mar.	188 1/2	184	184 3/4
Bengal D/J	150	148	148
Bengal Mar.	151 1/2	149 1/2	150

BOMBAY PRODUCE

Bombay: October 31.

The local Seeds Market was fairly steady with improved demand for castorseeds and cottonseeds from Gujarat. Groundnuts February opened at Rs. 41/10 and after improving to Rs. 41/14 declined to Rs. 41/10 and again rallied to Rs. 41/12. Ready groundnuts Bold Khandesh were sold at Rs. 7/12. New Baria were done at Rs. 37/4 on Bazar terms, while Khandesh quality was placed at Rs. 38. Castorseeds were steady at Rs. 40/8 and Cottonseeds January opened at Rs. 24/13 and improved to Rs. 25/2. Linseed May opened at Rs. 8/9/6 and advanced to Rs. 8/10/6, while ready business was done at Rs. 8/11/6. Wheat market was quiet at the opening with selling orders from Karachi, but later there was good enquiry. January wheat was quoted at Rs. 5/10 and May at Rs. 6/10/6. Delhi Picci Ready were done at Rs. 7/4 and Karachi were quoted at Rs. 7/6. Tone was steady.

BANK OF ENGLAND WEEKLY RETURN

London: October 30.

	This week in £
Total bullion	1,538,000
Public Deposits	13,700,000
(a) Other deposits	174,700,000
Government securities	136,000,000
(b) Other securities	27,400,000
Notes and coins	36,900,000
Notes in circulation	693,300,000

Ratio of reserve to liabilities 20.23 per cent.
(a) Other deposits include bankers 117,000,000
(b) Other securities include discounts 4,500,000

Total deposits	188,400,000
Total securities	163,400,000

LONDON EXCHANGES

London: October 30.

T T London on New York 4.02¼/4.03¼, Madrid 40.50, Montreal 4.43/4.47, Berne 17.30/17.40, Stockholm 16.85/16.95.

LONDON WHEAT

London: October 30.

Rozario Santa Fe 21/6 Oct/Nov quoted
Barletta Russo 21/6 Oct/Nov quoted
South Australian 27/6 Oct/Nov quoted

Indian Stock Exchange

Bombay: October 31.

The market opened easier but subsequently improved on scattered buying. At higher rates there appeared some profit-taking but towards the close again prices hardened. Tata Deferreds opened at 2102/8 against the previous closing of 2115 and after steadily improving to 2115 declined to 2105, but towards the close firmed up to 2120. Tata Ordinaries after opening at 395/8 touched 398 finally closing at 397/8. In Textiles, Bombay Dyeings improved to 1295. Indian Irons stood at 32/8.

The following were the important quotations on the Exchange to-day:—

Tata Deferreds (2115) 2102/8 2100 15 5 20 17/8
Tata Ordinaries (397) 395/8 95 96/8 96/8 98 97/8.

Tata Ordinary 397/8, Tata Deferred 2117/8, Indian Iron 32/8, Steel Corporation of Bengal 20, Bombay Dyeing 1295, Central India 374/6, Century 437/8, Gokak (230) 230, Kohinoor 491/4, Simplex 153, Andhra Valley 1737/8 Tata Hydro 184/6, Tata Power 1700, Associated Cement 159, Belapur 226/4. Bombay Burma Old 505.

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay: October 31.

Yesterday London Gold was unchanged at £8/8/0. Dollar Sterling cross rate was 4.02⅛ to 4.03½ at London and 4.03¼ at New York.

London spot and forward Silver quotations were unchanged at 23 1/2d. New York spot silver was also unchanged at 34 3/4 cents. London Bombay spot and forward silver parity was Rs. 62/10/3. The local market is keeping quietly steady and prices are fluctuating around present levels as foreign advices remain unchanged.

Quotations were as under:—

	Gold	Silver
Ready	Rs. 42 4 6	63 0 0
Kurtak	Rs. 42 4 6	62 13 0
Magsar	Rs. 42 4 0	62 11 6
Sovereigns: Rs. 28/8/9.		

LONDON GOLD
London: October 30.

Gold Bars Fine per Oz. £8/8/0

LONDON SILVER
London: October 30.

Spot	23 1/2
Forward	23 1/2

MONEY MARKET

Bombay: October 31.

LONDON:—
Banks buying 90 days/St. 1/6 1/4 Two months.
Banks buying 90 days/St. 1/6 9/32 Three months.
Banks buying 90 days/St. 1/6 9/32 Four months.
B. C. RATES:—
T T 1/5 15/16; D D 1/5 15/16
Banks selling T T 1/5 31/32; D D 1/5 31/32
Banks buying T T 1/6 1/32; D D 1/6 1/8
NEW YORK:—
Banks selling T T Rs 332 3/4; D D Rs 332 3/4
Banks buying T T Rs. 329 1/2; D D Rs. 328 1/2
Cross Rates Dol. 4.02 1/2; 3 1/2
MONTREAL:—
Banks selling T T Rs 302 1/2; D D Rs. 302 1/2
Banks buying T T Rs. 297 1/4; D D Rs. 295 3/4
Cross Rates Dol. 4.43/47
JAVA:—
Banks selling T T Gld 55 3/4; D D Gld 00.
Banks buying T T Gld 57 1/2; D D Gld 57 1/2
Cross Rates Gld 7.58/62
JAPAN:—
Banks selling T T not quoting; D D not quoting
Banks buying T T not quoting; D D not quoting
Cross Rates Sh. 1/2 1/2
BERNE:—
Banks selling T T Fcs 126 3/4; D D nil.
Banks buying T T Fcs 131 1/2; D D nil.
Cross Rates Fcs 17.30/40
STOCKHOLM:—
Banks selling T T K 123; D D K 123
Banks buying T T K 128; D D K 128
Cross Rates K 16.85/95
SINGAPORE:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 158; D D Rs. 158
Banks buying T T Rs. 155; D D Rs. 155
Cross Rates Sh. 2/4 5/32 7/32
HONGKONG:—
Banks selling T T Rs 85 1/4; D D Rs. 84 1/2
Banks buying T T Rs. 81 1/2; D D Rs 81 1/2
Cross Rates Sh. 1/3 1/32
SHANGHAI:—
Banks selling T T not quoting; D D not quoting
Banks buying T T not quoting; D D not quoting
Cross Rates Sh. 0-3 3/16
MEXICO:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 67.27; D D 66.27
Banks buying T T Rs. 53.04; D D Rs 62.04
Cross Rates Pcs. 19.5 21.5
LISBON:—
Banks selling T T Esc 7.35 nom; D D Esc 7.35 nom
Banks buying T T Esc 7.55; D D Esc 7.55
Cross Rate Esc 99.80 100.20
NEW YORK:—
Cross Rate Dol. 4.03 3/4
Tone of Sterling Exchange: Steady.
Gold £3-8-0 Ready.
New York Silver 34 3/4
London Silver 23 1/2 Ready; 23 1/2 Forward.
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/8 per cent
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent
Money:—Call unquoted
1 to 2 months 1/4 per cent
3 to 6 months 1/2 per cent
9 months 3/4 per cent
Tone:—Very easy.

Metal Exchange Quotations

Bombay: October 31.

Copper sheets lb. 21—Rs. 99, 28—89/8, 35—89, 42—88, 49-56—87.
Brass sheets Flag Brand lb. 20-21—Rs. 102/8 24—100/8, 28—99/8, 35—97/4, 42—96/8, 49-56—96.
Spelter 'P.H.' Rs. 54. Rosita Rs. 52. Country make Rs. 43. Piglead 'B.M.' Refined Rs. 23 per cwt.
Tin Ingot Pennang Rs. 54/2 per qr.
SETTLEMENT RATES—
Copper sheets Posh opened 89/4; Lowest 88/6; Now 89/0.
Piglead 'B.M.' Magsar 22/6. Tin Ingot Penang Magsar 53/6.
Market Tone:—Copper was irregular and others were steady.

CENTURY MILL SHARES HARDEN

Tata Steels Steady

RESTRICTED TURNOVER AND NARROW FLUCTUATIONS

Bombay: October 31.

The local Share Bazar was quietly steady with a restricted fresh business. The market was mostly interested in month-end transfer business and fluctuations were narrow.

Yesterday the Wall-Street market was steady. U. S. Steel shares advanced 1/2 at 53 1/4 and Anaconda Copper Mining shares were unchanged. General Motors declined 1/8 at 38 5/8.

In the local market Tata Steel Defd shares opened at Rs. 2172 and sagged to Rs. 2165.

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay: October 31.

Bombay Dyeing (1376) 1372, 1375, 1370, 1382, 1385
Century (469) 468 466 476 477 476
Central India (409) 406, 405, 411, 416, 415
Kohinoor (558) 559, 558, 561, 562
New Great (347) 346, 349, 348, 349
Simplex (182) 181/8, 181, 184
Swadeshi (430) 430 428, 435, 434, 435
Associated Cement (162) 161, 162, 163
Tram Ord. (151) 157
Tata Hydro (185) 185
Tata Power (1775) 1775, 1772, 1767
T. Steel Dfd. (2185) 2172 2165, 2175, 2170 2187, 2185
T. Steel Ord. (408) 405, 404 409
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (154) 154/8
Bellapur (258) 259, 258, 259
B. Steam (370) 370
B. Burma (536) 532, 533.

At this level there was increased support and price advanced to Rs. 2185 and steadied at Rs. 2180. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 405 and after declining to Rs. 404 improved to Rs. 407. Some operators are transferring purchases of Steel Ordinary to Defd shares. Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 1372 and after declining to Rs. 1370 improved to Rs. 1375. Century Mill shares opened at Rs. 468 and after declining to Rs. 466 advanced to Rs. 473 Bombay Burmas were done at Rs. 532. Towards the close there was slightly increased buying and prices registered further small improvement. Particularly Century Mill shares and Central Indias fared well.

TEXTILES

Bombay, Oct. 31.

100	Ahmedabad Advance	333 0
250	BOMBAY DYEING	1385 0
100	CENTURY	476 0
100	Colaba	224 0
100	CENTRAL INDIA	409 0
100	Coorla	131 0
250	Davia	257 0
250	Dawn	450 0
1	E. D. Sassoon Defd.	2 11 6
100	FINLAY	262 0
100	GOKAK	265 0
1000	Hindustan	2400 0
100	Indore	2.0 0
100	Khatau	246 0
100	KOHINOOR	562 0
250	LAXMI	650 0
100	MORARJI	568 12
250	Model	2.1 4
50	MYSORE	132 0
200	NEW GREAT	349 0
100	Oosmanshahi	134 0
100	Poddar	225 0
100	Phoenix	345 0
25	Sassoon Silk	84 0
1000	Sholapur	5100 0
50	SIMPLEX	184 0
100	SWADESHI	435 0
100	SWAN	246 0
500	Vishnu	1472 0
1000	Western	1475 0

BANKS

50-100	Baroda	118 0
25-50	Central	50 0
500	Imperial	1610 0
125-500	Imp. Conty.	400 0
50-100	India	148 0
100	Reserve Bank	109 0
5	Union	7 7 6

CEMENTS

100	ASSOCIATED	163 0

INSURANCE

10-50	British India	13, 0
100	Empire	727 0
15-100	Jupiter	16 11
20	Mercantile	72 8
15-75	New India	54 12
200	Oriental	4555 0
10-50	Vulcan	10 12

ELECTRIC

100	Ahmedabad Old	187 0
1000	ANDHRA VALLEY	1762 0
10	Ajmer X.D.	12 12
50	BOMBAY TRAM X.D	151 0
100	Bombay Suburban	188 2
10	Broach	13 6
100	Karachi	211 4
100	Poona	217 8
100	Surat	190 0
1000	TATA HYDRO	185 0
1000	TATA POWER	1767 0

RAILWAYS

500	Ahmedabad Prantij	877 0
100	C. Province	109 0
100	Dhond Baramati	104 4
100	Gujarat	105 0
100	Mandra Bhon	109 0
100	Pachora Jamner	99 8
100	Sara Sirajganj	107 0
500	Tapti Valley X.D	643 0

MININGS

9	Burma Corp.	4 8
2sh.	Indian Copper	2 3 0
10	Indian Iron and Steel	32 8
10	SHIVRAJPUR	46 4
10	Mucund Iron X.D	14 0
30	TATA STEEL DEF.	2185 0
75	TATA STEEL ORD.	439 0
100	Steel Corporation	19 14

MISCELLANEOUS

100	ALCOCK	627 0
10	Air Services	2 14
50	BELAPUR SUGAR	259 0
200	Bombay Safe Dep.	650 0
250	BOMBAY STEAM	370 0
125	B. Burma	533 0
50	Burma Contry.	178 12
8sh.	Br. P. Petrol	3 6 9
100	IND. BLEACHING	176 0
50	Ind. Invest Trust	51 0
100	Indian Radio Def.	605 0
100	Indian Radio Ord	605 0
100	Port Canning	96 0
30	PREMIER Con XD	128 0
15	Scindia	27 9
25	Tata Oil	62 8
10	Tata Chemicals	15 12
100	Wimco	221 0

PREFERENCE

7	p.c Andhra Valley	1560 0
6	p.c. Bombay Steam	322 8
7	p.c Bom. Tram (TF)	80 4
5	p.c Central India (TF) X.D.	64 12
6 1/4	p.c. Prem Const 1st	122 0
6 1/4	p.c. Prem Const 2nd	118 12
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	161 4

GOVT. SECURITIES

Bombay, Oct. 31.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 Loan 97-14
3 1/2 per cent G P Notes 96-0
3 per cent 1951-54 Loan 99-13
3 per cent 1949-52 Loan 100-0
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan 103-3
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan 103-4
4 per cent 1943 Bonds 103-13
3 per cent War Bonds 101-15
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan 114-10

TAX FREE LOANS

5 per cent 1945/55 Loan 111-3
4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore 116-0
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 127-4

CORPORATION DEBENTURE

4 per cent B P T 1947 110-8
4 per cent M Deb 1947 100-8
5 per cent M Deb 1965 116-8
6 per cent M Deb 1954 129-0
6 per cent K P T 1956 130-0

Trend: Steady.

SHIPPING NEWS.

IMPORTS

Bombay, October 31

264 drums arrack; 1730 bundles rattans; 177 cases pine apples, 2913 bags betelnuts; 148 bags nutmegs; 66 slabs tin; 112 bags roots; 107 bales hides; 50 bundles pick helves; 2045 pkgs gum; 1295 bales cotton ginned and dressed; 3482 bales cotton lint; 24313 bales raw cotton.

EXPORTS

8753 bgs linseed Louis Dreyfus and Co Ltd; 7037 bags linseeds Raili Bros Ltd; 4003 bags linseed oil cakes expellers Raili Bros Ltd; 5080 bags gr nut oil cake expeller The Swastik Oil Mills Ltd; 3870 bags gr nut oil cake The Hindustan Vanaspati Mfg Co Ltd; 10 bales raw wool Abdul Jani Abdul Gafoor and Co; 10 bales raw wool Karimbhai Lalbhai; 10 bales raw wool Fakimahomed Janmahomed; 10 bales raw wool M R Shaffi and Co; 1231 bags gr nut oil cake expeller M Bhuta and Co; 4500 tons manganese ore James Finlay and Co Ltd; 50 bales cotton pcegoods Tribhovan Nemchand and Co; 40 bales cotton pcegoods G Ab Yaffi; 161 bales cotton yarn G Ab Yaffi; 2680 bags gr nut oil cake expeller Indo Foreign Comm. Corptn; 3325 bags gr nut oil cake expeller R Ratilal and Co.

TEJI MANDI PREMIUMS

Bombay: October 31.

Wheat January	0 6 0
Wheat May	0 12 6
Linseed May	0 15 0
Groundnut February	4 8 0
Castorseed May	5 8 0
Cottonseed January	1 12 0
Silver 1st settlement	0 5 0
Silver 2nd settlement	0 10 0
Gold 1st settlement	0 2 6
Gold 2nd settlement	0 5 0

LONDON RUBBER

London: October 30.

Smoke sheet standard ribbed per lb. 13-3/4.

7 1/2 p.c Tata Power X.D	1622 0
6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st	215 0
7-1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	154 0
7 p.c. Vishnu	745 0

DEBENTURES

3 3/4 p.c Andhra Valley Deb	106 12
4 p.c. Bombay Telephone	50 2
5 p.c. Morarji	193 4
7 p.c. Sholapur	71 6

Cash quotations were as under:—
BOM DYEING 1290, CENTURY 437, CENTRAL INDIA 367, COLABA 187, FINLAY 224, GOKAK 229, KOHINOOR 489, MORARJI 530, MYSORE 142, NEW GREAT 285, PHOENIX 378, SIMPLEX 152, SWADESHI 395, SWAN 214, ASSOCIATED 159, ANDHRA VLY 1737, BOM TRAM 146, TATA HYDRO 184, TATA POWER 1695, SHIVRAJUUR 37-0, TATA STL DF 2116, TATA STL OR 397, ALCOCK 575, BELAPUR SUGAR 225, BOM STEAM 347, BOMBAY BURMA 505, IND BLEACHING 158, PREMIER CONST 113

War Loan Investments

OVER RUPEES SEVENTY-TWO CRORES ON AUGUST 1

The statement below shows the total amount subscribed by each of the 11 Provinces and by the Indian States and Centrally Administered areas, to the Indian Defence Loans since they were first issued in June, 1940, up to July 31, 1941:—

Province.	3 Per cent Defence Bonds. During July 1941	Total to end of July 1941.	During July. 1941	Interest Free Bonds. Defence Savings Certificates. Total to end of July, 1941	During July, 1941	Total upto end of July 1941.	Grand Total
Bengal	2,87,25,400	28,74,70,800	14,153	36,52,877	5,68,110	43,69,820	29,54,93,507
Bihar	1,86,800	29,51,500	427	50,084	1,62,060	16,43,880	46,45,464
Orissa	29,100	3,56,300	100	3,760	30,500	4,18,850	7,78,910
Assam	5,000	4,40,100	51	16,962	36,970	3,75,930	8,32,992
United Provinces	15,23,200	1,98,94,800	28,076	7,69,307	3,25,820	46,02,730	2,52,66,837
Punjab	43,11,100	3,79,82,100	50,677	11,75,076	2,03,170	46,14,720	4,37,71,896
North-West Frontier Provinces	62,700	17,61,000	555	84,567	18,130	4,19,950	22,65,517
Bombay	6,58,85,600	27,38,22,600	66,846	1,11,16,644	3,48,630	66,55,980	29,15,95,224
Central Provinces and Berar	1,45,900	19,80,100	3,251	1,33,339	2,44,810	21,74,940	42,28,379
Sind	6,96,700	62,52,100	100	2,74,116	48,670	11,91,000	77,17,216
Madras	11,86,100	2,10,48,200	3,254	7,91,573	1,71,590	32,35,760	2,50,75,533
Indian States and Central Treasuries	18,00,500	1,67,00,000	12,091	64,93,528	(a)	(a)	2,31,93,528
Total	10,46,58,200	67,06,99,600	1,78,581	2,45,61,843	21,58,460	2,97,03,550	72,48,65,003

(a)—Figures included in the totals for Provinces in the same Postal Circle.
NOTE:—The figures refer to the place of actual subscription and not to the place of residence of the subscriber.

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NEW YORK COTTON TEN POINTS DOWN

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES.
MARCH
New York, October 31

Previous closing	16.52
To-day's opening	16.51
Difference	—01
To-day's closing	16.42
Difference	—10

BROACH EXPECTATION.
Broach April/May ..... Rs. 232

NEW YORK COTTON.
New York, October 31
The New York cotton was moderately active on scattered trade and local enquiry but lack of constructive news restrained operations.
Trading in March began at 16.51 i.e. one point lower than the last closing. Prices steadied on scattered trade and local purchases but increased hedging and some liquidation depressed values.
Following are the New York opening ranges :—
December (15.24/24) 15.24/24
March (15.48/48) 16.52/51
May (16.51/61) 16.63/62

LONDON COMMODITIES.
London, October 31
SEEDS
Castorseeds October/November (£19 3/4 quoted) £19 3/4 quoted
Linseed Bombay Calcutta October/November (£19 5/8 quoted) £19 3/4 quoted
Linseed La Plata October/November (£12 7/8 quoted) £12 7/8 quoted
Groundnut Coromandai Coast October/November (£18 1/4 quoted) £18 1/4 quoted
JUTES
Dundee October/November unquoted
Lightning October/November unquoted
RUBBER
Spot unquoted
Forward December unquoted
LONDON METALS
Tin (£255 buyers; £255 1/4 sellers. Barely steady) £255 1/2 buyers; £255 3/4 sellers. Quiet.
Electric Copper (£62) £62
Lead (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 2 (131 sh.) 131 sh.

EXCHANGES:

CROSS RATES.
T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON
New York, October 31

Previous closing	4.03 3/4
To-day's opening	not received

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK
London, October 31

Previous closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's opening	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

LONDON BULLION.
LONDON GOLD
London, October 31
London Gold (£8-8-0) £8-8-0
LONDON SILVER
London, October 31
Spot (23 1/2d) 23 1/2d
Forward (23 1/2d) 23 1/2d
CROSS RATES
London on Bombay (1-6) 1-6
Paris on Bombay not quoted
New York on Milan not quoted
New York on Bombay (30.36) 30.36
London on Shanghai (0-2 27/32 to 0-3 3/16) 0-2 27/32 to 0-3 3/16
London on Kobe not quoted
DISCOUNTS
3 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent.
4 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent.
6 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent.
BULLION AND SEEDS
Bombay, October 31
There was no trading during night session.

New York Stock Exchange
New York, October 31
New York Stock Exchange opening prices: General Motors (unquoted) dol 38 5/8
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 26 3/8) dol 26 3/8
United States Steel Common (dol 53 1/8) dol 53 1/2
United States Steel Preference unquoted.

3 1/2 PER CENT STERLING LOAN
London, October 31
3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £99 3/8
AUSTRALIAN LOANS
London, October 31
5 per cent 1958/68 £104
BRITISH FUNDS
2 1/2 per cent Consols £82 3/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan £106 1/2
2 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan £99 3/16
4 per cent Funding Loan £114 3/16
3 1/2 per cent War Loan £104 7/8
New York Loan £101 5/16
4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds £113 5/8
INDUSTRIALS
Standard Motors 15-7
Marks and Spencer Ordinary 36-6
Electric Music Industry 13-1
Princhin Johnson 21-7
Imperial Chemical 32-10
Woolsworth New Ordinary 58-9
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates £72
Dundee 36-10
Unilever Ordinary 26-7
Ford Motors 24-9
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary £67
British American Tobacco Ordinary £4 11/16
Carreas 'A' £5 11/32
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary £6 1/8
P and O Def 29-6
Distillers 69-9
Bredfords Dye 6-10
British Celanese 5-0
J and P Coates 37-7
Courtaulds Ordinary 35-0
Fine Cotton Spinners 4-3
Vickers Limited Ordinary 16-10
Inter Nickel dol. 41 1/2
Indian Iron 46-10
TEA SHARES
Anglo Dutch Rubber 18-1
Donaro Tea 31-3
Empire of India 20-0
JUTE
Barnagore £7
RUBBER SHARES
Anglo Dutch Rubber 16-7
Gula Kelampong 15-7
Rubber Plant Inv. Trust 27-9
MINING SHARES
Nandydrug 17-9
Burma Corporation 5-6
Rio tintos £5 1/4
East Rand Properties £2 5/32
Rand Mines £7
MINE SHARES
Crown £10 3/8
Associated Portland Cement 50-0
Trinidad Leasehold 68-1 1/2
Sub Nigel £7 1/16
Spring Mines Split Shares £1 3/16
Union Corporation 152-5
OIL SHARES
Venezuela Persian 33-1
Anglo India 38-9
Burma Oil £3
Mexican Eagle 12-4
Shell Transport £2 21/32
Royal Dutch £22 1/2
RAILWAY SHARES
Great Western Ordinary £40
London Midland Ordinary £15
London North Eastern Def £1 9/16
London Southern Defd £13 1/8
London Transport 5 per cent £129
London Transport £40

Better Enquiry For Ready Sugar
Bombay, October 29
JAVA SUGAR: Since our last review, local market for ready Java sugar continued to remain totally uninteresting and the quotation is nominal. As regards Bonded Java and Mozambique sugars, market on the whole has remained very firm except temporary reaction due to some reselling and closed firm with an advance of Rs. 1-4-0 in Java sugar and annas twelve in Mozambique sugar. This sharp advance in Bonded Java and Mozambique sugar was mainly due to small unsold stocks and uncertainty of arrivals and scarcity of sellers with occasional demand from Overseas at advanced rates. Owing to firmness in Bonded sugar, there was some enquiry for forward and some business was reported at Rs. 10-1-0 to Rs. 10-2-0 per cwt. C.I.F. Bombay, shipments during December/January. Business was however very restricted as the Import Houses were not inclined to enter into fresh contracts owing to great uncertainty of shipments. Market closed steady.

INDIAN SUGAR: Market for Indian sugar has remained steady with an improvement of 2 annas per md due to better enquiry for ready. There was however very limited interest in forward or arrivals except in certain superior Grades as the local prices are in most cases below the Syndicate limits and the Maharashtra Mills are regular sellers at competitive prices. Cawnpore market was reported steady with quotations unchanged.

In Gola section, there was practically no change in prices. At the close tone of the market was steady owing to improvement on the Cawnpore Exchange. General opinion amongst merchants and dealers is that there is likely to be gradual improvement in local prices as the syndicate limits are higher for forward deliveries. Arrivals during the week are estimated at 1500 tons and stocks at 9800 tons.

FOREIGN MARKETS: On the New York Terminal market, there was an all-round advance of 3 points. Java market was reported firm. Business for India was greatly handicapped owing to uncertainty of shipments from Java.

CALCUTTA AND KARACHI: In Calcutta, there was no interest in Java sugar and the quotation is nominal. In Karachi, business in Java sugar was confined to small sales for Overseas. As regards Indian sugars, Calcutta market was reported quiet in absence of speculative buying interest. In Karachi market for Indian sugars was steady unchanged.

Statement of stocks of Indian Sugars (Central Sugar Factories) for the fortnight ending 15th August 1941 :—
Opening Stocks Mds. 17,501,169 d/- 1-8-41.
Closing stocks Mds. 15,633,577 d/- 15-8-41.
The Number of Factories (from which returns are received) was 115 out of 148 Factories operating in the whole of India.
GENERAL: Local market for ready Java sugar is likely to remain unchanged. As regards Bonded sugars as well as forward shipments, situation is very uncertain and depend on the shipping possibilities from Java and Bombay to various destination.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Demand For Industries
CALCUTTA, October 31
Calcutta Stock Exchange was practically unchanged. Cottons, coals, teas, jutes and popular miscellaneous industrials continued their usual demand at hardening rates and the volume of business was satisfactory. Speculative Engineering issues continued steady and Government securities were firm and unchanged. Following are the closing quotations :—

Government securities: 3 per cent Government Paper 1895/98 or later Rs. 82/7; 3 per cent Defence Bonds 1946 102; 3 1/2 per cent Government Paper 96; 3 per cent United Provinces Loan 1952 99/4; 3 per cent Punjab loan 1940 99/10; 3 per cent Madras loan 1952 99/4.

Banks: Imperial Bank of India fully paid Rs. 1600; Imperial Bank of India Contributory 398; Reserve Bank of India 107/-.

Cottons: Benares Cotton and Silk Rs. 4/6; Bowreah 347; Cawnpore Textile 10/1; Elgin Mills ord 29/8.

Coals: Amalgamated Rs. 27/3; Bengal 380 small lots; Equitable 37/8; North Damuda 5/14; Pench Valley 35; Raneegunge 31/8, West Jamuria 31/4

Jutes: Anglo India Rs. 385; Bally 277/8; Barnagore 115; Champdany 183/8 small lots; Empire 29/12; Gourepore 746; Howrah 58/10; Kamarhatty 528; Kinnison 615; Reliance 62.

Minings: Burma Corporation Rs. 4/8. Consolidated Tin 2/8; Indian Copper Corporation 2/4.

Engineering Companies: Bhartia Electric Steel Rs. 17/2 ex rights; Burn and Co ord 421/8 small lots; Indian Iron and Steel ord 32/10; Steel Corporation of Bengal ord 20; Steel Corporation of Bengal pref 122 ct.

Miscellaneous: Alkali and Chemical ord Rs. 20/12 small lots; Aluminium Corporation ord 12/14; British-India Corporation ord. 4/15; British Burma Petroleum 3/7; Calcutta Tramways ord 17/4; Dalmia Cement ord 14/9 xd; Dunlop Rubber Co ord 42/1; Midnapore Zemindary 71 small lots; Rohtas Industries ord 23/8.

Paper Mills: Bengal Paper Rs. 145; Orient Paper Mills 16/2; Titaghur Paper Mills 22/10.

Sugars: Buland Rs. 22/8; Carew and Co 12/8; Champuran 19/6 small lots; Purtabpore 11; Raza 22/12.

Teas: Betjan Rs. 33/12; Bishnauth 28/4; Hantapara 417; Hasimara 48/8; Giolie 12/14; Patrakolia 990; Sapoi 12/11.

Indian Yarns Improve With Limited Offers
Bombay, October 29
As anticipated in our last report, prices of Indian yarns have shown steady improvement after the decisions of the Price Control Conference were made known to the Public and the healthy tendency has continued throughout the whole past week with a firm undertone at the close. Enquiries from almost all important Overseas markets have however declined probably due to the present quotations of Indian yarns being found higher by all important export markets and also due to requirements of some of these markets having been fulfilled during the last few weeks. Reports from Southern Indian markets as well as from Eastern markets go to show that the prices have shown further improvement in all these markets although most of the recent purchases are more of a speculative nature. As regards Northern markets, Central India and others, prices have not shown any improvement during the last few days. Local mills have been making limited sales at present owing to attractive prices and wider margins. It is reported that some of the mills have sold far ahead in the New Year and therefore do not stand in need of any further business at least for the time being whereas in case of othe mills they have been trying to make sales at the present level of prices at least for near deliveries. On the whole the market has remained rather irregular during the week. Cotton prices have remained very steady with moderate improvement and this also has tended to infuse confidence amongst dealers and consumers. Future outlook continues to remain hopeful.

ENGLISH YARNS: No business has been possible in this class of yarns during the week owing to the War.

JAPANESE AND SHANGHAI YARNS: In the early part of the week prices in all Japanese and Shanghai yarns showed further improvement to the extent of one anna per lb but in the latter part of the week owing to various unfounded Peace Rumours prevalent in the market the entire improvement was lost and on the whole prices have not shown any material change during the week. No fresh business with Japan has been possible so far and no chance for any fresh business at least for some time to come seems to be possible. No further arrivals from Japan have also been possible on account of absence of sailings. Future outlook is hopeful.

ARTIFICIAL SILK YARNS: Prices in artificial silk yarns as well as in staple fibre yarns have fluctuated within a narrow range during the week, but the undertone has remained very steady. Enquiries from local mills as well as from consuming centres have been in evidence and it is believed that in the next few days consumers will be able to pay present level of prices mostly because of the reported improvement in cloth. No fresh forward business has been possible in this class of yarns from Japan and arrivals have also been nil Future course of the market remains hopeful.

INDIAN YARNS: Turnover on the Bombay Yarn Exchange Ltd. has continued to remain very satisfactory and prices have improved to the extent of about Rs. 10 to Rs. 12 per bale in 20 1/2s with a firm undertone at the close. Reports from the Southern India as well as from the East were rather encouraging and the local speculators seem to have entered the market for speculative purchases on the Exchange. Some of the local mills have made moderate sales at the market rates and it looks as if the prices are inclined to improve further especially due to the recent improvement in cotton prices. Future tendency continues to remain hopeful.

U. S. TO MAKE LAKH PLANES IN 1943

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.
The production goal of 75,000 and possibly 100,000 planes annually by 1943 is being planned by the United States Government, according to authoritative sources in Washington quoted by the "Journal of Commerce."

This involves the stepping up of bomber production to 25,000, the paper says, of which about 8,000 would be Flying Fortresses.

"These objectives are far above the present monthly output of 2,000 planes and President Roosevelt's previous goal of 50,000 planes a year."—Reuter.

Duff Cooper's Itinerary
CANBERRA, Oct. 31.
The Prime Minister, M. Curtin, has announced that Mr. Duff Cooper will attend a meeting of the Australian War Council next week. He will also confer with the Defence Chiefs and Defence Co-ordination officials and visit service stations and munition factories. Mr. Duff Cooper and Party, including Lady Diana Duff Cooper and Maj. L. B. Robertson, Mr. Duff Cooper's Military Secretary, will arrive in Australia from Singapore on November 5 and visit Sydney, Melbourne and Canberra.—Reuter.

Rome Admits Raids In Libya
ROME, Oct. 31.
British aircraft raided Tripoli and Benghazi, according to an Italian 'communique.'—Reuter.

"Gandhiji Advised Me To Resign", Says Munshi
LAHORE, Oct. 29.
Mr. K. M. Munshi, former Home Minister, Bombay, who is on a visit to Lahore, discussed certain questions relating to the Akhand Bharat addressing the political study circle meeting at a local college this evening.

Replying to the question why Mr. Munshi left the Congress as he could have preached 'Akhand Hindustan' from within the Congress Mr. Munshi said:

"It is not correct to assume that I left the Congress in order to preach Akhand Hindustan. If I may refresh the memory of the meeting Gandhiji in a statement connected with the Ahmedabad riots stated that no Congressman should associate himself with any institution where training in violent self-defence, was given, nor should he offer violent self-defence.

In view of the relations which subsisted between him and me I submitted to him that however much I might intellectually accept the efficacy of non-violence I had searched in vain for sufficient strength to abjure violence in matters of self-defence. My relations with Gandhiji were of reverential loyalty on my side and parental affection on the other and in view of my attitude with the large-heartedness that he possesses he advised me that I should resign from the Congress. and I did. I did not resign it in order to preach Akhand Hindustan.—A. P.

DRY WEATHER IN COUNTRY
POONA, October 31
The weather has been dry except for a few light showers in southeast Madras. Pambau reported a quarter of an inch of rain. Temperatures still continue slightly above normal in Northwest India.
Forecast until first evening: Local showers are likely in Southeast Madras, and a few showers elsewhere in Madras Presidency and in Mysore and Assam. Night temperatures may fall in North-West India.—A.P.

Position Of Scheduled Banks
Statement of the position of scheduled banks as at the close of business on 24th October :—

1. Demand Liabilities :—	
(a) In India	213,67,93,000
(b) In Burma	12,16,58,000
2. Time Liabilities :—	
(a) In India	104,15,08,000
(b) In Burma	4,37,11,000
3. Cash :—	
(i) Currency notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes :—	
(a) In India	9,34,24,000
(b) In Burma	59,000
(ii) Burma Notes :—	
(a) In India	19,000
(b) In Burma	76,14,000
(iii) Rupee Coin :—	
(a) In India	1,14,64,000
(b) In Burma	1,85,000
(iv) Subsidiary Coin :—	
(a) In India	40,24,000
(b) In Burma	47,000
4. Balances with Reserve Bank	44,51,55,000
5. Advances :—	
(a) In India	107,11,05,000
(b) In Burma	3,83,65,000
6. Bills Discounted :—	
(a) In India	3,84,21,000
(b) In Burma	4,55,000

Comparative statement of the position of scheduled banks.
(In thousand rupees)

	24-10-1941	17-10-1941	25-10-1940	1-9-1939
1. Demand Liabilities in India	225,84,48	222,27,83	171,49,51	141,39,78
and Burma	12,16,58	11,88,33	8,25,19	7,03,29
2. Time Liabilities in India	108,52,19	108,68,66	100,56,86	106,46,46
and Burma	4,37,11	4,38,77	3,80,68	4,22,12
3. Total cash in India	11,68,36	10,12,18	8,69,47	7,29,82
and Burma	79,05	74,88	50,26	59,37
4. Balances with Reserve Bank	44,51,55	45,82,06	50,89,06	25,27,75
5. Advances in India	110,94,70	111,15,25	103,07,78	106,65,08
and Burma	3,83,65	3,63,73	3,37,39	4,12,92
6. Bills Discounted in India	3,88,76	3,17,75	1,60,65	3,85,74
and Burma	4,55	5,50	8,39	29,45

KRIPALANI TO OPEN PRITHVISINGH'S VYAYAMSHALA TO-DAY
Acharya Kripalani will perform the opening ceremony of Sirdar Prithvisingh's Vyayamshala at Malad at 4 p.m. to-day.

POLICE HAUL OF INCENDIARIES

In Bungalow Of Pir Of Pagaro
KARACHI, October 31.
A strong police force, headed by high officials, raided yesterday the bungalow owned by the Pir of Pagaro in Sanghar Taluka in Sind. They are reported to have seized from there hundreds of tins of petrol and kerosene oil and a large quantity of Sulphur and Potassium, besides numerous arms.

Earlier, the police raided the houses of 130 disciples of the Pir in Shahdapur Sanghar and Sinjhoro Talukas. They include some influential Zamindars.

The authorities have taken elaborate precautionary measures to maintain Law and Order in Upper Sind.—United Press.

ALL-INDIA NATIONALIST LEAGUE Its Programme Outlined
LUCKNOW, October 31.
An elaborate manifesto, setting forth the ideals which it seeks oto achieve and the course of action it would pursue has been issued by the All-India Nationalist, League which concluded its session at New Delhi under the presidentship of Mr. Jamnadas Mehta yesterday.

The goal of the League, it is explained, is the "attainment of complete national freedom for the people of India." It would also aim at bringing together the Congress Nationalist Party, teh Democratic Swaraj Party, the Swaraj Party, of Andhra and other Nationalist groups which have identical aims and methods and are yet distinct from the Congress. The League will strive for the achievement of complete independence for the growth of undiluted nationalism, for the removal of untouchability and the protection of national industries. It would resist all repressive laws calculated to interfere with the liberty of speech. press and association and would support all measures calculated to strengthen India's financial and economic position. The League also recognises the legitimacy of recourse to direct action for political emancipation.

'Equality of all races, creeds and communities is recognised by the League which is pledged to oppose communalism in any form or shape." It will have no truce with any disintegrating movement calculated to sap the foundations of a united India and will resist any attempt at the dismemberment of the motherland."

In regard to franchise, the League would refuse to recognise religion race or sect or caste as basis for preferential treatment. This applies to representation in elective bodies, public services both civil and military

The League pledges itself to the uplift of working classes, agricultural and industrial, by endeavouring to secure for them living minimum wage and healthy conditions of work.

The League would organise foreign propaganda. The defence of India, the manifesto states, should be the concern of Indian people. The League would also stand for acceptance of offices in order that "reactionary elements may not secure control of machinery of the State and utilise it prejudicially to national interests."—A P.

Muslim Studenst' Present To Mahatmaji
GAYA, Oct. 30.
Five lakhs yards of yarn have been spun uptil now by the 60 students of the Moslem Summer School of Politics, who are now holding their camp here. They propose to present the whole of the yarn spun during their present camp to Mahatma Gandhi.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY
Summary of Meteorological observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 31st October, 1941 :—
Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hrs. +.030 inches.
Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 81.5 deg.
Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 69.0 deg.
Maximum temperature during 24 hrs. 93.8 deg. (4.8 above normal).
Minimum temperature during 24 hrs. 75.9 deg. (1.4 above normal).
Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 50 per cent.
Direction of wind at 8 a.m. S E.
Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 10 miles per hr.
Total movement of wind in 24 hrs. 117 mls.
Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hrs. 15 miles per hour.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING
DATED 31/10/1941
At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and *temperature 83.5 deg. F. a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.14 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.94 inches.
For correction of ships' instruments subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

U. P. Govt. Pats M. N. Roy

"Reds" And Congress Blamed For Student Trouble In Administration Report
LUCKNOW, October 31.
The first official review of the Satyagraha campaign in the U.P. and an exhaustive analysis of the Province's war efforts are the main features of the U. P. Government's administration report for 1940.

The French collapse, says the report, brought "undisguised panic and dismay in all quarters and even those whose declared policy it was to agitate against participation in war effort admitted that at such a moment the British should not be harassed by Civil Disobedience."

The report next records a serious run on the post office savings bank reaching its climax in May, 1940, when nearly fifteen lakhs of rupees were withdrawn in a single day.

REDS AND CONGRESS BLAMED
Referring to the Satyagraha campaign, the report says: "Student demonstrations in places were vigorous but on the whole the outward reaction to these measures was not great. Student unrest during the year was due no less to the strong Communist virus injected in to the movement than to direct incitement from the Congress."

"Other Hindu opinion with greater realism continued to believe Gandhiji's earlier dictum that Hitler was the one person who could prevent a world war and to perceive that a Nazi victory would be the doom of civilisation and freedom in India as in the rest of the world. Among those who took this view was Mr. M. N. Roy: Congress decided that their principles of free speech were inapplicable to deserters and Mr. Roy's meetings suffered from considerable interruptions".

The general situation in regard to subversive activities showed a decided improvement on that of 1939, the aim of all subversive movements being the creation of an atmosphere of widespread disorder to be followed up by mass revolution. Communists and other extremists saw in Britain's preoccupation with the war prospects of bringing about a mass Civil Disobedience movement under cover of the Congress organisation, an opportunity for furthering these aims."

PATS ITS OWN BACK
"But", adds the report, "Right wing ascendency in the Congress disappointed the expectations of extremist elements by restricting the scope of the Satyagraha campaign." The sustained drive against authors and distributors of objectionable literature and the arrest and detention of extremist leaders moreover paralysed the movement and destroyed all hopes of concerted action.

"The gulf between the two leading communities—Hindus and Muslims—did not narrow during the year. In view of the rivalry between the Congress and the Muslim League, the report says, this tension is not surprising.

War efforts in the province showed considerable progress. New territorial battalions were raised and by the end of the year about 15,000 recruits had been produced for them and the regular units.

The cottage industries of the Province supplied blankets by thousands.

Special mention is made in the report of the twelve companies of military police, which were raised to relieve the military authorities of part of their work.—A. P.

INSURANCE ADVISORY COMMITTEE
Personnel Announced
NEW DELHI, October 31
The Insurance Advisory Committee, the constitution of which was announced in June last, is to be composed of the following persons :—
Chairman: The Honourable Commerce Member.
Vice-Chairman: The Superintendent of Insurance.
Members: Mr. Byramjee Hormusjee (nominated by the Indian Insurance Companies' Association, Bombay); Mr. J. C. Setalvad (nominated by the Indian Insurance Companies' Association, Bombay); Mr. N. N. Seth, New Delhi, (nominated by the Federation of Indian Insurance Companies, New Delhi); Mr. J. F. Ormiston (nominated by the Association of Life Offices in India and the Calcutta Insurance Association, Calcutta); Mr. N. J. Gore (representing the Provident Insurance Companies' Association, Bombay, and the Provident Insurance Companies' Association, Bengal); Hon. Mr. M. C. T. M. Chidambaram Chettyar (nominated by the Government of India); Mr. N. K. Bhartiya, (nominated by the Government of India); Mr. S. C. Roy (nominated by the Government of India).
The term of office of the members of the Committee will be two years.—A.P.

BOMBAY WAR GIFTS FUND
Amount previously acknowledged: Rs. 71,24,783-6-11.
Rs. 5,000 for the purchase and upkeep of a bus presented by the Trustees of the late Mr. Jamsetji Ardaseer Wadia Charities to the British General Hospital, Poona, for the use of wounded soldiers.
For the R.A.F.: Rs. 510-14-4 the staff of Burmah-Shell Oil Storage and Distributing Co. of India Ltd. (monthly); Rs. 150 Mr. W. A. Bell (further donation); Rs. 74-13-6 through the Scrap Collection Committee, being half of the proceeds of scrap sold by the B. B. & C. I. Railway; Rs. 50 the staff of Messrs. Lionel Edwards, Ltd., Bombay, (monthly); Mr. A. N. Nicholson (monthly).
For Armoured Carriers for the Indian Army: Rs. 404-15-9 the staff of the Burmah-Shell Oil Storage and Distributing Co. of India Ltd. (monthly); Rs. 74 through the Scrap Collection Committee, being half of the proceeds of scrap sold by the B. B. & C. I. Railway; Rs. 50 the staff of Messrs. Lionel Edwards, Ltd., Bombay, (monthly).
Grand total on Friday (including sums less than Rs. 50) Rs. 71,31,352-4-6.

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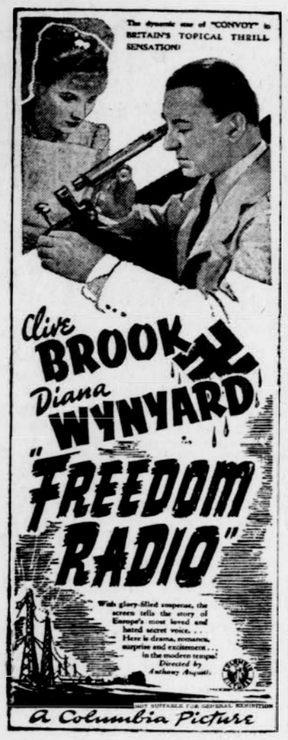

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Christopher Morley's Sensational Best-Seller
GINGER ROGERS in KITTY FOYLE
with DENNIS MORGAN JAMES CRAIG
RKO RADIO Picture
Eduardo Ciannelli · Ernest Cossart
Gladys Cooper

Produced by DAVID HEMPSTEAD. HARRY E. EDINGTON, Executive Producer. Screen Play by Dalton Trumbo. Additional Dialogue by Donald Ogden Stewart.

Also LATEST WAR NEWS
SUNDAY: 10-30 A.M
"EX. Mrs. BRADFORD"
with JEAN ARTHUR
WILLIAM POWELL

BOMBAY & SUBURBS

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Kartik Sud 13, 1998
Muslim: Shavaal 11, 1360
Parsi: Ardibehest 28, 1311
Sunrise: 6h. 39m.
Sunset: 6h. 6m.
Hightide: 10-19, 23-00
Lowtide: 4-06, 16-30

BOMBAY NATIONAL GUARDS: The Jt. Hon. Secretary writes:—All the members are required to be present at the Congress House to-morrow (Sunday) in mufti at 7 a.m. to attend parade.

SUBURBAN & THANA DISTRICT PHYSICAL CULTURE ASSOCIATION: The inauguration of the Annual Tournaments of National Games and Sports will be held to-day (Saturday) at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.) on the ground of the Robert Money High School near Congress House. Shet Gordhandas G. Morarji, will preside.

NEW HINDI CLASSES: The classes will begin from to-day (Saturday). Students will be prepared for the Wardha Karyalaya Examinations, at Anandilal Podar Commerce College, on Saturdays from 5-30 to 6-30 p.m. and on Sundays from 8 to 9-30 a.m.

STUDENTS' ANTI-PENTANGULAR CAMPAIGN: A joint meeting of the Executive Committee of the Bombay Students' Union and Fort Students' Union will be held at Mantri House, 1 French Bridge, to-day (Saturday) at 5 p.m. to organise a joint campaign against the forthcoming Pentangular Tournament.

BOMBAY STUDENTS' UNION, POOR STUDENTS' FUND: The Bombay Students' Union have appointed the following gentlemen on the Poor Students' Fund Committee:—Sjts. Purshottum Kanji, (A.I.S.A. Bombay Branch Secretary); Hasmukh Parekh; Amritlal D. Sheth; Trimbaklal Amulakh; H. J. Shah; Abdul Parekh; H. Z. Gilani; C. C. Dalal (the last four are students' representatives). The boxes will be opened by the above Committee, and the total sum collected will be announced by them later on.

MOONLIGHT BAND AT VICTORIA GARDENS: The band of the Bombay City Police will play a programme of music at Victoria Gardens Bandstand, Byculla, to-day (Saturday) commencing from 5 to 11 p.m. (S.T.).

WHIST DRIVE POSTPONED: The Victory Whist Drive and Dance organised by Mrs. A. H. Visram at the Princess Victoria Mary Gymkhana which was to have taken place on November 2, has been postponed to a later date owing to the Curfew Order prevailing in Bombay. A later dat will be announced soon. Tickets already bought for the 2nd will be used for the later date or the money refunded if desired.

CLASS ON KATHA UPANISHAD: Swami Sambuddhananda of Sri Ramakrishna Ashram, Dadar, will hold a class on Upanishad at 5-30 p.m. to-day (Saturday) in the Ashram premises, 64, Portuguese Church Street, Dadar (B.B. & C. I. Railway).

CLASS ON BHAGWAT GEETA: Sri M. R. Gopalacharya, M.A., of Vani Vihar Vidyalaya, will hold a class on Geeta at 9 a.m. to-morrow (Sunday) in Sri Ramakrishna Ashram, 64, Portuguese Church Street, Dadar, (B. B. and C. I. Railway).

RELIGIOUS DISCOURSES: The following religious discourses will be held by Swami Sambuddhanandji of Ramakrishna Mission, Khar Road:—

To-day (Saturday) at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Batliboi's Accountancy Institute, Presscott Road, Fort, (in English) on Vedanta Philosophy (Brahma Sutra); to-morrow (Sunday) at 9 a.m. (S.T.) at Mission Library Hall, Khar Road, (in English), on Bhagawat Geeta; and at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Mission Library Hall, Khar Road, (in Hindi), on Teachings of Bhagawan Sree Ramakrishna Paramahamsa.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"Kitty Foyle." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Blood and Sand". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"A Woman's Face". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"New Wine". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Freedom Radio". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
BROADWAY—"Manmohan". Daily at 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 2 p.m.
ROXY—"Anjan". Daily at 3-30 and 6-30 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 12-30 p.m.
MINERVA—"Sikandar". Daily at 1, 3-30 and 6-30 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Khazanchi". Daily at 3-30 and 6-30 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 12-30 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Gharki Laj". Daily at 3-30 and 6-30 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Sasural". Daily at 4 p.m. only. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-30 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Sant Sakhu" Daily at 3-30 and 6-30 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1 p.m.
KOHINOOR—"Punarmilan". Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-30 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Swami". Daily at 1 and 3-45 p.m.
EDWARD—"Buck Privates". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CHITRA—"Lagan". Daily at 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-15 p.m.
SUPER—"Sohana Geet." Daily at 4-15, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 2 p.m.
PALACE—"Santa Fe Trail". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
HIND-MATA—"Zorro's Fighting Legion". Daily at 4-30, 7 and 10 p.m. Matinee today and to-morrow at 2 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Darshan". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1 p.m.

PARLE-ANDHERI MUNICIPALITY

President's Election Set Aside

The Collector, Bombay Suburban District, has set aside the election of Mr. V. [illegible] lastekar as President of the Parle Andheri Municipal Board on the ground that the election was not held at a meeting convened for the purpose by the Collector as required by law.

He has now convened a meeting for the election of a President in place of Mr. Barvala on Sunday.

All-India Co-operators' Day Celebrations

Under the auspices of the Provincial Co-operative Institute, Bombay, the 12th All-India Co-operators' Day will be celebrated to-day (Saturday) at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the "Temple of Co-operation", Sir Vithaldas D. Thackersey Memorial Building, 9, Bakehouse Lane, Fort, Bombay.

Sir Manilal B. Nanavati, Deputy Governor, Reserve Bank of India, will preside.

TAGORE MEMORIAL IN KERALA

An All-Kerala Memorial to Poet Rabindranath Tagore has been founded in the shape of the Kerala Tagore Academy in Trivandrum with Dewan Bahadur V. S. Subramania Iyer, ex-Dewan of Travancore as its president. The Academy proposes to form translation committees, and a library of Tagore Literature, organise lectures and art exhibitions. The Academy will generally strive to inspire the men and women of Kerala to study the art philosophy, life and works of Tagore.

Bombay Banks To Close At 12-30 On Saturdays

As will appear from the advertisement published elsewhere, Banks in Bombay will, from 8th instant close their offices at 12-30 p.m. on all Saturdays.

Morarjee Goculdas Declares Rs. 10 Dividend Per Share

The seventh ordinary general meeting of the shareholders of the Morarjee Goculdas Spinning and Weaving Co, Ltd. was held at its registered office, Sopari Baug Road, Parel, on Friday, at 3 p.m., when Mr. V. S. Apte, presided.

The President said that the profit of the Company, on the years' working amounts to, Rs. 10,00,576-7-5 without providing for the Agents' Commission and depreciation. Deducting therefrom Rs. 1,00,057-10-4, being the commission due to the Agents on the year's profit, and Rs. 7,45,591-13-5 taken to Depreciation of Buildings, Machinery and Plant, Electric Light, Dead Stock and Motor Vehicles as per balance of Rs. 1,56,926-15-7, which with the balance of Rs. 4,765-10-7 brought forward from the accounts of the preceding year, make up a total of Rs. 1,6,,692-10-2 available for distribution.

A dividend of Rs. 10 per share and a bonus at the rate of Rs. 2 per share was declared on 11,500 shares for the year ended 30th June, 1941 (which will amount to Rs. 138,000) and carry forward the balance of Rs. 23,692-10-2 to the next year.

Donations of Rs. 2,500 to the Bombay War Gifts Fund and the gift of one bale of grey cloth valued at Rs. 175 for relief of sufferers from the havoc of cyclone on the West Coast of the Bombay Province to the Congress Storm Relief Committee respectively were made.

The appointment of Mr. T. R. N. Cama as a Director was confirmed.

KRIPALANI IN CITY

BOMBAY, Friday.

Mr. J. B. Kripalani, General Secretary of the A. I. C. C., arrived in Bombay to-day. He will leave for Wardha on Sunday.

ON THE AIR

SATURDAY, NOV. 1.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

4-30 p.m. For Indian troops in the Far East. 5 Lakshman Prasad. 5-20 Abdullah. 5-30 Bhajan Lal. 5-45 Sultana Begam. 6-15 Muitani on Vichitra Veena. 6-30 Mehboob Jan. 6-45 The Voice of the Nazis. 7 Afzal Husain. 7-15 Raftar-e-Zamana. 7-30 For villagers only. 8-15 The Commonwealth in the New World. 2. 8-30 Lakshman Prasad. 8-50 Duet. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-45 It has happened. 9-50 Bhajan Lal. 10 Mehboob Jan. 10-15 Lakshman Prasad. 10-30 Malkaus on Vichitra Veena.

Bombay I & II Programmes

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)
41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

8 to 8-5 a.m. As in Delhi 2. 8-5 News in Hindustani. 8-15 News in English. 8-25 to 8-50 As in Delhi 2. 8-50 News in Marathi. 9 News in Gujarati. 9-10 to 9-50 As in Delhi 2. 9-50 Talk (A.R.P.).

12 to 12-57 p.m. As in Delhi 2. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 to 1-30 As in Delhi 2. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 to 2 As in Delhi 2.

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)
61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

From 7-30 Bombay 2 will operate on 49.15 metres (3,365 kc/s)

5 p.m. To-morrow. 5-5 Vocal and instrumental music. 5-40 News in Marathi. 5-45 News in Gujarati. 5-50 Bhajan. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Ghazal. 6-20 Local news and announcements. 6-25 Local news and announcements. 6-30 Children's half hour. 7 B B C Talk. 7-15 Raftar-e-Zamana. 7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 Indian music. 8 News in Marathi. 8-15 News in Gujarati. 8-30 to 8-45 As in Delhi 2. 8-45 Our Universities. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-15 News commentary in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-45 War commentary. 9-55 Listening Post. 10 to 10-45 As in Delhi 2.

The late Pt. Hargovind Das Trikamchand Sheth, who passed away recenly at the age of 53, was one of the most eminent Jain scholars Born in Radhanpur, he studied Nyaya, Vyakaran Sahitya and Jain Agamas at the Yashovijayji Jain Sanskrit Pathshala, Benares, founded by the late Acharya Shri Vijaya Dharma Suri. He studied Pali and Prakrit languages in Ceylon. For about 20 years he served the Calcutta University as lecturer in Sanskrit, Prakrit and Gujerati languages.

Among his various publications, the "Paia-Sadda-Mahannavo" (a comprehensive Prakrit-Hindi Dictionary with Sanskrit equivalents, quotations and complete references) compiled by him will remain an everlasting memorial of his services to the ancient Prakrit literature.

HOMOEO HOSPITAL OPENED IN CITY

The opening ceremony of the General Homoeopathic Hospital, the first of its kind in Bombay, was performed by Mr. G. W. McElhinny, the Collector of Bombay, in the presence of a large gathering at 'Nilam Mansion', Lamington Road, on Friday evening. Dr. B. R. Chugha, the well-known homoeopath, will officiate as the Chief Medical Officer, and Dr. K. K. Bhatia as the Superintendent of the new Hospital.

As Dr. Bhatia remarked in his speech that the hospital was opened with the motto of service to the suffering humanity at lowest possible cost. At present it contains 32 beds. Arrangements for qualified and experienced R.M.O., matron, mid-wife, and nurses have been duly made. An out-door dispensary is also being maintained at nominal charges.

Mr. Bhargava, the Manager of the Union Bank introduced Dr. Chugha to the guests.

Dr. Chugha in his speech said that he believed that the opening of the hospital, showed that Homoeopathy which had made its home in America and Europe, and had come to stay now in India.

Declaring open the hospital, Mr. G. W. McElhinny said that he welcomed this new hospital, because it had given some added medical facilities to the Bombay public, which the city, with its large population, wanted so badly.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN)

The Government of Bombay's resolution of February 1941 is now carried out and a Board consisting of 14 members has been formed for the purpose of Rural Development in the Bombay Suburban District. The Board has as its Chairman, Mr. McElhinny, Collector of Bombay and Bombay Suburban District, with several Government officials from the Suburban District as members.

PROSTITUTION AT JUHU

Juhu the popular pleasure resort is of late being turned into a prostitutes' paradise. It is learnt that some of the hotels and shacks built for picnics now house prostitutes mostly brought from the city. It is hoped that District Police will pay special attention to wipe out this blot.

CITY FATHERS PRAY FOR EXTENSION OF TERM

Sequel To Administrative Difficulties Arising From Preparing Rolls For Adult Franchise

The Municipal Corporation on Thursday approved of the recommendation of the Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee to request the Government to extend the life of the Municipal Corporation till 31st March 1944, so as to complete the electoral rolls etc., for the Adult Franchise.

The Municipal Commissioner in his letter to the Municipal Corporation stated:

It will be necessary to hold the general elections in the 4th week of January or the 1st week of February 1943. As these elections are to be held on the basis of adult franchise for the first time the work of preparing the election roll will be very heavy and will have to be commenced from 1st February 1942. The magnitude of this work may be judged from the fact that whereas at the last general elections held in February 1939 on the basis of five rupees rent franchise, the number of electors was about 2,65,000, it is now estimated that in view of the increase in population and the introduction of adult franchise, the number of electors will be in the neighbourhood of 7,50,000. Besides, the liberalisation of the franchise requires that some of the provisions in the Municipal Act, relating to the preparation of the roll and the conduct of the elections should be amended as they are not suitable for the extended franchise.

Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas, Chairman, Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee moved the resolution that in view of the practical administrative difficulties of holding the general elections on the basis of the Adult Franchise early in 1943, Government should be moved to further extend the term of the present Corporation by one year, viz: up to 31st March 1944.

Mr. Naushir Bharucha opposed the resolution and said if the elections were held on the present basis of Rs. 5, the Congress was not sure of maintaining the majority, and therefore tactics were resorted to Introduce Adult Franchise.

Mr. K. F. Nariman said the Corporation was clamouring for Adult Franchise and if they are going to get, they should hold over the elections for one year.

Prof. S. R. Davar supported the resolution and said it was no use imputing motives to the Congress.

Mr. D. V. Pradhan as well as Mr. M. O. E. Patel advocated the next elections on the present basis of franchise.

Mr. A. P. Sabawala repudiated the suggestion that the Federated Group were using tactics to obstruct the resolution regarding Adult Franchise. As a matter of fact, he said, he was approached by three well known members of the Congress Party that the Congress Party would move an amendment to refer the question back to the Law and Revenue Committee and there it would remain for other six months.

The Municipal Commissioner pointed out the difficulties as enumerated in his letter and asked the Corporation to expedite the matter.

Mr. Motichand G. Kapadia assured the House that the Congress Party was not afraid to face the next elections whether they were held in 1943 or 1944. The resolution was brought before the House, so that the difficulties of the Municipal Executive might be appreciated in preparing the electoral rolls without any data or basis.

Mr. R. A. Gole challenged the Federated Group to resign as a protest, if they wished and seek re-election and take the chance if they would come back again in the Corporation.

Mr. Soonderdas Morarji expressed his confidence that whenever the elections took place, the Congress Party would come in a thumping majority.

Mr. M. N. Talpade also spoke.

The resolution was put to vote and carried by a large majority.

The House also agreed to the resolution of Mr. Mohanlal M. Desai to request the Municipal Commissioner to submit a report for establishing a Public Relations Department to serve as an Information Bureau on Municipal matters and to serve as liaison between the Municipality and the people.

The House then adjourned till Monday.

ANNOUNCING
Our appointment to H.H. the Maharaja of Jammu & Kashmir

SRINAGAR, KASHMIR.

H.H. Raj Rajeshwar Maharajadhiraj Shri Maharaja Harisinghji Bahadur,
Inder Mahindar, Sipar-i-Saltanat-i-Inglishia,
G.C.S.I., G.C.I.E., K.C.V.O., LL.D.
is pleased to appoint
Messrs. Surajmal Lallubhai & Co. of Bombay
as Jewellers
to His Highness.

By Command of His Highness the Maharaja Bahadur.
Rai Bahadur, Dewan,
Minister-in-Waiting.
4.9.1941
4th September, 1941.

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CRICKETT SMITH
with
MICKY HENNESSY.

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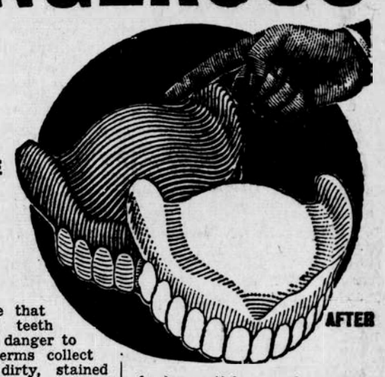

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The Bombay Chronicle

DISBAND DEOLI

Mr. N. M. Joshi's adjournment motion in the Central Legislative Assembly on the Deoli hunger-strike was foredoomed to failure in the House as at present constituted. But for that very reason Government's spokesman might have been at least fair and dignified in his reference to prisoners who were starving and unable to defend themselves against his petty gibes and accusations. These men are not criminals. They may be, for aught one knows in the absence of judicial trial, as innocent as their critics in the Assembly. Their grievances are many and long-standing. When they were not redressed and the prisoners went on a hunger-strike some months ago, they were persuaded to suspend it on the understanding that their grievances were being considered by Government. To help both Government and the prisoners in bringing about a settlement Mr. N. M. Joshi visited the camp in July and published his impressions and suggestions shortly after. That his findings were reasonable is clear from the fact that Government approvingly published the other day lengthy extracts from his report. Gandhiji, who never approves of clamour for unnecessary amenities by prisoners, described Mr. Joshi's recommendations as "over-moderate." The main recommendations were repatriation of the prisoners to their provinces, abolition of class distinctions, provision for families, and adequate allowances for themselves. Though the recommendations were "over-moderate", the prisoners adopted them in the hope of a speedy settlement.

Callous Delay

Government, however, are still delaying their decisions, and when in their desperation the prisoners go on a hunger-strike, Government make that an excuse for further delay. The Home Member said in effect: "Even if the demands are reasonable, we refuse even to consider them so long as the hugner-strike lasts, whatever the consequences." Callousness can hardly go further. The Home Member also made an unworthy attempt to show that the prisoners were practically rolling in luxury as in one month they could purchase from their allowances quantities of honey, apples, almonds and 827 bananas. But as Mr. Jamnadas Mehta pertinently pointed out, even if 1,500 bananas were supplied in a month to the 200 prisoners, it meant only one fourth of a banana each, and those nineteen tins of honey for a month divided among two hundred prisoners "would be enough to wet their teeth and there would be nothing to go down their throat." It is, indeed, a cruel and unworthy joke to suggest that the detenus live a life of luxury. The Home Member utterly failed to show that the detenus' demands were unreasonable. His plea that they were not genuine as being necessary for physical well-being but were only political propaganda is no argument but is only attributing motives. Two hundred men are not likely to invite pangs of hunger unless they are conscious of a grave wrong.

Expedite Justice

If Government have a sense of fairness and justice, they must stop indulging in irrelevant arguments. They must impartially and impersonally consider the justice of the demands, and, as Gandhiji suggests, "justice should be expedited in order to alleviate avoidable suffering." As regards food the public will readily support Gandhiji's view expressed in the following words in his latest statement: "It is cruel to distinguish between the food of the different classes. The needs in the majority of cases of the political prisoners are identical. I suggest that the rations of all political prisoners should approach what is known as balanced diet with the permission to replenish it at the prisoner's expense." This is for all politicals in all prisons. So far as the Deoli Camp is concerned, the universal demand is that it should be disbanded at once and the prisoners should be sent to their own respective provinces. As Gandhiji remarks, "it is wrong from every point of view to bring prisoners from their provinces and concentrate them in a place where there is no facility either for provision of medical assistance or other amenities of life."

Significant Warning

British authorities have issued a significantly last warning to their nationals in Japanese occupied China to quit almost immediately. In view of the growing bellicosity of Japanese pronouncements both by responsible statesmen and the press, this is a wise move. It is also a wise move if Japanese threats constitute only a part of what is called a "war of nerves" because it amounts to a counter-warning to Japan that Britain is ready. But effectiveness against Japan demands a united front of all Pacific Powers. Together they are decisively stronger than Japan. The navy which they already possess is sufficient to immobilise the Japanese fleet with the assistance of air craft and Russian submarines. On land they are not only stronger than the Japanese but also much better situated. In the air they are definitely superior and, what is more, can devastate the very heart of Japan in a matter of weeks. In fact, Japan will be disastrously beaten if dealt with by a united front. And that, too, in a very short time.

Poppy Day

We gladly publish on this page to-day a letter from Col. Hammond, President of the ex-Services Association of India (Bombay Broach). In Col. Hammond's defence of himself he appears to plead "instructions from General Headquarters, Simla". We believe Col. Hammond when he tells us in effect that the root of the trouble is even further up than Col. Hammond. The whole basis of this appeal is wrong, unjust and unfair. The very letter head on which Col. Hammond writes is that of "The ex-Services Association of India". Why should it profess to be an ex-Services Association *of India?* Or, alternatively, how can an ex-Services Association *of India* make an appeal for funds from which Indian personnel is deliberately debarred? Col. Hammond quotes a passage from instructions from G.H.Q., which runs "the interests of Indian ex-Servicemen are adequately provided for by other arrangements, administered by the Indian Soldiers' Board....." Our point is that whoever are looking after the interests of Indian ex-Servicemen are making no appeal on Poppy Day and though moneys earmarked by an individual can be sent for Indian ex-Servicemen, there is no general appeal on their behalf and no organisation collects for them on Poppy Day. It seems ridiculous to suppose that a man buying a poppy on Poppy Day can tell the seller to earmark the proceeds for Indian personnel. That is the gist of our contention and to that there is no adequate answer. Col. Hammond says that the passage from G.H.Q. speaks for itself. It certainly does.

AS I SEE IT

By D. F. KARAKA

There is too much to cover. Issues are getting better defined every day. Public opinion in India is coming to two definite conclusions:

(1) The war is coming nearer and in self-defence and to save ourselves from perishing we must not be found unprepared. Observers in Turkey, according to a Reuter message, suggest that Hitler may direct his next move towards us through the Caucasus rather than risk a direct attack on the British Isles. Therefore, for our own sakes, we must think, in terms of our own defence.

(2) Britain, as represented by its official spokesmen, and Englishmen in India, is really not interested in playing the game as far as we are concerned. As far as the ruling classes of Britain are concerned they are going to take the chance of holding India after the war on their own terms, if Britain wins the war or, alternatively, of losing India along with losing the war—in which case what does India matter to the Englishman? But if they win—so think the British ruling classes—this will be the granary of the Empire, this will be the hope of those generations of Englishmen who will survive—this will be their reward.

Such is roughly the Anglo-Indian situation to-day—the true state of feeling which Britain has for us. This much is certain that India is not being fooled by any official spokesmen. We know quite clearly that Government get all they need from India—except the moral backing of this country and that on Britain's terms is impossible in any case. Britain has got the army and Britain is prepared to pay for the loyalty of the industrialist or as a last resort commandeer the resources of industry, if necessary. Industrialists in India are first and foremost thinking as industrialists in World War II. One doesn't blame them. I mention this merely to explain the advantage that Britain has over Indian nationalism. The industrialists are on the side of Britain, because Britain pays and nationalism is not paying a dividend these days. The dead soldiers of France, if they could have picked from their bodies the bullets with which they were riddled, would have found French steel in their bodies even as it had got into their souls. Industry had hitherto sold its wares to the highest bidder, irrespective of nationalism and of moral values. Industry cannot live and cannot be expected to live on moral values. You can't pay a shareholder a dividend in self-respect or in honour. And so with the money to buy what it wants, the ruling class in Britain is in no mood to make "gestures" to Indian nationalism.

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But the Indian is not doing so badly either. There has grown up in India to-day a very powerful section that belongs to no particular party, but which thwarts Britain at every move Britain makes to mislead the world and particularly the American public on the state of affairs in India. Of course, its means are limited. Censorship, propaganda and communications are not in its hands. Here is, for instance, a story I heard this week, which I repeat for what it is worth. H. H. the Maharajah of Jaipur is in Bombay at the moment, having returned from "somewhere in the Middle East", where we saw him photographed by the official British photographers, filmed shaking hands with high military officials etc.,—all to give the world the impression that the princes were one with Britain. What the British official news agency did not tell us, however, in pictures, films or despatches, was of the move this young Indian prince made while he was there to get something done for the Indian wounded. It appears, from reports I have received, that Jaipur spoke to Sir Miles Lampson and his wife about this and asked whether they (which I suppose meant Britain) would mind if Jaipur got something for the Indian wounded.

The Lampsons welcomed Jaipur's help. Jaipur's idea was that, with the help of some of his rich friends and brother princes, he could raise some funds for this very deserving cause. Jaipur, so the story I have heard goes, therefore, wrote to some of his friends and brother Princes. On his return to India he finds that none of his letters on the subject ever got to his friends. The question that is relevant to our case is: "What did Jaipur write in that letter and why was this letter never delivered?" So you see—you and I who are small fry in this war!—this news diminishes the value of the propaganda the Government built round Jaipur. Government will never know how to build up propaganda. Government haven't got the right men. And the Department handling propaganda has not the brains for the job—a tall statement, I admit, but one made with full realisation of its implication and with a first-hand knowledge of the subject. If the men in charge of propaganda have no idea of the mass mind, no idea of Indian psychology, how can they be expected to get the results which propaganda is striving to achieve. You have got to have two main things before your propaganda can be successful:

(1) A fundamental honesty

(2) An elementary conception of what is required for propaganda.

I have been saying this now to every person connected with the great propaganda machine of Government whom I may have had the chance of meeting and conveyed these views more than once to those whom I never see. Not today, not tomorrow, but someday they'll realise there was some sense in what I have been trying to say.

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In the meanwhile another little detail catches my eye, which I must refer to. I am not and never have been very interested in sport. It is not my line. It is not my calling. Occasionally I appear at a sporting function, but it is chiefly for amusement. Recently, however, a vital decision has been taken in the world of sport which affects me. It is the move to end the dying Pentangular, and to kill once and for all this obnoxious feature of communal sport. I am interested in this not as a sportsman, because I am not entitled to call myself one, but because I am interested in the killing of any feature that is perpetuated merely to keep alive the spirit of separatism which has been the bane of our existence. Among recent official moves two are of some importance—(1) the decision of the U. P. Cricket Association to refrain from participating in those items and fixtures which are communal. (2) the decision of the Jam Saheb of Navanagar, which is one of the leading houses in cricket, to debar any of his players from taking part in communal cricket. The reason why this interests me is because I see that an Indian prince and the Mahatma talk the same language on an occasion like this and it is this unifying of our thought that is going to be the most powerful weapon for the attainment of our independence. Propaganda chiefs must move restlessly in their seats to explain away this phenomenon of two such opposing interests in India speaking if only for a moment a common language. Add to that some of the things the Muslim said and, say mister, its a tough job explaining away.

★

As an Indian I get an intense delight seeing the leader of the House (an Indian by accident of birth) squirm as he faces the barrage of questions levelled at him—poor fellow, tongue-tied, pathetically unrepresentative of the Government to which he belongs, pathetically unrepresentative of the people. Mr. Aney had to say again and again that he could not, (that he was not allowed to?) (that he dare not?) interpret the Churchill declaration on the Atlantic Charter. Sardar Sant Singh said that he supposed India would have to wait to be overrun by Hitler before the Atlantic Charter could apply to it. The House laughed. But it was no laughing matter. To me it was one of the bitterest things any Indian has said and if Government had any imagination, it would have read something between the lines. Full marks to Dr. Deshmukh who said: "Why don't you wait till we fraternise and come together before you take our blood and our money for the war?" That was bitter enough. Any Englishman with any self-respect would and should feel uncomfortable hearing this from an Indian. Which reminds me—it might be well for some of the American journalists to listen in to these debates in the Assembly. They will learn a few things about India, different from what they will at cocktail parties at Government House.

And so the war rolls on and so rolls on the cause of democracy. I use the word "democracy" feeling a little self-conscious and a little uncomfortable, like a poor charwoman who is handling a mink coat that is resting on a chair in her Ladyship's parlour. But even the meek will one day inherit the earth.

Frankly Speaking

British Shipping Position

In the Senate debate on the U. S. Neutrality Act, the anti-Administration Senator Taft made an interesting statement to the effect that "Britain now has 25,000,000 tons shipping which is 4,000,000 more than when war was declared." Senator Taft was trying to argue against the operation of American ships in combat zones, but his statement, and particularly the inference he wanted drawn from it are not quite correct. In the first place the total tonnage at Britain's disposal is, according to more objective estimates, less than 25 million. Moreover, peace time strength by no means represents war time necessities. When war started Britain had the assistance of the French mercantile marine. That she lost over a year ago. But the loss was made up by Norway, Holland, Greece and some foreign ships in the U.S.A. Thus what Britain had and needed was much greater than what she now has, which is an irreducible minimum in war time. Senator Taft was, of course, exaggerating. But it is interesting to note that he opposed only the operation of American ships in combat zones and not the arming of them.

Massacres In France

The massacre of innocent "hostages" in Nantes and Bordeaux sent through the whole world a wave of horror and indignation against the Germans. It even led to some sort of protest by His Holiness the Pope himself. This brutality, however, did not cow the French down and we are confident that, despite the serious risks involved, the French would have registered their national protest yesterday afternoon as directed by General de Gaulle. Public reaction throughout the world as well as France has had its effect, and further executions have been postponed indefinitely by order of the Fuhrer. But the doomed "hostages" do not owe their deliverance to Vichy. Nor is it possible to accept the Swiss report that the massacres have resulted in a "cooling off in Franco-German relations". Vichy is too completely subservient to Berlin for any possible revival of feelings of patriotism or national honour.

The Ankara Parade

Reuter's Ankara correspondent reports that Herr von Papen was present at the great military parade to celebrate the anniversary of Turkish Republic. It would have been a significant experience for him to watch the march past of Turkish soldiers wearing British steel helmets, American howitzers and British anti-aircraft and anti-tank guns. And, of course, he knows that Turkey possesses Anglo-American aircraft, too. But while the whole display constituted a hint to Herr von Papen, it also had a meaning for Britain and America. Turkey to-day is a bastion of defence against Nazi advance into the Middle East and, as such, is entitled to ungrudging assistance in strengthening her defences.

Noteworthy Speech

At the "America First" rally at Maddison Square in New York, Colonel Lindberg belied his own gloomy prophecy made some time earlier as regards the future of freedom of speech in America. But what we are concerned with here is the speech made by Mr. Cudahy, a diplomat turned journalist who, till recently, was "covering" Germany and, therefore, knows the situation first hand. Pleading for a peace conference to be called by President Roosevelt, Mr. Cudahy declared: "Hitler would not dare to oppose such an offer after the terrible casualties in Russia" and added: "Hitler would rapidly pass into eclipse if he opposed the will of his generals and people". Two points are worthy of note. First that German casualties in Russia have been "terrible" and second they have been so terrible that both the German people and the German Generals themselves would be glad if it were all over.

Scandalous

A question in the Central Legislative Assembly elicited the startling information that certain Australians had been appointed as officers in the Indian Army on the ground that there was an acute shortage of officers required for the expanded Indian Army and urgent need for making up this shortage. It is a scandalous state of things in which Indians are denied adequate opportunities for training as officers and the small number of Indian officers is made an excuse for dumping foreigners here at the people's expense. It is even doubtful if Indian officers were really unavailable for the posts in question and if they could not be trained rapidly. The Indian members of the Viceroy's Council must demand the replacement of the Australian officers by Indians at the earliest possible date.

The I.M.S. Anomaly

The I. M. S. is supposed to be a military service and its members should by this time have been all summoned for war service or pensioned off if they were too old for it. But it appears from a reply to a question in the Assembly that about 42 per cent. of the I. M. S. officers are still working on the civil side, most of them not even forming part of the war reserve. The fact is that these men fill key posts and are unwilling to transfer them to Indians. And the Secretary of State, to whom they are responsible in the last analysis, is ever obliging to them. This is another scandal and the only way to end it is, as Dr. Rajan pointed out the other day, that the civil side of the medical organisation should be entirely under the control of the Provincial Governments.

Film Problem Of The Hour

By P. V. PATHY.

On October, 1940, the Government of India appointed a body of men to foster the growth of a neglected orphan, the Indian short film. To this body of men an adviser was presented, a documentary expert, Mr. Alexander Shaw. October, 1941, the expert from England, it has been announced in the Press, was leaving the Board and Mr. V. Shantaram, the well-known producer of feature films whose productions, exclusively for the Prabhat Studios in the past years, have been generally very popular and, in some cases, outstanding among Indian pictures, was to take over charge of the post.

A strange month this October! October, 1941—I feel this is no irrelevant digression—sees the city that had one of the world's great institutions for cinematography, Moscow, desperately fighting and resisting Nazi invasion. From the State School of Cinematography of Moscow came a group of men that gave OCTOBER, MOTHER, STORM OVER ASIA, POTEMKIN, THE EARTH, and QUE VIVA MEXICO—feature films that were mighty as productions and powerful as propaganda. Pudovkin, Einstein, Dovjenkho and their school created these films. A decade has gone since the day I saw the first of these films in Paris at the Studio 28, the cinema that exhibited 'Advance guard' films. All the productions of this school became very popular, some of them being shown all over the world. France took kindly to the new technique and Rene Clair came out with his great SOUS LES TOITS DE PARIS and LE MILLION. Robert Flaherty brought out the MAN OF ARAN which to my knowledge smashed the box office in the Theatre des Champs Elysees. The G.P.O. Film Unit evolved the short documentary and productions like NIGHT MAIL, were highly appreciated and successful. Films by Grierson, Rotha, Elton, Basil Wright, and Anthony Asquith place the documentary school in England on a very high level. The last decade certainly saw the growth of the documentary film; to-day, it is recognized by every Government and film producing unit of many a country in the world for propaganda and dissemination of news. For nearly fifty years America has been releasing newsreels and their short films of the last decade have been mostly in colour.

It is interesting to note, in view of all this progress, that very few short films were produced in India. It was only within the last year that even the Prabhat Studios established the Prabhat Educational Films Limited. As for the feature, on the other hand, of the romantic documentary type it is extremely difficult to find a single Indian production that has been released in the several capitals of Europe, America, or other countries with outstanding success. That is where the short 'resume' of the documentary in the preceding paragraph is very illuminating; the rapidity with which the short film has gained importance in the eyes of our producers since the establishment of the Film Advisory Board.

* * *

The film problem of the hour is the short film; for, and I conclude this from the recent announcements in the Press, that Mr. Shantaram will take charge of a Board appointed by the Government of India. If information, broadcasting, and film publicity are grouped together by the Government of India, it seems relevant to ask why it is that if broadcasting can have a Controller in Delhi and stations in important cities each with its own Station Director,—selected by the Federal Public Service Commission—the Film Board is centred in Bombay and its Adviser is nominated.

Film publicity has to-day gained official recognition; the Film Advisory Board of 1940 has little claim to any outstanding productions that it has produced and released in this country and abroad. To a certain extent weather conditions, lack of optical printers, and efficient laboratory technique account for the technical flaws. Nevertheless, at least for 1941 a Board composed of expert and educated technicians, newsreel and publicity experts, and producers could be organized, and necessary machinery, too, be imported. Such a Board with its Film Units in all Provinces can give productions both for the Indian and the foreign market; but I find it hard to believe that one adviser or director of productions and a Board can deliver propaganda or documentary films for millions in

(Continued on Page 8.)

TÊTE-À-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

Mr. Mehta further said that he would give such instances as would make any one laugh at the foolishness of the Jail authorities. Mr. Dulichand Shah, who was in 'B' class, had been afforded full facilities to have his teeth extracted at the Mayo Hospital.

Only one tooth had remained to be pulled out when a new policy was brought into force. Mr. Shah had to go with one tooth sticking out in his oral cavity. It could be imagined what the plight of a man with a solitary tooth trying to eat. The jaws could not come together without causing pain and Mr. Shah had to swallow his food.

—Nagpur report of an interview with Mr. D. K. Mehta, ex-Minister for Jail, just released from imprisonment.

* * *

Sir Shanmukham Chetty informed the I.L.O. conference that post-war employment problems were already under consideration by the Indian Government.

Even more. In fact, during the "duration" itself several employment problems have actually been solved as witness the employment of so many—yes, quite.

* * *

According to a British paper "it seems as though Mr. Jinnah's gesture is little more than political manoeuvring in the hope of establishing a stronger position in the unending dispute with the Congress party."

This discovery, however, does not delight the paper because—Mr. Jinnah has boycotted the Central Legislature 'a la' Congress.

* * *

British authorities have given a solemn and last warning to British women and children to evacuate Japanese occupied China.

Which shows that British, too, can play the nerve war game just as well as the Japanese.

* * *

British correspondents are busy speculating as to the direction in which the Nazis would strike from the Donetz.

A better pastime would be to try to guess where the British would strike—if at all.

* * *

A former United States Ambassador to Moscow expresses the belief that the Russian of the last decade showed extreme foresight by M. Stalin.

Quite quite. And the British statesmen, too, would thoroughly agree—now.

* * *

London Chorus To Roosevelt's Speech

—Headline.

"There will always be a near-belligerent America!"?

* * *

A Swiss paper reports a "cooling off in Franco-German relations" as the result of the massacre at Nantes and Bordeux.

Or rather cold fear in Vichy.

* * *

According to Senator Taft, Britain now possesses 25 million tons of shipping which is 4 million more than when the war started.

This is letting down Doctor Goebbels and he must justifiably feel angry with this anti-Roosevelt Senator.

* * *

Mr. John L. Lewis has suspended the strike in the "captive" mines.

This is regarded as a triumphant for Roosevelt. And it certainly is. It took the President no more than a six hour conference to make a captive of the great Lewis.

* * *

My wife is a nice woman, but she simply has no idea about money.

Perhaps you have never given her a chance to find out about it.

"Poppy Day Scandal"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir, — You have chosen to make an attack on me in your issue on the 30th October, 1941 under the heading "Poppy Day Scandal."

I quote a passage from General Headquarters, Simla, sent to all branches on the 5th August, 1941:—

"In order to remove the possibilities of further misapprehensions on the part of the public such as have occasionally occurred in the past, the Headquarters Executive Committee requests Branches to make it particularly clear in any appeals or announcements they issue that the Poppy Day Appeal is necessarily and deliberately an appeal on behalf of British ex-Servicemen only.

"The interests of Indian ex-Servicemen are adequately provided for by other arrangements, administered by the Indian Soldiers' Board, which are better adapted to the circumstances of Indian ex-soldiers and their dependents.

"All sums received in response to the Appeal will terefore, if not earmarked at the Indian Soldiers' Board, be utilised for the relief of British ex-Servicemen and of Anglo-Indians who were enlisted as combatants during the last war."

This speaks for itself.—Yours etc.,

W. H. HAMMOND,

Will Japan Take The Plunge?

Australian Premier's Reply To Nazi Admiral's Challenge

CANBERRA, Oct. 31.

The Australian Prime Minister Mr. Curtin has replied to the German Admiral Lutzow's recent hint to Japan that Australia could easily be invaded. He was quite sure that Japan knew the position far better than Admiral Lutzow. He said that Admiral Lutzow was trying to create diversions by inducing Japan to fight for Germany. A year ago, German propagandists said that Britain could be invaded. They knew better now. Mr. Curtin said that Australia wanted to see a peaceful Pacific Ocean, but was determined to resist any aggression and was well prepared to do this. For two years, Australia had not believed itself immune from enemy ambitions and had acted accordingly and was not acting alone.

NOT AN EASY JOB FOR JAPAN

WELLINGTON, Oct. 31.

The latest prompting of Japan by Germany to join in an Axis attack on Australia might also apply to New Zealand, said the Labour Minister Mr. Webb in an address to the workers at the Naval Base at Auckland. He believed that Japan knew that it would not be an easy task to take Australia and New Zealand, and doubted whether Japan would heed the German's advice. If she did everyone in New Zealand would have to play his part.

BRITISH PRESS ON FAR EAST CRISIS

LONDON, Oct. 31.

The "News Chronicle" writes:—Although the barometer of the Far Eastern crisis as its ups and downs, the tendency is for the situation as a whole to deteriorate.

Japan's military and economic problems are so grave already that an Axis victory seems to offer the only hope of extrication. Before long therefore, she may take the plunge. Like Italy, if she wants to commit herself, she cannot be deterred. Like Italy, her position in peace or war is very far from being a strong one, and the course of the "ABCD" plus "R" powers is clear. They must maintain intact their firm united front and concede nothing.

NO APPEASEMENT OF JAPAN

"Japan's new Prime Minister has seized another occasion to declare that he is more fiercely militarist than any of his fleeting predecessors" says the "Daily Telegraph" in a leading article on "the eastern storm clouds." "He has called upon his countrymen for more and more aggression. It is the greatest honour that the task of establishing greater East Asia co-prosperity sphere has been bestowed upon us" cries General Tojo. The telegraph asks: "What authority bestows the task of massacre and rapine? It is certainly neither human nor divine. General Tojo can neither persuade nor frighten America into a settlement which would give Japan domination of the Far East. Her militarists have by their violence established against such an aim a Pacific front of six nations Gen. Tojo's voice is still for war. Anything like a declaration against anyone is however postponed. The General has arranged to address the diet a fortnight hence.

The pause of a fortnight for reflection may however be salutary to Japan's hot heads. It is now suggested that unless America yields, General Tojo will publicly renew Japan's pledges under the three-Power and anti-Communist Pacts. The threat is not terrific. The Russian front, the Pacific front and the Middle East are factors which the militarists must now evaluate together."—Reuter.

CONSULS TO RETURN TO JAPAN

KARACHI, Oct. 31.

Japanese Consul M. Ohno and Vice-Consul M. Yamana at Cairo who are returning to Japan, arrived here during the week accompanied by their staff. They left for Bombay by train yesterday.—A. P.

OVER 200 JAPANESE TO SAIL FROM BOMBAY

The Japanese Government chartered N. Y. K. liner "Hie Maru" docked in Bombay on Friday on her homeward run with 81 Japanese passengers returning home from Africa and the Persian Gulf ports. The liner, which is the last provisionally booked to touch an Indian port till a clarification of the situation in the Far East, will sail on Saturday with over 200 Japanese men and women who have gathered in Bombay from all parts of the country to meet the liner.

THAI DEFENCE PROVISIONS

Draft Finance Bill For 101 Million Baht In Offing

BANGKOK, Oct. 31.

"All time" high defence estimates, an "all time" high budget and no new taxation, were the features revealed by the Thai Finance Minister, Mr. Luang Pradit Manutham at a press conference to-day, outlining the provisions of the Draft Finance Bill for the fiscal year starting in January.

The total defence expenditure is estimated at a 101 million baht compared with 30 million in the last complete fiscal year (October 1939 to September 1940).—Reuter.

CHINA'S FEAT OF ENGINEERING

International Trade Route For Supplies To Chungking

LONDON, Oct. 30.

One of the most amazing feats of modern engineering has just been completed by the Chinese Government in the form of a great new international trade route, the Szchwan-Yunnan highway.

The importance of the road is that it offers a duplication and shortening of the route which brings supplies to Chungking from the outside world through the Burma Road.

It also brings fresh possibilities for developing the vast resources of China's westernmost provinces; experts who have spent many months investigating agree that there is at least 30 million tons of iron ore and over 200 million tons of coal to the south of the province of Sinkiang. The proximity of these deposits will be invaluable in the creation of a great industrial base here. A development Corporation with a capital of 70 million Chinese dollars of which 40 million dollars is held by Government, has been formed for the exploitation of these districts.

Some indication of the engineering feat is shown by these comparative figures. The highest point on the Burma Road is 2,600 metres above sea-level, and the difference between this and its lowest level is 1,900 metres. The Szechwan-Yunnan road reaches a height of 2,835 metres, and the maximum difference in levels is 2,400 metres.—Reuter.

Manchester November Handicap Final Call-over

LONDON, Oct. 31.

The Cesarewitch winner "filator" was backed to win 6,000 sterling at the final Manchester November Handicap call-over and finished up a 5/1, favourite.

Miss Dorothy Paget's "Jamaica Inn" is supported to 6,500 sterling and is now second favourite at 9/1 While Sir Victor Sassoon's Royalist is next at 19/2 having been backed to win 4,500 sterling.—Reuter.

NEHRU IS INDIA!

A Special illustrated article about the most dynamic personality in Indian politics who completes today one year of his latest term in jail

in the next Sunday Edition of

The Bombay Chronicle

SUNDAY NOV. 2

"War Is Disguised Blessing"

Hastens Industrialisation And Brings About National Unity

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.

Genuine social reform as the concrete basis for post-war reconstruction was demanded by Senor Juan Pradenas Munoz, the Chilean Labour Minister, opening the Fifth Session of the International Labour Office Conference.

Senor Munoz stated, "The American countries, have achieved political but not economic and social democracy." Senor Munoz outlined the Chilean labour situation and demanded of the International Labour Office to adopt a resolution for improving South American labour conditions establishing higher wages for women and ensuring recognition of Chilean economic necessities by the United States Government.

Chinese hope of a Pacific Charter supplementing the Atlantic Charter was expressed by Mr. Shawkinn Wei, Adviser to the Chinese Ministry of Economic Affairs and Employers' delegate to the International Labour Office Conference, who described the effect of the destruction of coastal China in driving refugees inland to find work in new interior industrial centres.

Mr. Emil Frank Horn, South African Consul in New York and Government Delegate, told the conference that in South Africa the result of the war was the intensification of collaboration of Government employers and workers.

HIT BY MAST BUT RESCUED BY CREW

Admiral Creighton's Story Of Jutland Battle

LONDON, Oct. 30.

Rear Admiral K. E. L. Creighton, who served in the battle of "Jutland" described to-day how he was rescued when the ship in which he was serving torpedoed in a half gale of wind and sank in 90 seconds.

There was possibility of putting out the boats. The Admiral was thrown into the water and hit on the head by the mast of the sinking ship. When he came to the surface he swam about until he was finally picked up by a raft on which were ten members of the crew.—Reuter.

HEAVY DUST STORM AT TOBRUK

CAIRO, Oct. 31.

A Middle East Communique states:

LIBYA: At Tobruk a heavy dust storm yesterday evidently interfered with enemy movement, as British patrol continuing their operations over a wide area met no opposition.

In the frontier area British patrols were again active. All objectives were reached and fully reconnoitred and British patrols returned without sustaining casualties from the desultory rifle and artillery fire encountered."—Reuter.

NOVEMBER 11 No Public Service This Year

LONDON, October 31.

His Majesty the King, it is officially announced, has decided that the usual service at the Cenotaph shall not be held this year and Government feel that in the present circumstances it would be preferable that other large services which have been the custom, held throughout the country on Armistice day, should not be held. In view of the risk of confusion with air raid warnings, it will not be possible to signal the two minutes silence.

November Eleventh will, however, be observed as Poppy Day and the British legion is making the usual, arrangements for the sale of poppies in aid of Earl Haig's Fund. The Archbishop of Canterbury has issued an announcement in which he says: "Although Armistice Day can no longer be observed in the customary manner, there will be a general desire that Sunday, November 9th be observed as a Day of Remembrance and Dedication. We shall remember also our fellow-countrymen and Allies, who have fallen in the present war and all whose lives have been cruelly sacrificed in lands now occupied and oppressed by the enemy. We shall also have in special remembrance the Russian armies.—Reuter.

HINDU MAHASABHA AT BHAGALPUR

Viceroy Asked To Intervene

MADRAS, October 29.

Dr. P. Varadarajalu Naidu, General Secretary of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha, has written to His Excellency the Viceroy asking for His Excellency's personal interference in regard to the ban placed by the Govrnment of Bihar on holding the next session of the Hindu Mahasabha at Bhagalpur, and thus to enable the Hindus to exercise their fundamental civic and constitutional rights of free association.—United Press.

Lady Metcalfe last evening opened the new building of the Lady Dufferin Hospital at Quetta which has been constructed on "quake-proof basis."

AUSTRALIA'S PLEDGE TO DEMOCRACIES

Empire's Arsenal Will Be Decisive Factor In War, Says Curtin

LONDON, Oct. 31.

"I give the Australian Government's pledge of adherence to the cause of Britain and her Allies and freedom loving people everywhere" said Mr. Curtin, the Australian Prime Minister, in a broadcast message to the British people on Friday.

Emphasising the cohesion of the Pacific Democracy against aggression, Mr. Curtin said: "Australia's stand in the war effort and the part she is playing and will play is as steadfast as the men of Tobruk. We will see this struggle through to the very end, let there be no mistake about that."

Praising Australian workers' feats of production, Mr. Curtin expressed the conviction that as the Empire's arsenal, Australia will be a decisive factor in the war. After an eloquent tribute to the heroism of the British people under air raids Mr. Curtin declared that German and Italian view that the change of Government in Australia had implied a lukewarm attitude to Britain has been effectively refuted

"NOT A MERE PAWN"

Referring to the Far-Eastern position, Mr. Curtin said that substantial co-operation now existing among the Pacific Democracies represented a very material advance in the common cause. "We have taken such steps as will ensure that Australia will not be a mere pawn in Pacific affairs, but will constitute a very real factor among those resisting aggression on the one hand and deterring aggressors on the other."—Reuter.

AUSTRALIAN CASUALTIES

CANBERRA, Oct. 31.

Total casualties of the Australian imperial forces upto September 25 were 13,143 the Army Minister, Mr. Forde announces. The total casualties for Britain and all the Dominions in the Middle East, Greece, Crete, Syria and Abyssinia, were 4,870 killed, 15,184 wounded, 28,477 missing and 6,580 prisoners.

United Kingdom casualties on land in this theatre were 29,176 and combined dominion casualties 25,933. Other British casualties in other theatres were 70,000. The Royal Navy casualties were 22,500 and R. A. F. 8,500. The United Kingdom troops engaged were five times the Dominion total.

"The figures prove the fiction of the lying attempts by Italy and Germany to insinuate that the mother country is not bearing its full share of the war", said Mr. Forde.—Reuter.

Curfew And Other Orders May Be Relaxed

BOMBAY, Friday.

A week has elapsed since the sudden burst of communal violence resulting in the death of 14 persons, as the result of assaults sustained in a single night.

During the week, except for two stray incidents, one of which proved fatal, on Sunday last, the city has been completely queit. It has also been comparatively free from the usual feeling of tension and panic.

If the present conditions continue, there is every expectation of the Curfew and other restrictive orders being relaxed considerably, in a day or two.

Well-Known Harijan Worker Assaulted

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 31.

News has been received here from Dholka that the well-known Harijan worker Ramjibhai has been assaulted by caste Hindus and that Gandhiji has been informed by wire. His advice has been sought for in this connection by Maha Gujarat Dalit Society.

AIR LINER CRASH.

"SAINT THOMAS" (Ontario) October 31.

A passenger air liner 'en route' to Buffalo (New York) from Detroit (Michigan) is reported to have crashed near Saint Thomas on Thursday night. The air liner carried 17 passengers and a crew of three.—Reuter.

Permission For Factory Of Over 200

The Government of Bombay has ordered that, in the areas specific below, no factory providing for the employment of 200 or more workers shall be erected or extended for the purpose of carrying on any manufacturing process, or working any vital piant except with the permission of the Government in the Home Department (Political—A.R.P.), and in accordance with such requirements as to lay-out, materials and construction as the Government may impose for the purpose of rendering the factory less vulnerable to air raids, or for the purpose of affording better protection to persons using or resorting to it

The areas are: the City of Bombay and the Ahmedabad, Kaira, Broach and Panch Mahals, Surat, Thana, Bombay Suburban, Ahmednagar, Nasik, Poona, Belgaum, Dharwar, Kanara, Kolaba and Ratnagiri districts.

This order is not, however, applicable to any factory which is under the control of the Central Government.

All Plump For Collaboration

Worker-Employer Relations At I. L. O. Conference

LONDON, Oct. 31.

"You can collaborate as much as you like when its over, but if we haven't won, it won't count any", was the warning given by Mr. George Gibson, Chairman of the British Trades Union Congress, to delegates at the International Labour Conference. He said that all the democracies were equally responsible with Great Britain for equipping the British forces.

Mr. Alexander Collie Low, Adviser to the British Employers' Delegation, outlined collaboration in Britain.

Mr. H. S. Malik, the Indian Government's Trade Commissioner in United States, reported on the growing organisation of employers and workers in India where greater national unity was resulting from the war.

Mr. Henry Moston, Secretary of the New Zealand Labour Department, outlined collaboration in New Zealand between Government, employers and workers.

Mr. Rihard Eddy, New Zealand workers delegate, who is the president of the New Zealand Union of Industrial Workers, described New Zealand workers as the best treated in the world.—Reuter

UNITED ARAB FRONT AGAINST NAZIS

LONDON, Oct. 30.

A significant statement was made by Emir Abdulla of Trans-Jordan as he prepared to leave Jerusalem for Baghdad and Mecca, cabled the "Daily Mail" Cairo correspondent on October 29.

Speaking to friends, he declared that the question of an Arab Federation should be left until after the war, and, "for the time being, the efforts of all Arabs should be concentrated on helping Britain to win the war."

This confirms the information which reached me recently that Emir Abdullah is aiming at the formation of a United Arab Front against Nazi aggression.

It is believed in Cairo that Nuri Said, the Iraqi Premier, may visit Cairo as soon as his talks with Emir Abdulla are completed.—Reuter.

"Axe" To Invade B. B. C. Timings

LONDON, Oct. 31.

The suggestion that home broadcasting should be closed down at an earlier hour in order to secure economy in the use of coal, gas and electricity is made in a report issued by the select committee on national expenditure.

It also suggests that substantial and needed relief in the demands on electric power stations could be given if the 8 a.m. morning news bulletins were discontinued

The Committee say that the imperative need for economy in lighting and heating has not been sufficiently impressed on the public and steps should be taken to secure voluntary savings by non-industrial users.—Reuter

CONGRESS PARTY AND ASSEMBLY

Only Attendance On Tuesday—No Participation in Debate

NEW DELHI, Oct. 31.

It is learnt that although the debate on the Indo-Burma Agreement will take place in the Central Assembly on Tuesday, November 4, the day on which the Congress Party has decided to attend, members of the Party will not take part in the debate. A meeting of the party has been called here for to-morrow.

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, leader will attend and in spite of the state of his health make a brief opening speech.—A. P.

Dr. Deshmukh's Wire To Bhulabhai

BOMBAY, Oct. 31.

The following telegram has been sent to Mr. Bhulabhai Desai leader of the Congress Party in the Assembly by Dr. G. V. Deshmukh from Bombay for the Party meeting to be held on first November at Delhi:—

"Please exert to get the freedom of attendance in the Central Assembly from the Congress authorities for our Party. Non-attendance now only means supporting the super ego of the leaders.—A. P.

Congress Majority In Viramgam Municipality

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 31.

The Congress has captured 14 seats while the Muslim League seven seats out of 25 seats of the Viramgam Municipality in the general election.

The remaining four were captured by Independent candidates.—A. P.

Delhi's Welcome To "C. R."

NEW DELHI, Oct. 31.

Mr. C. Rajagopalachari arrived in Delhi from Bombay this evening.

He was given a reception at the Delhi railway station on behalf of the Delhi Provincial Congress Committee.

Mr. Rajagopalachari is staying with Mr. Devadas Gandhi.—A. P.

Soviet Army Kept Intact

Strategical Withdrawal From Kharkov

(Continued from page 1)

crete in American style is undamaged and its vast blocks continue to dominate the entire city.

HUGE PLANT USELESS

The Germans will undoubtedly find the huge Kharkov tractor plant without equipment and rendered useless. The factory was designed and built with American technical aid and long ago was producing 50,000 tractors annually. Other factories to which the Soviet scorched earth policy was applied were the great locomotive and motor plants. Kharkov with its University theatres, symphony orchestra and cafes will now lose its usual vivacity, but as pointed out here the Soviet army in the south-west will be able to fight on unimpaired.—Reuter.

ARCHANGEL ROUTE OPEN IN WINTER

U. S. To Close Down Longer Route To Vladivostok

LONDON, Oct. 31.

There is now firm foundation for believing that the Russians can keep their great White Sea port of Archangel open throughout the winter, writes the "Daily Herald's" naval correspondent

One convoy of Allied supplies has been arriving there every week he adds. They were expected to stop soon, continues the correspondent, for Archangel is normally closed from November or December until May—blocked by ice. But the Russians have been developing their ice-breaker service. They have believed for some time that this port which is capable of accommodating hundreds of ocean-going steamers at a time can be kept sufficiently ice-free during the long winter for Allied supplies to get through.

"I understand", he writes, "that the Russians' confidence that they could keep Archangel open has largely influenced America to close down the other and longer route to Vladivostok."

Earlier

'RED' RESISTANCE STIFFENING

MOSCOW, Oct. 31

The German offensive against Orel and Tula, both on the southern sector of the Moscow front, has intensified and the Germans have managed to push the Russian forces back in places, according to the correspondent of the Russian newspaper "Pravda".

Since Thursday fierce fighting has obtained on these fronts and enemy activity of tanks and aircraft is increasing.

Soviet midnight communique states: "During October 30 our troops fiercely fought the enemy in the Volokolamsk, Mojaisk, Maloyaroslavetz and Tula directions. All attacks on our positions were beaten off with heavy losses.

"According to precise figures, 47 German aircraft were brought down on October 29 near Moscow and not 31 as previously reported."

Danger Still Acute

Soviet resistance on the southern front has continued to stiffen throughout the past week but the danger to the Russian defences is still acute.

The Germans are using large number of men in their drives and endeavouring to maintain the momentum of their advance, not sparing casualties.

The main lines of the German thrusts are still a frontal attack on Rostov and beyond Stalino into the eastern Donetz Basin in the direction of the Donetz river.

One village beyond Taganrog changed hands three times in a single day ending in the hands of the Russians.

The Soviet air force is playing a very important part in this sector having destroyed 21 enemy planes in two days' operations. A German aerodrome was also badly damaged.

In a leading article on winter war in Russia the "Times" comments: "The knowledge that all the gigantic effort of the enemy has not enabled him to rob our ally completely of the industries in the areas which he has successfully invaded is heartening at this sombre moment", referring to the successful evacuation of Kharkov.

The "Times" continues. "The Donetz in view of the fact that it can now so readily be turned from the north does not seem to promise opportunities for more than a prolonged rearguard action", and suggested that a possible line the Russians will hold will be that of the Don" down to the great bend and thence across open country to the confluence of the Don and the Donetz"

Writing of possible developments "The Times" leader continues, "Were the Germans to gain possession of both the Crimea and Rostov the Russians would not long be left in undisturbed possession of Novorossisk, the only other naval base in these waters at all comparable to Sebastopol."

The "Times" adds, "At this moment the pressure upon Turkey has become apparent. Some time ago Turkey was inclined to treat the discussion of this matter as unfriendly and tendacious—now she makes no secret of the fact that her time of testing may be near.

At all events Turkey is in a very different situation since the allied occupation of Syria, Iraq and Iran."

The "Times" concludes with the reflection, "If this campaign continues into the winter Germany may have some trouble with her own allies."—Reuter.

JAPAN'S NEW TAX DRIVE

Curtailing People's Surplus Purchasing Power

TOKYO, Oct. 31.

A new tax plan decided upon by the Japanese Cabinet "for the purpose of curtailing the surplus purchasing power of the people" will fall heavily upon "luxuries" according to an announcement by the Finance Ministry.

The plan calls for a fifty per cent increase on 'sake' (the common alcohol liquor of Japan), one hundred per cent on 'oahjon' 20 to 30 per cent on theatre and cinema admissions and 20 to 100 per cent on various "entertainment" and restaurant taxes.

Hotel bills and First and Second class train travel will see considerable increases in tax.

About the commodities in general, the Finance Ministry announces that the taxable scope will be widened and the minimum taxable limit lowered with taxes on luxuries raised from the per cent 20 per cent to 50 per cent. The increased taxation plan will come into effect in Japan and her overseas possessions as soon as possible after the Bill is passed by the Diet.—Reuter.

Shafaat Ahmed Khan For Bombay

NEW DELHI, October 31.

Sir Shafaat Ahmed, High Commissioner for India in the Union of South Africa leaves for Bombay tomorrow morning 'en route' to South Africa.—A. P.

Aney's Talks With Bhulabhai

NEW DELHI, Oct. 31.

The "United Press" learns that Mr. M. S. Aney had a long talk with Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, Leader of the Congress Party in the Central Assembly, at Birla House.—United Press.

PESHAWAR, Oct. 31.

Mohammed Farid Khan, Chief of Amb a border State west of Hazara, arrived at Peshawar to-day. He will stay here till November 5.—A. P.

Shanmukham Chetty On Post-War Employment Problem

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.

Post-war employment problems are already under consideration by the Indian and South African Governments, according to Sir Shanmukham Chetty, head of the Indian Purchasing Mission in the United States and Mr. William Johannes Devries, the South African workers' representative, at the Conference of the International Labour Office to-day.

Sir Shanmukham Chetty called the Conference an act of faith of the majority of the people of the world in the rule of law and in the ultimate triumph of humanity and justice."

He requested the Conference to consider international action to raise the living standards of the eastern workers and pointed out the neglected importance of agricultural workers.

The Half-Column
By "Dim"

Now that "The Bombay Chronicle" has itself taken up the Poppy Day question, I don't want to chip in with a Half-Column on it. But I will still draw your attention to it when necessary as it is to-day, when Col. Hammond's letter appears on the editorial page with the "Chronicle's" editorial comment on it in "Frankly Speaking". A number of persons have spoken or written to me about this and from what I can gather, Poppy Day in Bombay will suffer a little this year. The Commander-in-Chief has yet time to reconsider what he should say in his appeal on November 11. The strange thing is that those who have been infuriated by this distinction are men with money, heads of industrial concerns, titled Indians, who hitherto have donated well to this cause. And when these people, who are not Congressmen or even rabid nationalists, think the way they do, then I feel that Poppy Day this year is bound to suffer. If, therefore, you want to patch up this affair, you'll have to give some explanation why no such appeal is being made on Poppy Day on behalf of Indian ex-Servicemen by the Commander-in-Chief and by the ex-Services Association *of India*. Otherwise it is certain that there will shortly be a move to sell poppies of another colour on this day. And it would hardly be fitting that there should be competition on a day of universal mourning.

* * *

One of the ladies of the Bombay Women's Auxiliary Corps has given me a circular for which I have great pleasure in finding space in the Half-Column. The circular says:—

Members of the Bombay Women's Auxiliary Corps and their friends are asked to send at least one new or unsoiled book—English, Urdu, Hindi or Marathi—as a New Year Gift to sick and wounded men of the Forces. All books from Penguins upwards will be gratefully received. Donors who so desire may write some form of greeting for the New Year in their books before sending them to the Depot.

Books should be delivered to the Red Cross Office, 141, Mint Road, or to the Library Group in the War Supplies Depot, Town Hall, Bombay, before December 1st, marked "New Year Gift".

* * *

I like this move and may I suggest to the Committee that they could have an arrangement with local booksellers to issue vouchers, which lady helpers could take round the town and get signed by those who may be too lazy to go to bookshops to buy books? These vouchers should be for cash or where persons have accounts credit vouchers. The booksellers would not mind giving a substantial discount for a good cause. They would also be selling larger quantities of books this way. The voucher should contain space to indicate the price of book, the type of book, the language. Thus price 5 rupees—novel—English. This way a greater number of books would be got.

You give us the order and we will deliver the books.

A new stock has just been received.

New Book Co.
Hornby Road, BOMBAY.

Umbergaon Agriculturists' Demands

A public meeting of the Umbargaon Taluka Agriculturists met at Shirgaon-Bhilad on Monday last, to consider the plight of the agriculturist due to famine conditions in the district. Resolutions recommending remission and suspension of assessment, postponement of revision survey in the Taluka, opening of cheap grain shops of seed supply Tagavi Loans, famine relief works like the construction roads and tanks were passed and forwarded to proper authorities. A resolution requesting the Congress Party to accept offices and help the ryots was also passed. A small committee under the presidentship of Mr. N. D. Deodhekar, M. L. C., was appointed for all future work in connection with the famine work.

'Buy Indian' Campaign

Radhakrishnan Urges Political And Economic Swadeshi

ALLAHABAD, October 30.

"The characteristic of India is not any race or any religion, but it is a tradition, an outlook, a way of looking at things which has dominated all the peoples of this country—a tradition which has made out that man is great not by what he has, but by what he is. There is a spiritual outlook which has knit together all those who have their abode in this great land," said Sir S. Radhakrishnan, Vice-Chancellor of the Benares Hindu University, performing the opening ceremony of the All-India Swadeshi Exhibition at Allahabad.

Continuing Sir Sarvapalli said: "Swadeshi is of two kinds—political and economic. Political Swadeshi is absolutely necessary to enable this country to deliver its message to the whole world. Unless we are politically free, our minds would never be free and this country would never be able to make the great contributions that are expected from it".

Dealing with economic Swadeshi, Sir Sarvapalli said: "We are in the midst of a great war, and we think we have an excellent opportunity of utilising this great occasion for introducing large-scale heavy industries. He said that if India had been industrially great today, it would have been possible for her to give assistance to Britain in much more direct and effective manner.

Concluding the speaker advocated a "Buy Indian" campaign and said that every country in the world happened to do it.—United Press.

FILM PROBLEM OF THE HOUR

(Continued from Page 6.)

India, I find it more difficult to believe that directors or producers whose features have not gained international repute are the men that will "deliver the goods." An official film publicity organization I maintain should have specialists from every branch of the film business and members selected from the leading men of the country—such a Board alone can produce the films that will be educational, healthy in their propaganda, Indian in concept, and international in their life.

A.-I. Muslim Students' Conference

NEW DELHI, October 31.

The first session of the All-India Muslim Girl Students' Conference will be held here in the first week of February. Begum Aizaz Rasul, Deputy President, United Provinces Legislative Council will preside. Miss Jinnah will inaugurate the Conference. A Reception Committee has been set up with Dr. Begum Ikramullah as Chairwoman.—A. P.

Bombay Legislatures Electoral Rolls

The electoral rolls or portions of the rolls relating to the respective areas of those constituencies of the Bombay Legislative Assembly and the Bombay Legislative Council for which the Collector of Surat has to prepare the rolls, have been published finally on November 1 at the following places:

BOMBAY LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY: The Headquarters office of the Returning Officer; the Headquarters office of the Collector of Surat (rolls relating to the Surat district); the Headquarters office of each municipal area (the part of the roll relating to the area); each Municipal ward (the part of the roll relating to the ward); the Headquarters office (chora or other public place) of each village (the part of the roll relating to the village); the Headquarters office of each taluka and mahal (the part of the roll relating to the taluka or mahal).

BOMBAY LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL: The Headquarters office of the Returning Officer, the Headquarters office of the Collector of Surat (rolls relating to the Surat district); the headquarters office of each taluka and mahal (the part of the roll relating to the taluka or mahal); the Headquarters office of each municipal area (the part of the roll relating to the area).

Copies of the rolls printed in English (European and Anglo-Indian are available for sale at the Government Book Depot, Bombay, and of all the rolls (English and Gujarati) at the Collector's Office, Surat.

Calcutta A. R. P. Cost

CALCUTTA, October 31.

It is learnt that the Government of Bengal are now engaged in preparing the revised budget estimate for A.R.P. work in the Province for the remaining period of the year 1941-42 as also for the year 1942-43. They have asked the Calcutta Corporation for an estimate of the expenditure which it will have to incur during the period for A.R.P. in the city work entrusted to it by the Government.—A. P.

Socialists Stand For

World Order Based On Non-Violence

But Purshottam Pleads For Satyagraha On Mass Scale

PATNA, Oct. 31.

"Our aim is the establishment of a world order necessarily to be based on non-violence and freedom. In view of this the Congress Socialist Party can never be against the principle of non-violence which nevertheless is not a creed with us; but situated as we are—an unarmed people and with the mechanised armies at the disposal of our rulers a violent struggle has to be ruled out."

Thus observed Mr. Purshottam Tricumdas, General Secretary of the All-India Congress Socialist Party, while presiding at the Bihar Provincial Congress Socialist Conference which commenced to-day.

PLEA FOR MASS SATYAGRAHA

Explaining the attitude of the Socialist Party towards the Satyagraha movement Mr. Purshottam pointed out that they were not at all satisfied with it in spite of Mahatma Gandhi's assurance to the contrary. They wanted it to be intensified into a mass struggle for freedom to which it would be open to every Indian to contribute his share "but if the Congress or rather Mahatma Gandhi cannot be persuaded to do so we still support it because the alternative of total inaction and constitutional talks so dear to Mr. Rajagopalachari and Mr. Satyamurthi will be utterly disastrous", he said. Of late there had been a recrudescence of such talk in spite of the Atlantic Charter. The speaker emphasised that the Socialist Party would fight this tendency with every ounce of its energy.

Referring to the position of India with regard to the present international conflict, Mr. Purshottam remarked that the British Government had seen to it that they Indians were kept utterly unprepared and defenceless so that they should cling to them as their protectors. This policy had been continued even after the declaration of the war.

This helplessness of theirs led the more timid and unthinking among them to talk of unconditional co-operation. But luckily they were in a minority, and the majority in the country did not succumb to the specious plea and knew and hoped that a great opportunity for freedom was at hand. That this opportunity had not been availed of was no fault of their people.

Mr. Purshottam stressed the need of the presence abroad of a few Indian representatives, like Mrs. Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya, whose duty would be to present the case of India to people "who usually got the British tablets of misinformation of the type of talking points of Mr. Amery." Such a need had become imperative and he hoped that the Congress would lose no time in making good this deficiency.

COMMUNAL ISSUE

As regards the communal problem the speaker remarked that his had been accentuated by the middle class politicians who visualised independence as jobs and more jobs and not food for the hungry masses and who were really not concerned with the problem itself. Their duty with regard to this problem, he urged, was to bring home to the masses of their people that they had nothing to fear from one another and that their interests were much more common with themselves than with their co-religionist landlords or capitalists or Indian Princes. "You as Socialists have no caste and by your word and need you will set an example to the masses which they will not be slow in following. If you do so you will have made a great contribution to the solution of the communal problem and to the achievement of real democracy in this country."

Criticising the tendency, noticeable among a certain section of political leaders after the entry in the war of the Soviet Union of co-operating with the Government in their war efforts, Mr. Purshottam said that to talk of co-operation with Britain in such a situation as prevailed at present was "senseless beyond measure and should be left to quick change artists." He, however, hoped that the Soviet Union would come safe out of the danger, which confronted it and regretted that they could do nothing to help it.

Mr. Purshottam in conclusion referred to the split in the All-India Kisan Sabha, which he thought had left the Party stronger in the field. He paid a tribute to the work done by the Bihar Provincial Socialist Party into the field (Kisan field) and remarked that this was a country of Kisans and so long as the Kisan remained disorganised, freedom would be far far away.—A. P.

Socialists Oppose Return To Offices

DARJEELING: October 29.

Mr. Purshottam Tricumdas, General Secretary of the All-India Congress Socialist Party, has arrived here on a short visit.

In a statement to the Associated Press Mr. Purshottam expressed himself against the move by certain Congressmen for resumption of office in the Congress majority Provinces, as he thought that resumption of office by the Congress would automatically mean co-operation with Government's war effort.

Mr. Purshottam is leaving for Calcutta this evening 'en route' to Patna to preside over the Bihar Provincial Congress Socialist Conference.—A. P.

KAMATH'S PLEA FOR MASS MOVEMENT

Says Congress Should Not Accept Offices

CHAPRA, Oct. 31.

A warning to the British Government that without a free India it would be difficult for them to win the present war was sounded by Mr. H. V. Kamath, Organising Secretary of the All-India Forward Bloc, while presiding over the Bihar Provincial Forward Bloc Conference here last evening.

"The British ruling classes are still dominated by ideas half a century old", he added, "and they are not aware that they are face to face with an India which is wide awake on India determined to be free and to lead the humanity along the path of peace and harmony.

FIRST OBJECTIVE

Proceeding, Mr. Kamath said that they had first to achieve their national freedom and independence before they could think of taking an active part in the present world struggle.

Mr. Kamath also criticised the present policy of individual Satyagraha pursued by the Congress under Gandhian leadership and said the present movement was an apology for a struggle and was absolutely ineffective. It was designed to secure a few constitutional concessions and had little concern with the interests of the masses.

Mr. Kamath advocated a mass movement in the near future and in order to prepare the ground for the same, suggested the intensification and promotion of Kisan Mazdoor and youth movements in the country.

He also pointed out that the Congress should not accept office at the present juncture for it would then mean surrender to the British Imperialism.

Concluding Mr. Kamath criticised the Pakistan move and exhorted the audience to dedicate their lives for the cause of freedom.—A. P.

Nimar D. C. C. Chief Released

(From A Correspondent.)

GONDIA, Oct. 30.

Pandit Sheosharan Pande, ex-public prosecutor, Khandwa, President of Nimar District Congress, was released to-day from the Nagpur Central Jail, after full term.

SRI PRAKASA FOR DELHI

BENARES, Oct. 31.

Mr. Sri Prakasa, M. L. A. (Central) left for Delhi this morning to attend party meetings to be held there and the Central Assembly on November 4.—A. P.

Karnatak Satyagrahis

The total number of Satyagrahis from Karnataka is 1,188 and fines imposed in these cases amounted to Rs. 25,555.

GIRJASHANKAR AGNIHOTRI'S PAROLE EXTENDED

Mahodaya And Mishra Re-arrested

JUBBULPORE, Oct. 31.

Owing to his father's death the parole period of Pandit Girjashankar Agnihotri, President of the Mahakoshal Provincial Congress Committee, has been extended for the fourth time by the provincial Government till November 5.

Doctor Jaggannath Mahodaya M.L.A. and Mr. Mishra, two Satyagrahis from Khandwa have been re-arrested at Khandwa on a charge of offering Satyagraha for the seconod time. A. P.

ARREST AT BROACH

(From Our Correspondent.)

BROACH, Oct. 30.

Smti. Hasmukhben, Secretary of the Broach Stree Mandal, who had notified her intention of offering Satyagraha to-day was arrested last nght at 2 a.m. under Sec 120 (A) of the Defence of India Act, at the residence of Dr. J. N. Vaishnav in Chunarwad. She was removed by the mail train to Sabarmati Jail. It may be mentioned that Smti. Hasmukhben had offered Satyagraha in January and suffered three months' imprisonment.

Rajabali Jailed

AHMEDABAD, October 31.

Mr. Rajabali Lakhani, who was arrested at Dholera in Ahmedabad District for offering Satyagraha, has been sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment.—A. P

Woman Satyagrahi Arrested Second Time

BROACH, (By Mail).

Shrimati Hasmukhben Mehta gave notice of her intention to offer Satyagraha in Jawar Bazar on Thursday last. Before she offered Satyagraha she was arrested under Sec. 129 of Defence of India Act, at midnight and taken to Sabarmati Central Prison by Gujarat Mail. The first time she offered Satyaghaha was in January when she was sentenced to three months, S. I.

Munshi For Amritsar

LAHORE, October 31.

Mr. K. M. Munshi, left for Amritsar this afternoon 'en route' to Ludhiana, where he will preside over the Akhand Hindustan Conference on November 2.—A. P.

HOW HE CAME BACK TO CONGRESS

Statement Of Prof. Indra

DELHI, (By Mail).

Prof. Indra has issued the following:—

As I find that there is some misunderstanding about my membership of the Indian National Congress, I am releasing for publication Mahatma Gandhi's decision about the point under discussion. The organiser of Delhi Satyagrah Committee put the question before Mahatma in the following words:—"He (Prof Indra) has now signed Congress membership from which I have accepted as an application for the said membership. He (Prof. Indra) maintains that according to both the letter and the spirit of Congress constitution quoted above, the question of use of non-violence in case of self-defence does not arise at all."

Following is Mahatmaji's reply: "Briefly put your question is this, is an applicant for admission to the Congress on his signing the prescribed form for admission entitled to it or is he not? My answer is he is entitled."

IN WAKE OF MUNSHI.

This question arose when immediately after resignation of Mr. K. M. Munshi from the Congress which he had to submit as a result of his differences with Mahatma Gandhi in the interpretation of the Congress policy with regard to the use of violence in self-defence, I informed the Congress organiser of Delhi about my own similarly difficult position in continuing to be a member. In the next enrolling session of the Congress membership I signed the Congress membership form as usual, with a note that in my opinion the present Congress constitution did not make it obligatory for every primary member to forego his right to use violence in self-defence.

I have now been informed that I am duly enrolled primary member of the Congress.

SUSTAINS FALL ON EVE OF RELEASE?

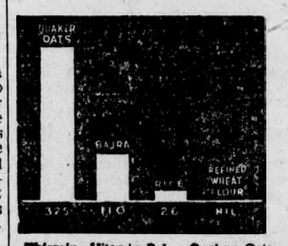
BENARES, Oct. 30.

Pandit Jiwanlal Trivedi of Mainpuri, a member of the U.P. Legislative Assembly, who was released from the Benares Central Jail five days before the expiry of his term of imprisonment under the Defence of India Rules, is lying in the Benares Civil Hospital, with a fractured right leg, reported to have been sustained from a fall in the jail on the day of his release.—A.P.

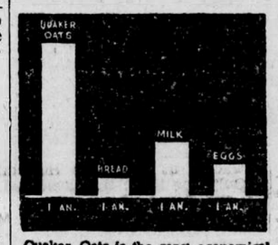
DIETETIC RESEARCH REVEALS
THAT PERFECT HEALTH IS IMPOSSIBLE WITHOUT THIAMIN (VITAMIN B1)

COMPARATIVE FOOD VALUES

Relative proportions of Protein content. Quaker Oats has twice the value of rice.



Thiamin—Vitamin B-1. Quaker Oats far outvalues the other foods in this vital essential.



Quaker Oats is the most economical source of Thiamin. Thiamin cannot be stored in the system, it must be replenished daily.

The Government of India Health Bulletin, says: "A diet largely composed of milled rice contains insufficient Vitamin B-1 and may give rise to Beriberi, which occurs in certain parts of India." Medical authorities agree that nervousness, loss of appetite, poor intestinal tone and loss of weight are also due to a deficiency of Thiamin in our daily diet.

Quaker Oats is triple-rich in Thiamin. Thus for proper health—and as a precaution against beriberi—you should make Quaker Oats a part of your daily diet. Quaker Oats is rich in many other essentials, too. It builds strong, sinewy muscles, makes rich, red blood, supplies food energy for stamina and strength.

Yet for all its benefits, Quaker Oats is truly delicious. It is a pure vegetarian food you should eat every day. Buy a tin of Quaker Oats; start on the road to better health.

QUAKER OATS

DON'T LET INFECTION SET IN

ACT PROMPTLY!

Neglected cuts — burns — skin irritations can be dangerous. Infection may set in. Be safe — apply Listerine Antiseptic, full strength, *at once.*

Listerine is a safe, effective antiseptic. It has had the endorsement of the medical profession for over 50 years. Quickly it destroys germs, soothes, aids healing, prevents infection.

But be sure you get *genuine* Listerine Antiseptic. Test after test has proven its superior germ killing qualities. It's the best and the cheapest in the long run.

LISTERINE
THE SAFE ANTISEPTIC

MUTT AND JEFF—Jeff Thought the Guy's Bus Never Would Arrive — By BUD FISHER

Around The Courts

BOMBAY, Friday.

Two dead bodies, one of them identified as that of Shankar Shripad Mudbhatkal, aged 22, and the other unknown, were sent to the morgue to-day

Mudbhatkal is learnt to have fallen out of a running train between Grant Road and Bombay Central yesterday, and died. The other, an unknown male of about 60, fell down from an electric train which he attempted to board at Sion. His hands slipped causing the fall. He was run over. The man's thigh was completely severed from the body and there were other injuries

FINED FOR CARRYING KNIFE

Maini Hyder a Tibetan was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 10 by the Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, for contravention of the Police Commissioner's ban on lethal weapons.

He was arrested yesterday and was found in possession of a "large penknife of superior quality."

Accused, pleading guilty, stated that he arrived in Bombay only the previous night and was not aware of the ban. The Magistrate believed his statement and sentenced him as above.

BANKER FINED FOR BREACH OF CURFEW

Kannayalal Dipchand, a banker, was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 5 to-day by Mr. R. Mathalone, Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, for breach of the Curfew order.

The accused was arrested at 5-55 a.m. to-day at Shaik Memon Street.

The accused stated that he preferred to put five rupees in charity box instead of paying the fine.

Magistrate.—You can't do it in Court. You will have to pay the fine.

Two others, who were arrested yesterday for breach of the Curfew order, were also sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 5 each.

FATAL FALL FROM FOURTH FLOOR

Accidental death due to a fall from the fourth floor of a building, was the verdict of the City Coroner's Jury on the body of a woman which was found at Chanda Wadi, C. P. Tank, yesterday.

The woman, Gulabbai Kerrimal, it was stated, was ill for the last ten years. During last month she became mentally deranged. She fell from the balcony of her room on the fourth floor.

At the inquest on the body of Rukhminabai Vithoba, who was enveloped in flames yesterday while warming herself before a "segree", a verdict of accidental death was returned. The woman was 70. She was removed to hospital where she expired sometime later.

ALLEGED ASSAULT.

The story of how the manager of a hotel and his servant boy were assaulted by three persons, including a woman, at Falkland Road was narrated on Thursday before Mr. K. J. Khambatta, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum Court.

All the three suspects were arrested and produced on Thursday at the Girgaum Court and were ordered to be released on bail till November 6.

CURFEW & LETHAL BAN ARRESTS.

Eighteen persons who were arrested on a charge of breach of the Curfew order and fourteen persons who were arrested for carrying lethal weapons were produced on Thursday before Mr. K. J. Khambatta, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum Court.

Fines ranging from Rs. 5 to Rs. 10 were imposed on those found guilty.

STABBED FRIEND FATALLY?

Mohanlal Ramji, who was alleged to have stabbed a friend of his was arrested by the Pydhownie Police and was produced on Thursday before Mr. M. A. F. Coelho, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Court, and was ordered to be remanded into police custody.

The victim was removed to the J. J. Hospital where he died soon after admission.

RAID ON ROOM NEAR FRENCH BRIDGE

During the course of a raid on a room on the ground floor of Raghavji Vadi, off French Bridge articles for the manufacture of liquor were seized and the occupant of the room, John David Pinto, was arrested under the Abkari Act by the Gamdevi Police.

As the accused failed to furnish security he was ordered to be remanded into Police custody till November 6 by Mr. K. J. Khambatta, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum Court on Thursday.

GIRL DISCHARGED.

BOMBAY, Friday.

A Parsi girl who was arrested some days back by the Esplanade police on charges of theft and house trespass, was discharged today by the Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, on an application made by the police stating that there was not sufficient evidence to place her on a charge sheet.

C. P. JAIL ADMINISTRATION CRITICISED

(From Our Correspondent.)

NAGPUR, Oct. 30.

A stern indictment of the jail administration is contained in a statement issued to-day by Mr. D. K. Mehta, ex-Minister for Jails, who was released from the Nagpur Central Jail on the expiry of a year's sentence on October 27.

Mr. Mehta threw interesting light on the Government replies to questions regarding jail administration, put at the Press Conference held on the Monday last.

In the course of an interview, Mr. Mehta said that the latrine in the political prisoners' yard is well within 30 feet of the kitzen and is in constant use. It is not true that politicals refused to use another kitchen. Similarly, it is not correct to say, that politicals are even now sent to the Mayo Hospital.

The Superintendent told us that they would not be sent in any circumstance to Mayo Hospital. If he found any political suffering from disease in the jail hospital, he would request the Government to release him straightway.

Interesting Incidents

Mr. Mehta further said that he would give such instances as would make any one laugh at the foolishness of the Jail authorities. Mr. Dulichand Shah, who was in 'B' class, had been afforded full facilities to have his teeth extracted at the Mayo Hospital.

Only one tooth had remained to be pulled out when a new policy was brought into force. Mr. Shah had to go with one tooth sticking out in his oral cavity. It could be imagined what the plight of a man with a solitary tooth trying to eat. The jaws could not come together without causing pain and Mr. Shah had to swallow his food.

General Motors' Workers Dissatisfied

BOMBAY, Friday.

As a sequel to the notice put up by the Management of the General Motors, Ltd., at their factory in Sewri, yesterday, with regard to the new arrangement of hours of work, overtime and war allowance, the dispute between the Management and the General Motors' Workers' Union has reached, it is understood, a critical stage

With the outbreak of war and consequently with the advance of war production, the workers demanded war allowance, three-weeks' leave with pay, overtime etc.

The Management has decided on eight hours of work with two shifts, instead of 10 hours' work with one shift and overtime in accordance with the Factories Act and a flat rate of seven annas per day as war allowance.

UNSATISFACTORY ARRANGEMENT.

This new arrangement, the Union thought, fell short of its insistent demands and regarded it as unsatisfactory and unhelpful to the workers. The Union further thought that its representatives should have been consulted in advance before any definite decision was taken.

The following is the relevant portion of the reply sent on behalf of the Union to the Management,

"The changes have agitated the workers considerably and have affected the points under discussion with you. They also affect clause (3) of the Agreement of February, 1940, as there is no mention in the notice that the increase of five per cent given in January 1940 will be restored, when the dearness allowance is totally withdrawn.

"The hours of work and rate of overtime to be paid henceforth is contrary to the established practice in your factory.

"The Managing Committee at its meeting last night has given careful consideration to the above points."

An early interview as authorised by the Committee, is also sought.

A 'blood bank' is being organised and will be opened at the Lady Willingdon Hospital, Lahore. It may be remembered that Begum Mahar Bano Sahiba of Mamdot contributed Rs. 8,000 for providing the required equipment.

FIRST THING FIRST

Mrs. Pandit On Women's Duty

LUCKNOW, Oct. 30.

A resolution endorsing the main recommendations of the Hindu Law Committee, viz., that the whole of Hindu Law relating to the rights and status of women should be codified, moved by Mrs. Lakshmy N. Menon, was adopted by the Oudh Provincial Women's Conference this afternoon.

The resolution further demanded that the codification should be based on the principle that men and women are equal in status with appropriate duties and rights and urged upon Government the necessity of proceeding apace with the work until the whole of Hindu Law has been codified. The resolution stated that piecemeal legislation was 'bad in principle.'

Opening the Conference Mrs Vijayalakshmi Pandit appealed to women to pay serious attention to the matters coming up before the Conference. It was not enough, she stated, if things were taken up in a light-hearted spirit in moments of leisure.

The Secretary, presenting the annual report, stated that the Conference had made good progress in running educational institutions under its auspices. At Moradabad, especially, a good beginning had been made in the matter of employment of Harijans as domestic servants.

Miss Mary Thomas explained her scheme of medical relief to suburban villages of Lucknow and stated she had collected about Rs. 700. She appealed for financial help from the members of the Conference.

Begam Ghulam Hasan and Miss Manchester reviewed the activities of the Social Service League.

Kunwarani Lady Maharaj Singh, concluding the day's proceedings, thanked the delegates and Mrs. Pandit for their kind co-operation.

"I AM A LITTLE TIRED OF CONFERENCES"

Addressing the conference Mrs. Pandit said:—

"I am a little tired of Conferences. They have become formal affairs. I think we should now try to concentrate our energies on the various vital problems facing us and not spend too much time and thought in arranging elaborate conferences. We can achieve better results by working in small groups and attempting to take up a few problems at a time rather than deal unsatisfactorily with a large number.

She added: "The problems facing each country continued to increase until the whole world has become one large question mark. Why, why, why? This is the world that faces us which ever way we turn and we see no solution and grope blindly in the dark. In our own country suspicions and hate stalk unchecked among us and petty quarrels prevent us from seeing facts as they are. While we try to understand the larger world problems we make no attempt to grapple with difficulties nearer home". Mrs. Pandit concluded: "I appeal to you to-day to realise that we, the women of India, have an important part to play and a contribution to make which can be a thing of value. Let us, therefore, tackle first thing first and not allow ourselves to be led down the bye lanes which offer short and attractive cuts home."—A. P.

Constable And Kotwal Charged

(From Our Correspondent.)

NAGPUR, Oct. 29.

Constable Lal Khan and Nathi Kotwal, stationed at Khapa are being prosecuted for alleged confinement and rape of a Mahar girl.

It is alleged by the prosecution that on the night of Sept. 19, at about 12 o'clock, Constable Lal Khan and Nathia Kotwal, went to the house of a man with whom the girl, his sister was staying.

The Constable told the man that a warrant of arrest had been issued against the girl, and she should be immediately taken to the outpost and shut up.

Under this pretext, the Constable and the Kotwal took her at dead of night to the outpost, inspite of the request and persistence of her brother that she would be produced next morning.

Instead of taking her to the outpost she, it is alleged was taken to Lal Khan's quarters and raped twice by both of them.

BOMBAY WAR GIFTS FUND

Amount previously acknowledged: Rs. 71,07,327/12/2.

For R.A.F.: Rs. 10,000 the Bombay Scrap Collection Committee. Rs. 1,943 the Royal Western India Turf Club, Ltd. Tote temporary staff. Rs. 1,642/6 through the Collector of Kaira. Rs. 542/2 the staff of the Bombay Port Trust. Rs. 350 Collections made by the sale of Model Aeroplane Scheme originated by His Highness the Jam Saheb of Nawanagar, through Mr. F.D. Dhalla. Rs. 228/12 through the Mamlatdar, Maivan, Ratnagiri Dist. Rs. 83 the mill staff of the Simplex Mills Co. Ltd. Rs. 66 the staff of Messrs. Kemp and Co. Ltd. Rs. 50/8 Captain O.W. Waldron. Rs. 50 Mr. R.G. Chapman.

For Armoured Carriers for the Indian Army: Rs. 1,642 through the Collector of Kaira. Rs. 350 Collections made by the sale of Model Aeroplane Scheme originated by His Highness the Jam Saheb of Nawanagar, through Mr. F.D. Dhalla. Rs. 228 through the Mamlatdar, Maivan, Ratnagiri Dist. Rs. 94/8 the staff of the Bombay Port Trust. Rs. 82/10/9 the mill staff of the Simplex Mills Co. Ltd. Rs. 66 the staff of Messrs. Kemp and Co., Ltd.

Grand total of Thursday: Rs. 71,24,783/6/11.

40 T. B. COTTAGES TO BE BUILT AT KASAULI

NEW DELHI, Oct. 30.

A meeting of the Central Committee of the Tuberculosis Association of India was held at the Viceroy's House, New Delhi yesterday, under the presidency of the Marchioness of Linlithgow.

Lieut. General Sir Gordon Jolly, Chairman of the Association, in the course of a statement in respect of the Lady Linlithgow Sanatorium, Kasauli, said:

"The opening ceremony of the Kasauli sanatorium was performed by Her Excellency on the 21st of May last.

Her Excellency in her opening address appealed for funds to construct 40 cottages for paying patients at Rs. 3,000 each and contributions from rulers of Indian States and others. The income from these cottages will help to meet the cost of free beds for poor patients.

The Government of India have generously contributed Rs 2,15,000 towards addition and alterations to the buildings and for equipment.

At the request of the Defence Department accommodation for 40 beds for military patients is to be built at the sanatorium.

The cost of construction is estimated at about Rs. 85,000 of which Rs. 75,000 will be advanced by the Defence Department. The buildings will be the property of the Association.

It has been decided by the Executive Sub-Committee that a post-graduate course for doctors of not less than six months' duration should be started at the Kasauli Sanatorium, between March and July next year, as may be found practicable, certificates being awarded to "passed" candidates by the Association.—A. P.

ANNIVERSARY OF TEMPLE ENTRY PROCLAMATION

MADRAS, October 31.

"Every Harijan household should consider the temple entry proclamation day as the greatest feast of Harijans' says Mr. Guruswami, leader of the first Harijan pilgrim party to Travancore temples, in an appeal to Harijans to celebrate on November 12, the completion of the fifth year of the "epoch-making" temple entry proclamation by the Maharajah of Travancore throwing open all Hindu temples in the State to Harijans.—A. P.

NEWSPRINT QUOTA

Government Considering Question Of Basis

NEW DELHI, Oct. 31.

The Government of India, it is announced, are considering the question of the basis on which import quotas for newsprint should be allotted to newspapers for shipment after December 1941. In order to obtain figures of the present consumption, the Chief Controller of Imports is inviting the attention of newspapers to the provisions of the Newsprint Control Order and has asked them to furnish information before November 15. In regard to the amount of newsprint consumed by them during the months of August, September and October 1941. If a newspaper fails to supply the information by the prescribed date, it runs the risk of not being allotted by quota.—A. P.

CORPORATE LIFE AMONG COLLEGE STUDENTS

TRIVANDRUM, Oct. 30.

With a view to facilitating corporate life among university students, it has been decided to shift the college of the arts from its present site and amalgamate it with the college of science, says a press note.

It adds that the scheme is proposed to be brought into effect from the beginning of the academic year 1942-43.—A. P.

105

Why Not Keep SLIM and Beautiful

BEAUTY is more than skin deep Those bright eyes, that lovely, clear complexion and sunny disposition come from internal health; and the secret of this internal health is Bile Beans.

So, if you want to have a lovely, graceful figure, a beautiful complexion and be happy, healthy and fit at all times, be sure to follow the golden rule of taking two Bile Beans regularly every night.

OVER ONE MILLION BILE BEANS ARE SOLD EVERY DAY

This is how Bile Beans act. Bile Beans are prepared from pure vegetable extracts and therefore can be taken regularly every night with perfect safety. They tone up the system, purify the blood and daily remove all food residue: thus ensuring internal health, which makes you beautiful and attractively slim.

BILE BEANS

KEEP YOU HAPPY, HEALTHY AND FIT

All Medicine Dealers Sell Bile Beans—Price ONE RUPEE a Bottle

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SHAVING STICK

Cuticura Shaving Stick contains emollients which soothe tender skins, prevent irritation and leave your skin cool, smooth and refreshed.

FOR TOUGH BEARDS

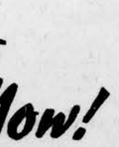
An appeal to COMMONSENSE

India must be strong to resist aggression . . . every man must protect ..his life

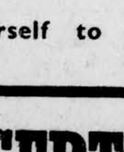
..his family

..his money

.his job



..his house



..his land

Act Now! Think for yourself and help yourself to protect yourself.

BUY DEFENCE SAVINGS CERTIFICATES

Every anna we invest makes India strong to resist aggression by building up the Indian Army, Navy and Air Force.

FULL DETAILS FROM POST OFFICE

SHANTARAM TAKES CHARGE OF F. A. B. PRODUCTIONS

Pleasant Surprise For Countless Admirers

By T. V. P.

Mr. V. Shantaram, the well-known director of Prabhat pictures and a partner of that film producing company takes charge of the film Advisory Board's production in a few days. It was well-known for a long time that Mr. Alexander Shaw, whose appointment was publicly criticised as inappropriate for more reasons than one was leaving after the conclusion of a year's contract, but nobody knew who was taking his place.

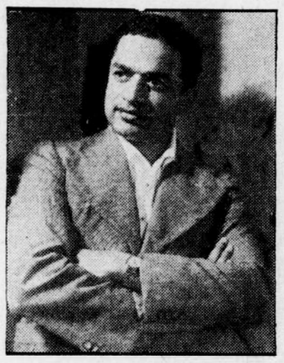
Mr. Shantaram is not actually taking charge to-day. He leaves for Simla to-day to see Sir Akbar Hydari, the Information member of the Viceroy's Executive Council to take his appointment formally. He will start his work forthwith

There was speculation but no one mentioned Shantaram among the probables. Why and how he has accepted the appointment is still a surprise to many of his friends and admirers, who are literally countless. The surprise, however, is a very pleasant one in that, Mr. Shantaram will impart his touch and tone to the F.A.B. productions. His partners have let him join only in an honorary capacity for a year. The obvious implication of this is that if his work is unduly interfered with or unsympathetically supervised, he will leave Government free to find another film adviser.

This, by no means, is a very pleasant thought on the day, Mr. Shantaram assumes charge but partiality for delicacy should not deter us from being truly cognisant of facts and their obvious implications. Mr. Shantaram has not exactly to write on a clean slate. He inherits a good deal of half-done work, which he will have to put into shape and let it bear his stamp.

Everybody feels confident about his work being in conformity with the standards he has set. But even then, a friend has expressed doubt whether judging from his record as a director of full-length films he would be able to make shorts of an average 1000 feet clearly propagandist in tone and not so only in a subtle and artistic way.

If by propaganda is meant making the desired effect, Shantaram has always succeeded in making propaganda films. While he has a string of very good films to his credit, there has hardly been any among them that had entertainment alone as its aim. The spirit of the social crusader has always been within him, and has shaped all his work. If "Dharmatma" was not propaganda for human equality, "Duniya-na-mane" against unequal marriages, "Admi" against social prejudice, "Padosi" for communal unity and personal tolerance—if these films were not propaganda, one wonders what propaganda is.



V. Shantaram, New Film Adviser to India Government.

Mr. Shantaram is the one film director in India who has dared challenge the almighty box-office on the score of social purpose and has won.

As for the need for quick work in topical-film making half the technical devices that Mr. Shantaram so painstakingly experimented with and perfected for his commercial films, at such great cost of time, will be enough to last the rapid production of a score of topicals. A man who can be fastidiously perfect in his work can also be fastidiously perfect with a time-table.

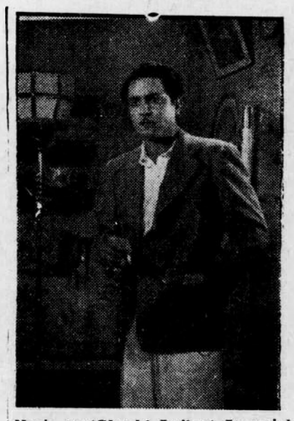
The Board has so far been responsible for an average of two films a month, each in five languages. Two hundred prints, circulating among eight hundred theatres, reach effectively fifteen lakhs of people every month The Board, however, so far distinguished itself more by the distribution of films received from abroad than by the quality of its productions and this has got to improve.

From to-day one must hope, things will change. With one of the nation's most enterprising film craftsmen at its head, the FAB. Unit should be able to show a transformation in the quality of its products, and an acceleration of its output.

Another direction in which Mr. Shantaram's proficiency will enrich his new work, is in film-editing. Mr. Shantaram was cutter before he became director; in fact, it was his cutting-room experience that gave him the chance to become the great director he is. Cutting is the very soul of the topical film Why should he not then succeed?

For the maker of "Duniya-na-mane" and "Admi" to put a brake on his own career for taking up this new venture, of which the future one cannot foresee with certainty, is a great personal sacrifice. For the Prabhat Film Company to agree to spare one of its partners and its most celebrated director, is a distinct financial sacrifice. But in either case, it is in keeping with the broadmindedness and the spirit of enterprise that have distinguished Prabhat and Mr. Shantaram.

One heartily welcomes Mr. Shantaram to his new post, in which he will have unique opportunities of serving the larger interests of the industry and of the nation, for, though he has scrupulously kept himself away from politics, it is quite well known that he is a spirited Nationalist One equally heartily congratulates the Film Advisory Board on securing the services of a man who will enjoy the fullest public confidence.



Nazir in 'Gharki Laj' at Imperial.

Streamlined By Scissors:

Dramatic Editing Of "Anjan"

(BY: "NIR-ANJAN".)

My attention has been drawn to the fact that, in this series of appreciations of the technique of "Anjan", I have been saying of every department of technique that its importance cannot be over-estimated. In that observation, perhaps, lies an eloquent though unconscious acknowledgment of the co-operative nature of film production generally, and especially of that fine teamwork which makes Bombay Talkies films streamlined productions.

In "Anjan", it is really fascinating to watch how one department comes to the aid of another. It is the privilege of the Editing Department to further the efforts of most. The editor can ruin a good film, or can make a good film distinctive and better. "Anjan" is an example of the latter.

A film editor is more or less like the news-editor of a newspaper, picking and choosing from a vast lot of material at hand, pruning it and deciding what should catch the public eye the most, and what the least. Just as the material coming into the office of a newspaper is enough to fill five times the paper's volume, so too the film handed in to the editing room is roughly five times the length eventually shown to us on the screen. It is for the editor to cut it and to arrange it; the sequences according to the script, but each scene according to his own sense of the dramatic and of the tempo proper to story.

When Indira first comes to the Rajbati home in "Anjan", the Durwan is the first to see her. Dr. Ajit sees her next. Then she sees Dr. Ajit, becomes panicky lest she has made a mistake, shouts for the coolie to pick up her bag but picks it up herself and is about to run away, when Dr. Ajit calls her and stops her. Mutual explanations follow, as she steps into the house, led by Dr. Ajit.

It all happens in a flash. But the laughter it evokes lingers for several minutes, and the memory of it will remain with us for months and years. If you observe minutely, you will find no less than a score of "cuts" in that little scene. We see the Durwan, then Indira, then her luggage, then Dr. Ajit, then Indira looking up at Ajit, then her bag, then the open space to left where she looks for the coolie who is not there; and so on.

It is the scenarist who visualised the humour of this scene; the director gave it shape; and, with the dexterous management of little bits from the exposed film, it is the editor who has given it dramatic life. You will find the same thing in every sequence in "Anjan." It is what you should find in every well-made film. It is the absence of this dexterous cutting, which you hint at when you criticise a picture as slow or stagy. The man who did this is Mr. Dattaram N. Pai.

"KHAZANCHI" GIRL IN "KHANDAN"

Manorama continues to be a star. The youthful girl who aroused the interest of Lahore society by her amateur stage and dance performances, made a screen hit in "Khazanchi". The showmanship of producer Dalsukh Pancholi discovered her and brought her to the screen in his first Hindustani production, which has proved such a terrific success throughout the country. In Bombay, the picture steps into its thirty-first week to-day, with every promise of almost as many weeks before it.

So, Manorama stays on the screen. And she wisely stays in the Pancholi Studio, the studio which made her a star. Mr. Pancholi has starred her in his next Hindustani production "Khandan"; and, the showman that he is, Mr. Pancholi is introducing another discovery of his, in his new picture.

"Lagan" At Chitra In 3rd Week

The delightful New Theatres picture "Lagan" starring such popular singing stars as Saigal and Kananbala is continued for its third week's run at Chitra (Dadar).

HIND-MATA SHOWING BENGALI PICTURE

On Sunday, 2nd November, a great musical picture "Epar-Opar" will be shown at 11 a.m The cast includes Ahindra, Menka, Dhiraj.

SECOND EDITION

NOW READY

I GO WEST

BY D. F. KARAKA

Rs. 5-14

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KNOW THYSELF!

Why you suffer from Indigestion!

THE CAUSES OF INDIGESTION

The gastric juices of the stomach will only digest food in the presence of a certain amount of hydrochloric acid. The presence of too much acid delays the process of digestion. This condition—commonly known as acid-stomach, causes pain, flatulence and digestive trouble Instead of the food being properly digested, and poured out of the stomach, it remains there, and becomes a sour, fermenting mass, generating large volumes of gas.

THE REMEDY—"DIGESTIF RENNIES"

To obtain relief, the acid content must be reduced. This is what Digestif Rennie does. It is easily taken in pastille form, and slowly sucked in the mouth like a sweet. Digestif Rennie ensures that the correct balance between the acids and digestive secretion in the stomach is maintained.

If a Rennie pastille is regularly taken after meals, the digestion system is kept in perfect order. All chemists and stores in the Bombay Presidency stock Digestif Rennie,

COSTS LESS THAN HALF ANNA PER DOSE

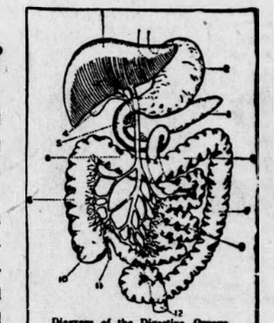

Diagram of the Digestive Organs.
1. Liver. 2. Stomach. 3. Pancreas 4. Gall Bladder. 5. Duodenum. 6. Ascending Colon. 7. Descending Colon. 8. Transverse Colon. 9. Small Intestine. 10. Cæcum, 11. Appendix. 12. Rectum.

THE PROCESS OF DIGESTION

Digestion begins in the mouth, where the food is masticated and mixed with saliva which lubricates it and partially digests starchy substances.
The food then passes into the stomach (2) where it is further acted upon by ferments such as pepsin, rennin, etc., contained in the gastric juice. These work in an acid medium, and break down proteids, fats, etc.
The resultant mass, now known as "chyme," then passes, a little at a time, into the duodenum (5). Here it is acted upon by secretions from the pancreas (3), gall bladder (4), etc., working in an alkaline medium. This is the final digestive process.
From the duodenum the fully digested food passes into the small intestine (9), where the nourishing portion is absorbed or passed on to the liver (1) The remainder—waste matter—continues to the large intestine (6, 7 and 8) for elimination.

Battle Scenes In 'Sikandar'

Perfect Illusion Of Reality On Screen

BY "CHRONICLE" FILM CRITIC.

The battle scenes in 'Sikandar' are perhaps the most exciting and the most calculated to rouse curiosity how such a feat was achieved. Men on either side dressed in perfect military attire of the period in which Alexander and Porus lived, their marching on elephant-back and horse-back, the fights with swords, arrows and bow, spears, the assaults on men and animals, life-like to all appearances, but accomplished without a single casualty or without letting even a drop of human or animal blood being spilt.—Does not that constitute an unequalled achievement on the Indian screen?

It is undoubtedly an achievement and the art of cinematography has made it possible. Men and women have actually shuddered in their seats, when spears were pushed in human flesh, when Alexander's horse was done to death and when an elephant wound up in its trunk two or three Greek soldiers and went about trampling under its feet scores of others. None of these things are, however, real. It is only an illusion of reality and when that is achieved with as much perfectness and polish as in Sikandar, it is recognised as successful cinematography.

The scenes in 'Sikandar' as they pass one after another, do not let you pause and think. You are carried away with every one of them. In other words, as you are witnessing the picture on the screen, you do not get tired and that is sure test of the success of a film. 'Sikandar' is one such and therefore attracts crowds even when the Curfew is in force.

PRAKASH'S "DARSHAN" AT LAMINGTON

Prakash's "Darshan" has now entered in the third week at the Lamington Talkies, where it is drawing good houses, despite the prohibitory orders promulgated in connection with the communal tension. Another aspect of the success of the picture is the melodious music presented in a dozen beautiful songs.

The story is based upon the life of a Pujari of Sitapore, who is an unwitting victim of the age-old conventions of the society, particularly the notorious dowry system. Every pie saved by the poor worshipper is offered in satisfaction of following the custom and in the end miseries come as reward. Life becomes a burden to the suffering Pujari, who finds in society a group of harsh and cruel men and women imbibed with the vexacious idea of denouncing marriages of girls without stakes. The Pujari has the misfortune of finding his daughter being deserted by her husband because a part of the dowry remains unpaid.

The bewitching Jyoti, Prem Adib, Bhudo Advani, Meera, Shakir, Amir Karnataki, M. Nazir, Kaushalya, Pande, all give a fine display of their characters of the story which is written by M. G. Dave, and directed by C. M. Luhar. Naushadalli deserves all credit for the song hits.

'SASURAL' IN 3rd WEEK AT OPERA HOUSE

Ranjit's laugh riot 'Sasural' is getting on day by day. It has all the ingredients of an entertaining picture. Its lilting music charms the audience. Its funny punches make everyone laugh heartily. Its story holds the interest of all.

'Sasural' is a comedy of errors. A master and servant changes places when the boss visits his father-in-law's place. As a result of this funny situations and sequences arise and great confusion prevails until the whole mystery is revealed by the father of the bridegroom. The story is written by Gunvantrai Acharya.

'Sasural' is directed by Chaturbhuj A. Doshi. He has handled all situations so dexterously that the picture has become very light and entertaining.

Madhuri and Motilal play the leading roles in 'Sasural'. They are ably supported by Nurjahan, Kantilal, Urmila and Bhagwandas. 'Sasural' enters into its third week from to-day at Opera House.

JOHN BULL GUARDS HIS HOME

The Englishman is known for "muddling through." He almost takes a cynical pride in that national characteristic; for that habit of "muddling" is not born of laziness but of self-confidence. Once he shakes himself up, however, there is none to match with thoroughness and his wholeheartedness; as is happening now.

The British Home Guard is an organization characteristic of the British race. As the topical film released this week by the Film Advisory Board points out, every adult Britisher at home, whatever his normal calling, is offering his services for it, to defend the liberty and the sanctity of his home against the desecrating touch of the Nazi heel.

"Home Guard", a short film distributed by the British Ministry of Information, gives a brilliant insight into the burning patriotism that impels the clerk and the peddlar alike to take up arms; and the thorough, varied and rigorous training that he receives.

If ever the Nazis attempt to set foot on the British soil, the Home Guard will see that the foot is scorched and blistered at the first touch. The topical film "Home Guard" is released at the Empire. Excelsior and the Palace.

Kamla Talkies' Sohana Geet Released

Kamla Talkies' maiden production "Sohana Geet" was released at Bombay on 31st October, 1941, at Super Talkies.

Its theme concerns the youthful lives and their trials, tribulations and tense situations that confront them in the face and their struggles to overwhelm calamities to a successful termination.

Navin Yagnik, Trilok Kapoor, Romilla, Kamla, Shakir, Ranibala, Hadi and Ahmed make up the cast.

Gouri and her tots in 'Tukaram'; she is quite different now in 'Sant Sakhu.'

GOURI GOES GAY IN 'SANT SAKHU'

All of you have seen Gouri's work in 'Tukaram' and 'Shejari' and everyone of you have liked her. In her appearance in 'Sant Sakhu' as the saintly maiden's hard-hearted mother-in-law also, you have liked her for her acting and you surely hate her as the mother-in-law.

A similar role was recently played by Durga Khote, the accomplished Indian actress of several films, in Atre Pictures' 'Payachi Dasi' She was altogether convincing, but after all you cannot get away from the fact that it was acting—superb, exquisite, but acting, after all.

Gouri is not like that. She is a natural type. She does not act. She just behaves on the screen as in her own household. She is a shrew but with not a very well concealed streak of kindliness.

Among so many stars and artistes discovered and built up by Prabhat, Gouri is truly a gem. She is no star, because a tyrannical public fancy expects a star to be young and handsome and charming. Gouri is not young, though not old: she is of middle age. She is not handsome, but by no means ugly; she is just average, but with an extra dash of dignity. She is not exactly charming, but certainly not repulsive either; indeed, she looks quite likable

So Gouri is not a star, but she is any day a star performer on the screen, she is a character actress in the true sense, for she has that character in her which she portrays so entirely inimitably on the screen.

Few will ever forget the sensation she made in "Tukaram". Few will deny that Tukaram's wife carried the audiences, more than Tukaram himself; and this, in spite of those lovely "Bhajans" which made bhajans themselves famous, and Pagnis a celebrity.

Few, too, will forget that all-too-brief entry Gouri made on the screen in "The Unexpected"; or the equally brief role in "Dnyaneshwar". And her role of Jivba's wife in "Shejari" was the principal factor which made that Marathi version ever so definitely more dictinctive than the Hindustani "Padosi". That was an unforgettable performance, as brilliant as Jagirdar's Mirza—in certain aspects more so.

In all these roles, Gouri has played an elderly wife and mother, a dominating, domineering woman, unwilling to understand the other person's point of view. In "Shejari" alone, she played second fiddle, allowing herself to be dominated by husband Jivba (Thakur.) But her surrender was really outward, and compelled by circumstances. Before Jivba's fit of madness came, it was his wife who contributed the most to that atmosphere of love and joy which, by contrast, made the subsequent events so terribly tragic.

Gouri again dominates the events in "Sant Sakhu". The first half of the story gives full scope for her domineering character which, indeed, becomes an evil tyranny. Sakhu's mother-in-law has no thought of fairness, no heart for humanity, no respect for age—for tender age or ripe one. Her one thought, always, is to exercise her power as head of the household, to make everyone about her feel—and feel acutely—her authority and her importance

Later, comes a change. The fake Sakhu accomplishes the impossible task of fully feeding the mother-in-law's vanity. That hidden streak of love then comes to the surface The tyrant is all goodwill now, and dominates the scene with the goodwill. She is all smiles and blessings and tender solicitude for the frail girl she had almost killed. So far is she carried by the lively, sentiment, that she goes gay and does a variety of very human and very childish antics

Imagine Gouri going gay! Better still, see her in "Sant Sakhu."

AXIS NATIONALS FROM AFGHANISTAN

NEW DELHI, Oct. 31.

In accordance with the Afghan Government's decision to turn out all non-official Axis nationals from their country the first party of Axis nationals consisting of 101 persons reached Peshawar at 5 p.m. on October 30, says a Press Note. The second batch left Kabul yesterday and is expected to arrive in Peshawar to-day. Temporary arrangements for their accommodation and safe custody of these Axis nationals have been made in Peshawar until they can be collected and dispersed on their onward journey on which they will proceed in a few days' time.

The departure of these Germans and Italians from Afghanistan is a matter of significance, for Afghanistan which has shown to the world that the Afghan nation is united and determined to combat any forces in the country likely to create disruption and thereby endanger the independence of the country.—A. P.

WAR HELPS PAPER MANUFACTURE

Hand-made Paper Industry Receives Great Impetus

(From Our Correspondent.)

AURANGABAD, Oct. 29.

The Cottage Industries Emporium which was established in this city recently is proving a great boon to the local cottage industries and in particular to the Himroo, Mashroo and Kimkhab weavers. Under its stimulus Ajanta designs in fauna and flora are substituting the old patterns and in consequence the demands for these textiles have increased both in quantity and variety. At the present progress in the popularity of these goods it is expected that the industry should nearly treble itself in the next two years.

The hand-made paper factory at Kaghzipura which has been established by Government in an effort to revive this ancient industry of Aurangabad is also progressing well.

A laboratory for research in hand-made paper manufacture has also been established. It is obvious however that hand-made paper can never compete with the mill-made goods on the scale on which they are produced in Europe and America.

The state has vast resources for paper manufacture. What is required is initiative and capital.

The war has presented an excellent opportunity to develop the industry. It is only to be hoped that the opportunity will not be lost. The state is prepared to help any effort in this direction.

TO INDIAN SOLDIERS BLINDED IN WAR

NEW DELHI, Oct. 30.

The Indian Soldiers' Board has decided to grant a special pension of Rs. 5 per month to soldiers blinded on active service. This pension was also granted to soldiers who had lost their sight in the last war.—A. P.

Owing to insufficient rainfall in Amreli district Baroda Government have sanctioned Rs. 1,50,000 for tagavi to be advanced to the people of the district.

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Manufacturing Minority Problem For Burma

U. SAW EXPOSES DEPLORABLE ATTEMPT OF BRITISH MISSIONARY

LONDON, October 30.

In a letter to "The Times" on Thursday Mr. U. Saw, the Prime Minister of Burma, wrote:—

"The Rev. C. K. Hughes in his letter published in your issue on October 28 lays undue emphasis on the distinction between Burmese and other Burman races.

There are, of course, in Burma languages other than Burmese, but Burmese is the "Lingua Franca" of the country and most of the Shans, Karens, Kachins and Chins speak Burmese as well as their own language.

In the last hundred years of Burmese history there has never been any clash between the majority community in Burma and other indigenous races.

The Welsh and Scotch are not English, and my statement, 'We are a united people with a common language and culture' has as little or as much application to the people of Burma as to the people of Great Britain.

The majority community, the Burmese, had never imposed pressure on the other Burman races in favour of the Burmese language, but the fact that the vast majority of the people of the country speak Burmese is sufficient inducement for the other Burman races to adopt that language.

Disparaging Remarks

It is not the fault of the Burmese that the Shan States are outside the control of Burmese Ministries.

I shall leave England completely satisfied if I receive the assurance that the people of Burma will be given such a new constitution as may substantially be agreed on between the several races which live in their country. There is, in fact, solidarity between the races which inhabit Burma and the view that we are essentially the same people is one which is now generally accepted by the people of the country.

The Rev. Hughes makes certain disparaging remarks on the quality of purely Burmese units of the army.

Such units did well in the last war but had to give place subsequently to mixed units composed of Burmese, Karens, Kachins and Chins on the adoption of a general policy by the Government of India that for certain reasons it was not expedient to have battalions composed entirely of one Indian or Burman race.

The Army in Burma is no longer under the control of the Government of India and it may interest the Rev. Hughes to learn that since his departure from Burma the military authorities have accepted in principle the desirability of reinstituting units composed entirely of Burmese and measures are being taken to that end.

The Rev. Hughes' observations present a distorted view of the conditions prevailing in Burma.

Fit For Self-Govt.

I do not know on what ground he bases his verdict that Burmese opinion thinks only in terms of force and power, and his suggestions regarding Ministers and members of legislature and members of the public services in Burma. They are wide of the mark.

I do not claim that everything is perfect in my country but what I do claim is that constitutional advance has at every stage justified itself by results.

After all it is freedom which fits a people for freedom, and if there is a substratum of truth in any of the charges which the Rev. Hughes levels against Burma, the evil is one which the present Government has inherited from its British predecessors in Burma and which they have no doubt they will be able to overcome.

There will always be some Englishmen who will never be satisfied that Burma is fit for full self-Government and I acknowledge that they may hold that view in all sincerity.

But present conditions in Europe might on the same line of reasoning well suggest to the Burmese people that viewed by results no country in Europe is at present fit for full self-government."—Reuter.

Hanuman Gymnasium

Mr. Hidayat Ali, Secretary of the Amraoti Muslim League, in the course of a statement on the Amraoti riots stated that "the Hanuman Vyayam Shala, which was an All-India Organisation, and Hindus from all over India who came to receive Physical Training there, and which gets an aid from Government, was highly communal in its outline and object"

The Secretary and President of the Hanuman Vyayam Prasarak Mandal have refuted the insinuations of Mr. Hidayatali. They state that that their Physical Institute was an institution for imparting physical training. They had never been a communal body and their doors had always been open to the youths of all communities and sects. They are neither a denominational body nor have they any political affiliations.

BERAR BY-ELECTION TRIANGULAR FIGHT
Anti-Tax Satyagraha In Nagpur

(From Our Correspondent.)
NAGPUR, Oct 31.

The election campaign for the Central Assembly by-election in Berar, has begun in right earnest. There are three candidates in the field. Veer Vaman Rao Joshi, the Congress nominee, is behind the prison bars, as he is undergoing one year's sentence under the Defence of India Rules.

Dr Patwardhan, of Amraoti, is contesting the election on Forward Bloc Ticket. The Hindoo Maha Sabha has also set up Mr. Kanitkar of Buldana to try a hand in the triangular fight.

To protest against the levy of new taxation by the Officer-in-charge of the Nagpur Municipality in an autocratic way, anti-tax Satyagraha has been started by the Nagpur Municipal Voters' Association.

Batches of Satyagrahis offer Satyagraha before the Municipal building every day by shouting 'don't pay new Municipal taxes,' 'Hold Municipal election' 'Boycott Municipality.' No arrests have been made so far.

OBJECT OF UDAY SHANKER DANCE CENTRE

ALMORA, Oct. 29.

The view that his dances were of the purest Indian character and "if it had been otherwise the West would not have given such importance to its recognition", was expressed by Mr. Uday Shanker, famous dancer, in an interview.

Asked if he found any difficulty in getting adequate number of students to the institution Mr. Uday Shanker said that the Centre was flooded with applicants every year. But only a limited few were taken after a careful study of their "will-to-knowledge."

Mr. Uday Shanker added: "The Centre proposes to help the creative genius who feels strong ardour for spontaneity of expression and originality of imagination."

Explaining the idea behind bringing within the Centre so many schools, Mr. Uday Shanker said: "What we want here is that there must be definite standards of dancing. The Centre will investigate this aspect in detail and standardise each form in its pure character. There shall be no dross in forms."

There are at present about forty students in the Centre. The upkeep of the Centre involves about Rs. 42,000 per year and this expenditure is met mostly from public donations.—United Press.

CITY'S HEALTH RETURNS

The health returns of Bombay during the week ending 25th October 1941, were as under:—

The total mortality 622 was 33 more than that of the last week and the death-rate registered was 21.7 on the Census population of 1941 as against 533 for the 43rd week of 1940, and the death-rate 23.9. The average mortality for the corresponding weeks during the preceding quinquennium was 594 and the death-rate 26.6.

Out of the total deaths 172 were among infants under one year of age. During the week, smallpox caused 6 attacks (including one imported from South Canara) but no death. Cholera and plague were absent. There were 6 deaths from typhoid fever. Cerebro-spinal fever caused one attack and one death.

Students To Organise Unity Squads

LUCKNOW, Oct. 31.

The Lucknow Students' Conference at its meeting yesterday while "affirming their belief in the necessity of an independent organisation of their own," asserted that their movement "is an integral part of the National Movement and as such they had to play an important role in the struggle for national liberation".

The conference also affirmed the right of students to "go on strike as a protest against repression and as a means of realisation of their demands". Another resolution stressed the importance of communal unity and called upon students to organise Unity Squads composed of students of all communities all over the country. —A. P.

MADRAS ADVISER FOR NELLORE.

MADRAS, Oct. 31.

In view of the representations from the public of Nellore regarding the communal disturbances there urging Government intervention Sir George Boag, Adviser to the Governor, left for Nellore this morning to personally study the conditions there and see what steps could be taken for the restoration of peace and normal conditions.

He is expected to return to Madras this evening.—A. P.

BILL TO AMEND LOAN ACT

Govt. Stresses Advances To Local Boards

A Bill to amend the Local Authorities Loans Act, 1914, has been published by the Bombay Government. It is intended to enable the Government to make advances to Local Boards to cover the payment of the local fund cess not collected but ordinarily due to them and to recoup the amount when the uncollected cess is realised in subsequent years.

Under Section 93(1) of the Bombay Local Boards Act, 1923, the Provincial Government levies a cess of not less than one anna and not more than two annas on every rupee of ordinary land revenue.

The amount of cess thus collected is credited to the Local Board concerned and forms its main source of revenue.

A portion of the demand sometimes remains uncollected while Section 93(2) of the Act provides for the suspension of the collection of the cess in any particular year on the application of the Local Board concerned. Such suspensions are generally sanctioned only in particularly bad years of scarcity, when the collection of ordinary land revenue is also suspended and when it is considered that the collection of even the local fund cess would be a hardship to agriculturists.

It has been represented to the Government that the loss of revenue during a particular year by the suspension of the cess has serious repercussions on the finances of the Local Boards whose reserves are limited, because the cess represents the main source of income of the Local Boards and it is in particularly bad scarcity years that the Local Boards will be in most need of money for the adoption of relief measures and the expansion of local public works to provide employment for the scarcity-stricken people.

It is also clear that, if the Local Boards are not able, due to the lack of ready funds, to adopt relief measures, the liability of the Government in the matter of relief must correspondingly increase.

It has, therefore, been suggested that the Government should pay the Local Boards the local fund cess that would have been ordinarily due for collection and that the Government should recoup the amount when the uncollected or suspended cess is collected in subsequent years. The Government has accepted this suggestion.

Advance payments by the Government to the Local Boards are loans and are, therefore, permissible only if they are covered by Section 3 of the Local Authorities Loans Act, 1914. Advances made in order to cover the payment of the local fund cess not collected are not permissible under the Local Authorities Loans Act as it stands at present. It is, therefore, proposed to amend this Act to enable such payment to be made.

Any objections to or suggestions on the Bill may be submitted to the Secretary to the Government, General Department, Bombay, before November 20.

New Schedule For Higher Art Exams.

Schedule I to the Grant-in-aid Code, which provides for the encouragement of art, has been revised by the Government of Bombay.

The Schedule, excepting Section I which relates to the Drawing Grade Examinations, will be brought into effect immediately so far as the Higher Art Examinations are concerned. The Drawing Grade Examinations will continue to be held in the current academic year according to the old rules.

The Schedule has been published in the "Bombay Government Gazette" of October 9.

Aligarh Muslim League Conference

(From Our Own Correspondent.)
ALIGARH, Oct. 28.

Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy will preside over the Aligarh Muslim League Conference to be held on Nov. 1, 2 and 3. A number of prominent Muslim leaders are expected to attend the Conference, which will be opened by Nawab Mohd. Ismail Khan, President, U.P. Muslim League. The main resolution to be discussed at the Conference will call upon the Indian Muslims to launch an active campaign for the attainment of Pakistan.

The President-elect of the Conference, who is reaching Aligarh on Nov., 1, will be given a public reception at the railway station and will be taken out in a procession.

Mr. M. A. Jinnah, President, All-India Muslim League, who is reaching Aligarh on Nov. 1 to participate in the Conference, will address the students of the Aligarh University in the Union Hall on the 3rd.

The meetings of the Working Committee and the Council of the U.P. Muslim League will be held at Aligarh during the Conference.

ALIGARH STUDENTS' FEDERATION

A meeting of the Aligrah Students' Federation was held at the Lyall Library last night, under the presidentship of Mr. Jwala Parshad Jigyasu, M.L.A. (U.P.) The meeting, which was attended by about 1,000 students, was addressed by Mr. A. Saran, General Secretary, All-India Kisan Sabha. Mr. Saran who spoke for about an hour laid great emphasis on Hindu-Muslim unity. He appealed for the removal of communal barriers and asked the students to live like a happy family. By doing so they could set a glorious example and could induce their parents to follow their suit.

Great excitement was caused, during the meeting, when objection was taken to the presence of some C.I.D reporters who were taking down notes of the proceedings. The reporters were asked to leave the hall which they did accordingly.

3 Arts Dinner To Sir Radhakrishnan On Nov. 13

"3 Arts Reception-Dinner, in honour of Sir Dadhakrishnan, on the 13th inst., at the Taj, promises to be a unique function. Sir Radhakrishnan is India's most distinguished Orator, and Atiya Begum should be congratulated for having secured him for a function not affiliated to University; Atiya Begum has also arranged that he should be the kuest of honour of the Ladies Work Guild where Lady Lumley will be present.

The 3 Arts has entertained World notabilities in every sphere of life, and has given an opportunity to many artists to make their Debut. On the 13th, the prologue of the Daughter of Ind will be presented, by a new cast.

The classical Kathak Dancer will also make her first appearance, Usha, (of More's School of Dancing), Mavis Rap (Prithviraj's son), will appear in a fine comedy. Prithviraj is also giving selections from Shakespeare. It is hoped that Bombay will take advantage of hearing the world-Fame Orator at his best.

They Can Practise Without Registration

The Scandinavian Alliance Mission Dispensary, Chinchpada, West Khandesh District, has been exempted from the provisions of section 32 of the Bombay Medical Practitioners' Act, 1938. In virtue of this exemption the practitioners employed by the Mission Dispensary will be entitled to practice without registration.

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"MY BEAUTY SECRET IS VERY SIMPLE. FIRST MAKE A GENEROUS LATHER OF LUX TOILET SOAP— PAT IT GENTLY INTO YOUR SKIN— THEN RINSE IN CLEAR COLD WATER— HOW SOFT AND SMOOTH, HOW REFRESHED IT LEAVES YOUR SKIN!"
PAT ITS LOVELY LATHER INTO YOUR SKIN...
RINSE IN CLEAR COLD WATER...
LEELA IS RIGHT! HOW SOFT AND SMOOTH YOUR SKIN FEELS...
Try this ACTIVE lather treatment with Lux Toilet Soap yourself. It cleanses deeply, removes dust and impurities that can cause blemishes. Soon you'll find your skin soft, smooth and lovely. And you'll love the sweet and refreshing perfume that clings to you after your Lux Toilet Soap bath.
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Daily: 4, 6-45, 9-45 p.m.
Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-15 p.m.

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APPEALING DIALOGUES!!
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All These Blended Together in

MINERVA'S Mammoth Historical

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Directed by: SOHRAB MODI.

With a Staggering Cast Headed by

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Daily—1, 3-30 and 6-30 p. m.

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(The Untouchable Maid)
A DANCE-DRAMA
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Directed by: V. M. VYAS
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Starring:
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DAILY: 3-30 and 6-30 p. m.
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CINEMA, DADAR

Daily: 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p. m.
Mat. at 1-30 on Sat. Sun. and Holidays

3rd WEEK

PUNARMILAN

BOMBAY TALKIES' Picture

Starring:
SNEHPRABHA & KISHORE SAHU

From TO-DAY

An ennobling Emotional Drama

MANMOHAN

Starring:
SURENDRA, BIBBO, YAKUB, BHUDO ADVANI

Director: MEHBOOB

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"YOU CAN'T TAKE IT WITH YOU"

FRANK CAPRA'S HIT

Starring:
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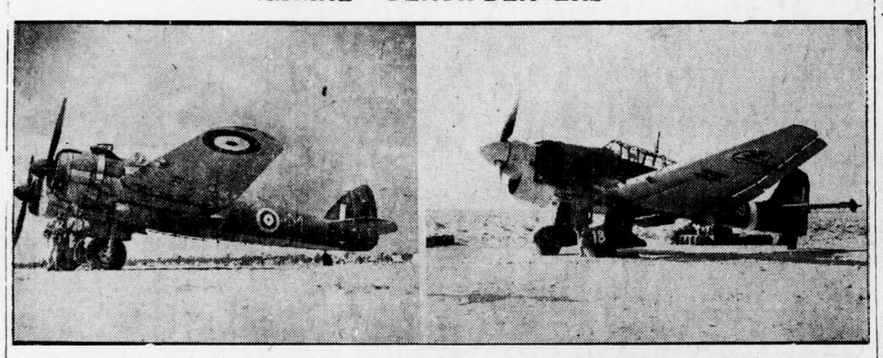
AERIAL DEATH-DEALERS



Terrific armament power is one of the features of the new twin engined Beaufighter (shown at the left) now being used by the R.A.F. in the Middle East. The Beaufighter is one of the most heavily armed of British aircraft. [illegible] one attack a Beaufighter destroyed 36 Italian aircraft on the ground. At the right is one of the Ju 87's, German dive bombers manned by Italian crews, which was forced [illegible] land on the British side of the frontier.

World Of Sport: Home And Abroad

BOMBAY'S CHANCES AGAINST WESTERN INDIA STATES IN RANJI TROPHY

(BY LOOKER-ON.)

The first match in the Inter-Provincial Cricket Tournament for the Ranji Trophy will be played at the Brabourne Stadium next week-end. The rival combatants are Bombay and the Western India States. The local selectors, with Dr. H. D Kanga as chairman, have so far selected seven players including the Captain. And they are: V M Merchant (Captain), L P Jai, K M. Rangnekar, L B Kenny, J B Khot, M N Raiji and R S Irani. The remainning four will be selected from the following: D D Hindlekar, K R Meher Homji, M P Engineer, S L Patil, D R Havewalla, K C Ibrahim, S M Kadri, V N Raiji, U M Merchant and S R Arolkar, after a trial match this week-end.

WILL JAI PLAY?

To start with, I am rather surprised to find Jai's name in the list of seven. I thought he was out of the running altogather after Vijay was invited to skipper the side. Because it has become plain recently that Vijay would not play under Jai nor would the latter do so under the former. The matches at the Hindu Gymkhana bear sufficient testimony to the rivalry between these two players. However, I do not know what made the selectors choose the former Captain of Bombay. If he is not good enough to lead the side, which he has so ably done for years past, how can he be worthy of a place in the team? I concede that he is still a big factor in bating. But in fielding he is not only a big zero but a large minus figures. Actually he gives away more runs than he can collect off his own bat unless he goes in to take rest in the pavilion at the time fo fielding.

IRANI'S MERIT

I doubt very much if Jai will accept the invitation of the selectors to be a member of the team. The next few days will show how the land lies as far as he is concerned. There cannot be two opinions about the selection of the others, although I am somewhat in a quandary about the choice of Irani. He does not appear to be have done anything remarkable upto now. Let us hope he will justify the confidence reposed in him by the selectors in the coming match.

WICKET-KEEPERS ON TRIAL.

There are three wicket keepers in the field. Two of them Hindlekar and Meher Homji are on trial to-day and to-morrow. It seems Engineer is out of the picture, as he has not done very well this season. Frankly speaking, I do not hold a very high opinion of his abilities behind the stumps. If he was really as smart as some people say, the Parsis would not have lost the Pentangular match last year. It is good to see Hindlekar fighting for his place in the team. Of late he had become a little slack, perhaps due to his assured position and overconfidence. Now he will have to put forth his best to gain the favour of the selectors.

PACE BOWLERS ABSENT.

Isn't it most surprising that Bombay cannot find a bowler of real pace? There was a time Bombay could field any number of them—and left handers too. Are we to understand that spins and breaks have caught the imagination of the younger generation? Still I cannot spot a bowler who can be placed on a high pedestal. They are all of the mediocre type. However, without express trundlers in the team Bombay will be minus half its strength in attack. Whoever fill up the remaining three places—perhaps they will be Ibrahim, Patil and V N Raiji—Bombay's batting will be very strong indeed. Therein lies Bombay's hope.

VISITORS PREPARING FOR FIGHT

The fielding will have to be of the top grade. Unless every man in the field does his best, the bowlers will be able to do little damage or check the scoring of the opposite side. Fortunately, the Western India States is not a very formidable side. It will give the local players a chance to find their feet. The States team is however taking things seriously. They have already come here to accamatise themselves with the local conditions. The Sheigh Saheb of Manfrol who will lead the side again, is taking great pains to put his players in proper fettle before the battle begins on Saturday next. There are several of them who have listinguished themselves at the Stadium in the past. Let us hope they will put up a good show in the ensuing engagement to make it thoroughly interesting.

UNFORTUNATE INCIDENT.

It is a matter of shame to Bombay that some of her sportsmen should have behaved in an unfortunate manner at Calcutta. I refer to the Goiwalla's Swimming team who are on tour in the Eastern Capital at present. In an exhibition water polo match with the College Square Swimming Club, they not only withdrew from the contest before the call of time, but refused to attend a Dinner Party arranged in their honour and to accept a Cup which was to be presented to them as a memento of their visit. All the trouble was said to be over the refereeing. Granting that the supervision of the game was faulty, and even partial which the reports from Calcutta fully deny, I fail to understand why they should have behaved in the manner they did. After all it was a friendly game and its final out come was immaterial to both sides. If it were a tournament match, they were liable to suspension by the national of the provincial controlling body. However that may be, they should never have boycotted the function arranged in their honour. Perhaps they did not realise the awkward position in which they placed their hosts and other guests. This sort of thing, instead of creating a favourable impression, creates bad biood.

WAY TO END COMMUNALISM IN SPORT

BENARES, Oct. 30.

The Jam Saheb, great sportsman that he is, hits the nail on the head when he says that none of the Nawanagar players shall take part in sport of any kind run on communal lines," said the Maharajkumar of Vizianagram when asked for his reactions to the Jam Saheb's statement on communal cricket.

Sir Vijaya added. "An ounce of practice is better than a ton of theory. It is only by penalising those players who take part in communal games that we can effectively end communalism at least in sport.

Speeches, broadcasts and the like have not prevented the Pentangulars at Bombay, nor will they ever. The U. P. Association realising this has taken courage in both hands and sent up to the Board a resolution on communal cricket which has apparently caused a great flutter in Bombay.

Whether or not the U. P. resolution is passed by the Board at the final voting we in our opinion do not think that there is any other solution. It shall be no personal defeat to me were the resolution to be lost for ever.

I have always felt that this is the one and the only disciplinary way of stamping out communalism. Cricketing India shall realise the way that we are right and one certain proof of this we find in Jam Saheb's banning of players.—A. P

ATTACHMENT OF SUBHAS' PROPERTIES POSTPONED

CALCUTTA, October 31.

The question of confirmation of the order for attachment of the properties of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, who disappeared during the progress of his trial, came up before the Additional Chief Presidency Magistrate, Calcutta today. The Magistrate, adjourned the consideration of the matter till January 31, in view of a civil suit now pending in the Calcutta High Court in this connection.—A. P.

Dr. Abdul Hameed

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Dr. Abdul Hameed Ph.D. was sentenced for offering Satyagraha for two years in November, 1940. He was given very bad food in jail which had a ruinous effect on his health and he got typhoid twice within two months, the interval between the two attacks being very short. His health was completely shattered with no strength left. After the second attack the Civil Surgeon of Jalgaon saw him at his residence where he was on parole and certified that he was in a condition of extreme weakness and looked pale and could not move from his bed and wrote that he badly needed rest and good nourishment till 2nd December at the least. Doctor Abdul Hameed applied for leave along with the certificate of the said Civil Surgeon; but the Government refused to grant him leave and asked him to enter the jail premises on 2nd November, 1941. How harsh is all this! If Dr. Hameed is called to jail in such a state of extreme weakness his fever is likely to relapse a third time and his life will be in danger. The Government should consider the matter at an early date and grant him leave till 2nd December, 1941, at least, as advised by Government's own medical officer. The inhabitants of Nasirabad have wired to the Governor in this connection to-day. I hope the matter will be paid an early attention.—Yours, etc.

KAZI SYED MAZHARALI
(Alig), Nasirabad.
Distt. East Khandesh.
October, 30th 1941.

BIG TENNIS SURPRISE

India's No. 1 Beaten At Lahore Tourney

LAHORE, Oct. 31.

The greatest surprise of the Brerton-Chopra tennis tournament was provided this evening when Ghous Mohammed, India's No. 1, was defeated by Prem Pandhi in the semi-final, the score being 6-3, 5-7, 8-6. A P.

U. P. Team Against Holkar's State

BENARES, Oct. 31.

The United Provinces Selection Committee has announced the following team to play against Holkar's State Association at Indore in the Ranji Trophy Tournament on November 8, 9, 10, 1941:—

P. E. Palia (Captain), Alexander, Firasat Hussain, Aftab Ahmad, Khwaja, Phansalkar, Shadwell, Bahry, Shastry, Maqbul Alam, Murthy (Benares University), N. K. Ratnkaju Holkar and Wahidullah. Murthy is a new addition from Mysore, who has recently joined the University. The U. P. team will leave Benares for Indore on November 5.—A. P.

Mr. Arthur Moore, President, Indian and Eastern Newspaper Society, and Chairman, India, Burma and Ceylon section of Empire Press Union. (A Sketch by Mr. L. J. Nadad).

Explosion In Dacca

DACCA, October 31.

The report of a loud explosion on the Mitford Road at about 10-30 this morning caused some sensation in the locality. The police and the military soon arrived on the spot, cordoned Armenitola and Norgola areas, searched several houses and made a number of arrests. A hackney carriage was damaged by the explosion, but the driver escaped unhurt.

The Divisional Commissioner, Mr. J. R. Blair and the District Magistrate, Mr. J. George, visited the locality soon after the incident and the latter told the "Associated Press" representative that it was "some form of explosive device, but did not appear to be serious."—A. P.

CALCUTTA PROTEST

Deputation To Delhi

CALCUTTA, October 31.

At a special meeting held this evening, the Corporation of Calcutta entered its protest against the two Bills recently introduced in the Central Legislative Assembly (the Railways' Local Authorities Taxation Bill and the Professions' Tax Limitation Bill. On the ground that the Bills if passed would have a prejudicial effect on the revenues of the Corporation.

A deputation led either by the Mayor (Mr. P. N. Brahma) or the Deputy Mayor (Mr. M. A. H. Ispahani) will shortly proceed to Delhi to place the Corporation's case before the Central Government, the Select Committee and the Members of the Central Legislature.

The Mayor informed the House that with a view to taking joint action in the matter he had already telegraphed the Mayors of other Corporations and Chairmen of some Municipal Bodies asking them to enter their protests against the measures.—A. P.

FAMINE IN HISSAR

Relief Work By Congress

Dr. Gopichand Bhargava writes: "Some areas in Hissar District are again in grip of severe famine. In some villages this is the ninth year of famine. The condition can be well imagined than described.

"Pandit Neki Ram Sharma President of Congress famine Relief Committee is in Jail.

"I have requested friends of the Relief Committee to have a survey made and collect data. It will be done in about 10 days time. When it is ready, I will go to Hissar and try to visit the areas and then try to do our bit.".

ALIGARH, October 31.

The Subjects Committee and the Working Committee of the U.P. Provincial Muslim League will meet at Aligarh on the morning of November 2. A Ladies' Conference is also being arranged under the presidentship of Miss F. Jinnah.

PAUL MUNI

The Life of Emile ZOLA

in his greatest characterisation

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She'll Allure You with her Love-Lyrics
IN
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SYMPHONY OF LOVE-LIFE

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(HINDI & MARATHI)

Story: V. S. KHANDEKAR. Direction: JUNNARKAR

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Starring:
MEENAXEE, VATSALA KUMTHEKAR, SALVI, DAMUANNA, MALWANKAR, JOG and WINAYAK

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From To-day to Tuesday LAGNA PAHAVE KARUN
From Wed. To Friday LAPANDAV
Daily: 1, 3-30, 6-30 p.m.

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Sant Sakhu

Directed by DAMLE, ATEHKAL & RAJA NENE

CENTRAL

DAILY 3-30, 6-30
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SUN. Morning at 9-30 a.m.

31st WEEK

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'Khazanchi'

THE MERRIEST MUSICAL

KRISHNA

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AT., SUN., MAT. at 12-30.
SUN. MORN. 9-30 a.m.

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Cast:
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Starring:

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AND

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KAMLA TALKIES

SOHANA GEET

ROMILA, TRILOK & NAVIN

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Sunday Morning 10 A.M.

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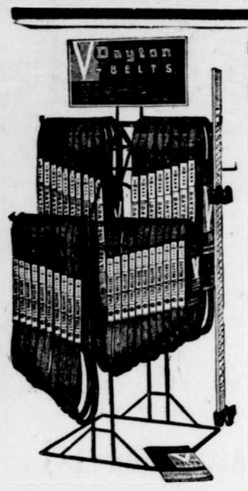

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WEEKLY MARKET REVIEWS

(From Our Special Correspondent.)
BOMBAY, Oct. 31.

MONEY

Conditions in the local short-term money market remained unchanged as compared to previous week and continued to be extremely easy. Call money was quoted at 1/4 per cent. while three to six months' money was available between 3/4 and 1 per cent. The amount tendered for three months' Government of India Treasury Bills remains fairly high and there was a fractional decline from Re 0/10/8 to Re. 0/10/3 per cent in the discount rate. The Government of India have announced the renewal of the sale of intermediates as from 30th October.

An increase of Rs 2,49 crores in the active note circulation is revealed by the Reserve Bank of India statement, made upto 24th October. Corresponding to the fall of Rs. 43,11 lacs in the Rupee Coin held by the Bank, there is a contraction of Rs. 43,08 lacs in the total notes issued. In the Banking Department, Government Deposits have declined by Rs. 13,31 lacs and Bankers' by Rs. 171,58 lacs, whereas the item of 'Other Deposits' has gone up by Rs. 31,06 lacs. Balances held abroad record an increase of Rs. 130,82 lacs, while Government have completely wiped out their borrowing under Ways and Means.

The statement of affairs of the Imperial Bank of India, compiled upto 21st October 1941, registers a rise of Rs. 30,33 lacs in all kinds of Deposits. Investments have gone down by Rs. 12,59 lacs and Advances are up by Rs. 34,52 lacs. The Cash position of the Bank shows an improvement of Rs. 10,55 lacs.

GILT-EDGED

There is nothing fresh to report in the local gilt-edged market where prices showed little or no variation from the previous levels. The turnover was restricted. 3-1/2 per cent. India Sterling Stock in London moved narrowly around £99, closing at £99-1/2, but its counterpart locally was stagnant at Rs. 96 throughout. Among dated bonds, some of the junior ones were inclined to be offered at slightly lower rates; 3 per cent 1946 bonds were quoted at Rs. 101-15, 3-1/2 per cent. 1947-50 loan at Rs. 103-3 and 4 per cent. 1943 bonds at Rs. 103-13, 2-3/4 per cent. 1948-52 loan, on the other hand, was listless at Rs. 97-14 3 per cent. 1951-54 loan at Rs. 99-13 and 3 per cent. 1963-65 loan at Rs. 95. Small business was reported is 4 per cent. 1960-70 loan at Rs. 110-10, but 4-1/2 per cent. 1955-60 loan was neglected at Rs 114-10 and 5 per cent. 1945-55 (tax free) loan at Rs. 111-3.

EXCHANGE

The rupee/sterling exchange was inclined to be steady, there being more sellers than buyers. For inter-bank business, sellers of spot T.T. on London quoted better than 1s. 5-63/64d. with no buyers under 1s 6d Merchant rates fixed by the Exchange Banks' Association were unchanged as under: Sellers of T. T. on London (spot and upto six months) 1s 5-31/32d.

Buyers of T. T on London (spot and upto six months) 1s. 6-1/32d.

In the New York market, the pound sterling was quoted at 403,50 cents at the opening, but after Monday moved up to 403,75 cents. The Shanghai dollar lay stationary at 3-5/32d. all through the week.

GOLD.

After moving narrowly around Rs. 42-1-6, spot gold moved up to Rs. 42-3 on Wednesday as a result of increased demand for sovereigns and ready delivery gold. The rate further improved to Rs. 42-4 the following day, but closed at Rs. 42-3-6. Both November and December settlement gold was quoted at a premium of half an anna over spot at the opening, but stood at level rates at the close. There was a better demand for sovereigns and the price of the coin moved up from Rs. 28-7-3 to Rs. 28-8-9 at the close. Stocks of gold are estimated to be about 1,25,000 tolas; arrivals were smaller at 4,000 tolas a day; while the average daily offtake was better at 6,000 tolas including gold surrendered for sovereigns. The highest and lowest rates touched during the week were: Rs 42-4 and Rs. 42-1-3 for spot and Rs. 42-4 and Rs. 42-1-9 for November and December settlements.

SILVER

In sympathy with an improved tone in cotton and other commodities, the silver section of the local bullion market displayed a steady undertone particularly during mid-week Spot silver rose from Rs. 62-13 to Rs. 63 on Wednesday, but the rise proved short-lived and the rate declined to Rs. 62-14-6 at the close. The discount on November settlement silver widened from 1 to 1-1/2 annas, while silver to be delivered in the December settlement stood 1 to 1-1/2 annas under November. In London, both cash and forward silver lay fixed at 23-1/2d, the Government of India's selling ceiling. Floating stocks in the market are estimated to be about 3,500 bars. The highest and lowest rates touched were: Rs. 63 and Rs. 62-13 for spot, Rs. 62-14-6 and Rs. 62-12 for November settlement and Rs. 62-13-0 and Rs 62-10-6 for December settlement

SHARES.

The week saw a steady rise in prices on the local stock market with steels in the foreground. The market completely disregarded all news from the war front and maintained a cheerful tone under the impetus of encouraging industrial outlook. Towards the close, there was a mild setback due to profit-taking, but this proved only a passing phase, and prices once again showed an upward tendency. Turnover, however, was comparatively small, the majority of transactions being confined to carry-overs.

Tata Iron and Steel Deferreds moved up gradually from Rs. 2118-12 to Rs. 2205 and Ordinaries rose from Rs. 401 to Rs. 412, but closed somewhat lower at Rs. 2185 and Rs 409-8 respectively. Amongst textiles, Bombay Dyeings were marked up from Rs. 1342-8 to Rs 1395, closing lower at Rs. 1835, whilst Centuries improved from Rs. 465 to Rs. 476 and Central Indias from Rs. 406 to Rs. 412. Kohinoors advanced sharply from Rs. 539 to Rs. 564, while New Greats gained slightly from Rs. 344 to Rs. 349. Colabas found buyers at Rs 224 and Gokaks at Rs. 266 as compared with the opening level of Rs. 215 and Rs. 258 respectively. Bank and Hydro-electric shares were relatively less active; Bank of Indias were almost unchanged at Rs. 147-12 and Imperial Bank Fully Paids at Rs. 1610, whilst Centrals showed small variations around Rs. 50-8. Reserve Banks were steady at Rs 109. Among Hydro-electrics, Andhra Valleys remained stationary at Rs. 1765 and Bombay Trams at Rs. 151 throughout the week. Tata Powers declined from Rs 1712-8 to Rs. 1695 for cash in the absence of any business, whilst Tata Hydros were nominally quoted at Rs. 184. In the miscellaneous section, Associated Cements were quite steady at Rs. 163 and Belapurs at Rs. 259. There was restricted trading in Bombay Burmas at around Rs. 530 owing to the uncertain situation in the Far East. Scindia Steams and New Indias were maintained around Rs. 27 and Rs. 54-12 respectively.

CALCUTTA

A quiet tone characterised the jute section of the Calcutta share market throughout the period under review. The turnover during the week was restricted and price variations were confined within a narrow compass.

London Stock Exchange

London, October 30

Stock Exchange was generally firm and more active in later stages. Giltedged securities continued upwards. Indian loans advanced strongly on the possibility of further requisitioning with three per cent outstandingly one and thee-eighths higher at ninety-two and quarter. Industrials generally harder. Shippings also improved especially Cunards and P. and O. while Canadian Eagle prominent among Oils which generally firm. Kaffirs quiet but Diamonds again advanced. Brazil bonds actively firm on anticipated sinking fund operations but Japanese bonds lower.

Wall Street quiet.

Bengal Treasury Bills

Tenders for Rs. 1,25,00,000 of three months' Government of Bengal Treasury Bills were opened on Friday, the 31st October 1941. Total amount offered was Rs. 1,67,25,000.

Tenders at Rs. 99-13-0 and above were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-12-9 allotted approximately 66 per cent. Total amount accepted was Rs. 1,25,00,000, the average rate of accepted tenders being Re. 0-12-5 per cent per annum.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGES

London: October 30.

	£
Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	£69 1/2
Indian Stocks—	
3 per cent 1948	92 1/4
3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	99 1/2
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	82 3/8
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 p.c. 1961	106 1/2
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent	104 15/16
Funding Loan 4 p.c. 1960/90	114 3/16
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	113 1/2
Chartered Bank of I.A. & China	9 3/16
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London register)	73
National Bank of India	36

RAW COTTON SITUATION

Bombay: October 30.

Messrs. P. Chrystal and Co. have issued the following weekly report:—

During most of the week under review the tone of the New York market has not been very bright and prices have declined about two dollars a bale. The crop movement, political uncertainties and labour trouble in the United States have all contributed to the easier feeling but Mr. Roosevelt's speech a couple of days ago, has imparted a better feeling. Meantime heavy consumption of American cotton continues and should the market decline much more under the period of heavy crop movement, the Loan will take care of all cotton which might not be wanted for the time being.

The local market in its usual contrary manner has been advancing in face of the decline in New York. Actually at the present time the Bombay market is extremely narrow and is easily affected by quite meagre orders. There is no export business to be reported, but after quite a long spell of inactivity there has been a slight improvement in the demand from Indian Mills. This, coming before the crop movement has got under way and whilst selection of old crop cotton in Bombay is difficult, has had a steadying influence. Speculators and other interested parties also have been making the most of reports that the recent spell of intense heat in the interior has adversely affected crop prospects. We believe that these reports are not without foundation but the crop is being reduced in those districts which produce cottons which may be unwanted this season, when Far-Eastern demand will be small. Nevertheless it is still believed that there will be more than enough of such cotton to go round and there is as yet little enthusiasm to go long of shorter staple cotton. Actual demand in the spot market is almost entirely confined to staple varieties and small further advances in basis are in evidence. We are of opinion that as the season progresses the basis of all good staple cotton will continue to harden.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

Statement of the affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department as on the 24th October, 1941:—

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government	
(1) Central Govt. of India	10,64,76,000
(2) Government of Burma	2,28,37,000
(3) Other Government Accounts	6,35,39,000
(b) Banks	44,82,99,000
(c) Others	4,74,54,000
Bills Payable	51,90,000
Other Liabilities	1,30,02,000
RUPEES	80,67,97,000

ASSETS	Rs.
Notes:—	
(a) Legal Tender in India	10,01,37,000
(b) Legal Tender in Burma only	23,80,000
Rupee Coin	11,23,000
Subsidiary Coin	3,80,000
Bills Purchased and Discounted:—	
(a) Internal	.....
(b) External	.....
(c) Government Treasury Bills	23,73,000
Balances held abroad*	60,54,14,000
Loans and Advances to Governments	.....
Other Loans and Advances	.....
Investments	8,38,97,000
Other Assets	1,10,93,000
RUPEES	80,67,97,000

*Includes Cash and Short term Securities.

An account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 for the week ended the 24th day of October 1941:—

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Dept.		10,25,17,000
Notes in circulation:—		
(a) Legal Tender in India	277,01,20,000	
(b) Legal Tender in Burma only	19,18,67,000	
Total Notes issued		306,45,04,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES		306,45,04,000

ASSETS	Rs.	Rs.
A. Gold Coin and Bullion:—		
(a) Held in India	44,41,45,000	
(b) Held outside India	.....	
Sterling Securities	155,67,34,000	
Total of A.		200,08,77,000
B. Rupee Coin		
Govt. of India Rupee securities		68,46,50,000
Internal Bills of Exchange and other commercial paper		.....
TOTAL ASSETS		306,45,04,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 65.292 per cent.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

Statement of the affairs of the Imperial Bank of India on the 24th October 1941.

LIABILITIES	Rs.	Rs.
CAPITAL:—		
Authorised—2,25,000 shares of Rs. 500 each	11,25,00,000	
Issued and subscribed—2,25,000 shares of Rs. 500 each	11,25,00,000	
Called up—75,000 shares of Rs. 500 each, fully paid	3,75,00,000	
1,50,000 shares of Rs. 500 each, Rs. 125 paid	1,87,50,000	5,62,50,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders—Rs. 375 per share on 1,50,000 shares	5,62,50,000	
Reserve Fund		5,62,50,000
Fixed Deposit, Savings Bank, Current and other Accounts		106,57,35,000
Loans against Securities per contra		.....
Acceptances for Constituents		.....
Sundries		84,52,000
	Rupees	118,66,87,000

ASSETS	Rs.	Rs.
INVESTMENTS:—		
Government Securities	58,17,44,000	
Other Authorised Investments	1,23,80,000	59,41,24,000
ADVANCES:—		
Loans	6,50,10,000	
Cash Credits and Overdrafts	18,49,56,000	
Bills Discounted and Purchased	4,27,18,000	29,26,84,000
Liability of Constituents for Acceptances per contra		.....
Dead Stock		1,79,85,000
Sundries		72,26,000
Bullion		.....
CASH:—		
In hand and with the Reserve Bank of India	23,22,03,000	
Balances with other Banks	4,24,65,000	27,46,68,000
	Rupees	118,66,87,000

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

CALCUTTA, October 30

Statement of the affairs of the Imperial Bank of India on the 24th October 1941:—

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Capital	5,62,50,000
Reserve Fund	5,62,50,000
Fixed Deposit, Savings Bank Current and other Accounts	106,57,35,000
Sundries	24,52,000
Total	118,66,87,000

ASSETS	Rs.
INVESTMENTS—	
Government Securities	58,17,44,000
Other Authorised Investments	1,23,80,000
ADVANCES—	
Loans	6,50,10,000
Cash, Credits and Overdrafts	18,49,56,000
Bills discounted and purchased	4,27,18,000
Liability of constituents for acceptances per contra	.....
Dead Stock	1,79,85,000
Sundries	72,26,000
Cash in hand and with the Reserve Bank of India	23,22,03,000
Balances with other banks	4,24,65,000
Total	118,66,87,000

MILLION SANDBAGS ORDER

The Government of India have, it is learnt placed an order with the Indian Jute Mills Association for one hundred million sandbags. The order is to be delivered between January and October 1942.

Bombay Local Head Office

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

Authorised Capital	-	-	Rs. 11,25,00,000
Paid-up Capital	-	-	„ 5,62,50,000
Reserve Fund	-	-	„ 5,62,50,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	-		„ 5,62,50,000

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Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Saturday, November 1, 1941

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

Surajmal for Diamonds

359, Kalbadevi, BOMBAY.

Punjab Hindus & Sikhs Urged To Consolidate Forces

Munshi Quotes Bengal Minister To Prove That Proposed State Would Be Based On Religion

LAHORE, October 30.

The struggle for Pakistan, if it ever entered upon a stage other than that of resolutions and speeches would mean a struggle for the Punjab, declared Mr. K. M. Munshi addressing a public meeting this evening. Raja Narendra Nath, President of the Punjab Hindu Sabha, presided.

Mr. Munshi said that in any geographical distribution under the scheme the Punjab would form part of the homeland which was sought to be created for the Muslims.

Analysing the scheme Mr. Munshi referred to the remark by Mr. Suhrawardy, Minister of Bengal, that "the world will be fashioned according to the tenets of Islam" and asserted that it would certainly not be fashioned by the joint efforts of Hindus, Sikhs and Muslims, nor would each community be permitted to fashion its own world according to the tenets of its religion.

Mr. Munshi pointed out that the State under the Pakistan scheme would not be a civil Government responsible to a composite legislature consisting of all communities, but a religious State pledged to rule according to the touch of that religion, thus by implication excluding all others not following that religion from a share in the Government.

One crore and 13 lakhs of Hindus and Sikhs would constitute a minority under the protection of the religious state of the Muslims. These Hindus and Sikhs would be on sufferance in the Punjab and would be foreigners in Hindustan.

Proceeding Mr. Munshi said the Punjabis to whom the whole of India looked for protection would be converted into foreign soldiers looked upon with distrust and hostility, while the Punjab, which had been receiving the largest slice from the military budget of the whole country would have to rest content with whatever its own government could provide.

Moreover, India to which the Punjab at present looked for its markets would be a foreign land whose tariff barriers would stifle their economic development.

Furthermore, Mr. Munshi pointed out the cultural centres which had been built up for all India purposes would become second rate foreign centres, living on sufferance.

The life and culture of the people would lose its homogeniety with other parts of the country and would have to drift away. That, he emphasised, would be the plight of the Punjab if India did not adjust itself to the times.

He, therefore, uttered a stern warning to the Hindus and Sikhs of the Punjab to consolidate their forces, give up party and election squabbles and see the wisdom of acting in concert on this issue.

Raja Narendra Nath in his presidential remarks dwelt on what he described the absurdity of the Pakistan scheme and was confident that it could never become a reality.—A. P.

A pension of Rs. 15 a month has been sanctioned by the Bombay Government to Jagdish, son of the late Jainarayan Biharilal, an excise constable.

Stalin's Hatred For Hitler Has No Parallel

Harry Hopkins Describes How Red Dictator Swears At Nazi Fuehrer

NEW YORK Oct. 30.

"The battle line will remain west of Moscow," M. Stalin told Mr. Harry Hopkins who describes the meeting with M. Stalin in an American magazine.

"We, Russians, shall win the war," said M. Stalin. "We shall not fail. Russia is big, Russia is memorable. Russia is fighting for Russia. She will not again be enslaved. Once we trusted this man Hitler."

Mr. Hopkins comments, "I hope I shall never be hated as M. Stalin hates Hitler."

Mr. Hopkins writes, "For Hitler M. Stalin had more than anger he would necessarily have for a man who doublecrossed him.

It was personal hatred that I have seldom heard expressed by any one in authority. I don't want to over-dramatise the scene—I am not sure I can.

But the cold implacable hatred he has for the German Fuehrer was clearly evident in M. Stalin's huge hands half clenched.

I think M. Stalin would have liked nothing better at that moment than to have had Hitler sitting where I sat. Germany would have needed a new chancellor."

Mr. Hopkins talked with M. Stalin for four hours. "He talked as he knew his troops were shooting straight and hard." M. Stalin asked for tanks, big guns, anti-aircraft guns, anti-tank guns, ammunition American high octane gasolene and 'huge quantities' of barbed wire.—Reuter

FRANCO-GERMAN RELATIONS COOLING OFF

French Hostages' Execution Echo

BERNE, Oct 31.

Cooling off in Franco-German relations has been noted by Berlin political observers following the executions of 100 hostages at Nantes and Bordeaux, and it is possible that the arrival of the newly appointed German Consul General Krug von Nidda at Vichy on Saturday will be postponed, writes the Berlin correspondent of the newspaper "Basler Nachrichten".

The announcement of the establishment of a German consulate general in Vichy was announced in Berlin about a fortnight ago. The consulate would be regarded as a branch of the German embassy in Paris and in principle a French consul was to be appointed in Berlin.—Reuter

Complete faith in Gandhiji's leadership and support to the constructive programme were emphasised by leading Congressmen of Madras at the annual Chingleput District Political Conference, held at Tinnaur. Our photo shows Messrs. T. Prakasam, ex-Minister, T. S. Chockkalingam, M.L.A., Sri. Rukmani Lakshmipathi, M.L.A., M. Venkataswami Naidu, Muthuranga Mudaliar, and others who participated in the Conference.

VON PAPEN WATCHES 'EM MARCHING PAST

Thousands Of Turkish Soldiers Parade With British Helmets

ANKARA, Oct 30.

For an hour to-day from his seat in the diplomatic box, the Nazi Ambassador to Turkey von Papen watched thousands of soldiers each wearing a British steel helmet, march past in a great parade held on the race course in honour of the 18th anniversary of the foundation of the Turkish republic.

The parade included aircraft display, mass parachute descent, flamethrowers, smoke ejectors, mountain artillery, cavalry horse artillery, mechanised units drawing American Howitzers, British anti-aircraft guns and British anti-tank guns.

But von Papen did not see all the articles delivered to Turkey by the democracies—such as American Tomahawk and British Hurricane planes. Before the parade started President Ineunu addressed the huge crowd of spectators.—Reuter

SIR JOHN ANDERSON MARRIED

LONDON, Oct. 31.

Sir John Anderson Lord President of the Council was married quietly on Thursday to Mrs. Ralph Wigram in the Chapel Royal of St. James' Palace

The wedding took place less than half an hour after a Cabinet meeting which Sir John had attended.

Mr. Churchill was his only colleague to know the secret.

Mrs Wigram's first husband who was the head of the Central European Department of the Foreign Office died in 1937 and she has a son by that marriage.—Reuter.

"Patwari" Kidnapped

PESHAWAR, Oct. 30.

A "Patwari" and two "Girdwars" were kidnapped from Gorahauzal, Kullachi area (Dera Ismail Khan) yesterday by twelve trans-border raiders. On reaching the tribal territory the "Girdwars" were let off but the "Patwari" was taken to the interior.—A. P.

Army To Take Over New Jersey Plane Factory

Roosevelt Resorts To Drastic Step In View Of National Danger

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.

President Roosevelt has ordered the United States army to take over the Bendix (New Jersey) factory of Air Associates Incorporated which has been harassed by labour disputes since the strike of the Congress of Industrial Organisations and Automobile Workers Union started on September 30.

President Roosevelt accompanied this statement with the announcement "our country is in danger". This is the third time the President has resorted to such drastic action in dealing with labour disputes affecting defence industries.—Reuter.

Britain's Shipping

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.

Britain now has 25 million tons shipping which is four million more than when war was declared, said Senator Taft during the debate on the revision of the Neutrality Act.

Senator opposed the operation of American ships in combat zones.—Reuter.

Japanese Liner Repatriates Americans In Orient And Japanese In U. S.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 31.

The Japanese liner, "Tatua Maru" which was requisitioned by the Japanese Government to repatriate American citizens in the Orient and 1,000 Japanese citizens in the United States, arrived here from Yokohama on Thursday.

Fifteen Americans and Britons and 332 American-born Japanese were on board. The liner carried no cargo.—Reuter.

It is reported in London that 47 German planes were brought down over the approaches to Moscow yesterday.—Reuter.

WHOLESALE GERMANISING OF CROATIA

BERLIN, Oct. 30.

An act giving German nationals far-reaching rights and privileges in the puppet state of Croatia has been signed by the Croat "Chief of State" it is announced in a dispatch.

The act, which supplements one on German education in Croatia, already promulgated, gives German nationals a group leader having the right to issue decrees.

Official announcements and place and street names are to be in two languages.

Wherever there are more than ten per cent Germans they are to have the right to use the German language in Government offices.

All Germans are to use the German language freely, to hoist the German flag and sing German national songs.

German symbols are legally protected.

Districts with a German majority shall have a German Mayor.—Reuter.

POWER RATIONING IN 7 AMERICAN STATES

Plan To Guarantee Full And Uninterrupted Defence Production

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.

Emergency power rationing in seven south-eastern states has been decreed as part of the programme designed to guarantee full and uninterrupted defence plant production in the American south-east

This order which is effective from November 10 includes immediate discontinuance of power for such purposes as sign and show window lighting, floodlighting of athletic fields and of theatre marquees in those states.—Reuter.

A Baghdad message dated October 30, states that Emir Abdullah and the Regent of Iraq were the guests that night of Air Vice-Marshal D'Albiac at Habbaniya. The Emir, who holds the rank of Air Commodore in the R.A.F. particularly desired a visit to the R.A.F. Headquarters in Iraq.—Reuter.

"Jinnah's Complaint Not Justified By Facts"

Desire To Share Power At Centre And Provinces Is Flat Contradiction Of Vivisection Plan, Says British Journal

LONDON, Oct. 30.

The 'Glasgow Herald" in an editorial entitled, "Mr. Jinnah's Gesture" writes, "Mr. Jinnah and the Moslem League followers are not likely to strengthen their position by their gesture yesterday when they walked out of the Legislative Assembly as a first step towards deliberate abstention from the rest of the session.

Mr. Jinnah's ostensible complaint that the Moslem League are being denied a real and genuine share of authority of Government both at the centre and in the provinces can hardly be justified by facts.

In some of the provinces Moslems have on the basis of population very little claim to possess authority.

It seems indeed as though Mr. Jinnah's gesture is little more than political manoeuvring in the hope of establishing a stronger position in the unending dispute with the Congress Party.

There is, however, one possible reason for hope. If Mr. Jinnah is claiming, as seems to be his intention, a share for the Moslem League in the Government of all or most parts of India, that seems to be a flat contradiction of the policy he has been advocating so strongly during recent months.

His Pakistan proposals envisaged the partition of India into Moslem and non-Moslem areas and although these proposals shewed no regard for political and geographical facts, Mr. Jinnah professed to believe that they provided the only solution to India's constitutional difficulties that would be acceptable to the Moslem League.

Now it would seem that he has implicitly withdrawn from this position which may or may not be an admission that it was untenable."

Hindus Want Change In Gandhiji's Attitude

The "Yorkshire Post" prints a despatch of its Calcutta correspondent on the subject of India's attitude to British war effort in which the correspondent says, "Complex and difficult as the Indian political situation remains, there are unmistakable signs that as aggression moves nearer the majority of the Hindus are looking for a change in Mr Gandhi's attitude."

In an editorial the "Yorkshire Post" observes that this despatch "suggests a further movement of Congress opinion towards co-operation in the defence of India against the threat of Axis ambitions."

The editorial continues, "As the war spreads and the danger to India herself grows more acute the Hindus are showing that they appreciate how closely their hopes for the future dignity and progress of their country are bound with the prospects of an allied victory.

This is true also of the Moslems, despite the spectacular gesture which Mr. Jinnah, the President of the Moslem League, has made this week in boycotting the present session of the Central Legislature.

League Ready To Co-operate

Mr. Jinnah has his own quarrel with the Government of India. He is dissatisfied with the methods used in setting up the Viceroy's Executive Council and he has compelled members of the League to resign the seats they had accepted on this body and on the National Defence Council.

But it will be noted that in making his protest before the Central Legislature Mr. Jinnah was careful to point out that the League was always ready and willing to give all possible help in the prosecution of the war 'without prejudice to the adjustment of larger issues later.'

There can be no doubt that the Moslems are eager to see that the help is given in India's own essential interest and that they must view with disquiet the situation brought about by Mr. Jinnah's attitude.

It is to be hoped that ways will quickly be found to end this situation and restore to the Moslem community their share in the direction of India's defence.

It is time that widespread desire among Indians of all classes and creeds to make their country strong against attack ceased to be frustrated by dissensions of political leaders who fail to put first things first.—Reuter.

TRANS-PACIFIC PAN-AMERICAN CLIPPER SERVICE

Opening Up Of Negotiations For Extension To Australia

CANBERRA, Oct. 30.

The opening of negotiations between the Commonwealth, New Zealand and United States Governments for an extension of the Trans-Pacific Pan-American Clipper service from New Zealand to Australia is indicated in the official statement which says that following the talks between the New Zealand Finance Minister Mr. Nash and the Commonwealth Air Minister Mr. Drakeford, agreement has been reached between the Commonwealth and New Zealand on the basis for the negotiations. Decision on the actual route depends on the completion of arrangements with the United States' authorities and it will probably be some months before any alteration is made to the existing service.

Mr. Nash and Mr. Drakeford have been conferring on the question whether the present Trans-Tasman Air Service will adequately cope with the extended Pan-American service now being developed under which the number of passengers will be increased.—Reuter.

Page Attends British War Cabinet Meeting

LONDON, Oct. 30.

Sir Earle Page attended a meeting of the British War Cabinet this morning, according to an announcement from Ten Downing Street which states: "At the invitation of the Prime Minister, Sir Earle Page who has been asked by the Australian Government to come to this country to discuss questions of common concern, this morning attended a meeting of the War Cabinet.

During his visit, he will attend further meetings at which matters of interest to Australian Government are under consideration."—Reuter.

Khaliq-uz-Zaman Sees Viceroy

NEW DELHI, Oct. 30.

It is learned that the Bengal Premier, Moulvi Fazlul Haq is now leaving for Calcutta to-morrow morning instead of this afternoon. Chawdhry Khaliq-uz-Zaman, leader of the Muslim League in the United Provinces, had an interview with the Viceroy yesterday.—A. P.

H. E. the Viceroy has been pleased to appoint the Hon. Malik Sir Firoz Khan Noon. to be a member of the Indian Soldiers' Board in succession to the Hon. Sir Muhammad Zafrulla Khan, K. C. S. I.

Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE AND THE FLYING SQUAD

I HAVE ONLY TO LIGHT THE FUSE THAT WINDS ABOUT YOUR BODIES, OVER THE ROPE... AND SOON--THE DYNAMITE EXPLODES!
6-13
IT WOULD BE MUCH WISER TO TALK, MR. HOTCHKISS... BETTER TO BE A LIVE TRAITOR THAN A DEAD MARTYR..
GO AHEAD AND KILL ME, BUT THESE OTHER TWO SHOULD NOT SUFFER!
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DON'T BEG HIM, HOTCHKISS... WE'RE ALL IN THIS!
YES, GENTLEMEN. ALL THE WAY!

Printed and published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by KESARINATH RAMKRISHNA GANDRE, at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.